

STA-301 Quiz OnlineTest

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Sigma notation is represent by	A. M B. N C. $\sum$ D. Σ
2	$y=1/(1-x)$ dy/dx if then	A. 1 B. -1 C. $1/(1-x)^2$
3	$h(x)=1/(x-2)(x-4)$ domain of the function is	A. $(-\infty, 2) \cup (2, 4) \cup (4, \infty)$ B. $(-\infty, 2) \cup (2, 4) \cup (4, \infty)$ C. All are incorrect
4	set $\{-4, -3, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4\}$ is known as the set of	A. natural number B. Integer C. whole number
5	$\log_b 1/c = ______?$	A. $\log_b c$ B. $1 - \log_b c$ C. $-\log_b c$ D. $1 + \log_b c$
6	$\log_b ac = ______?$	A. $\log_b a + \log_b c$ B. $\log_b a + \log_b b$ C. None of these
7	Let $y=(x^3+2x)^{37}$ which of the following is correct?	A. $dy/dx=37(x^3+2x)^{36}$ B. $dy/dx=111x^2(x^3+2x)^{36}$ C. $dy/dx=(111x^2+74)(x^3+2x)^{36}$
8	if $x^2+y^2=9$ then $dy/dx=?$	A. x/y B. $-x/y$ C. $-y/x$
9	if $xy=4$ then $dy/dx=?$	A. 0 B. $-1/x^2$ C. $-4/x^2$
10	If $y=1/(1-x)$ the $dy/dx=?$	A. -1 B. 1 C. $1/(1-x)^2$
11	According to Power -Rule of differentiation ,if $f(x)=x^n$ where n is a real number, then $d/dx[x^n]$	A. x^{n-1} B. nx^{n-1} C. $(n-1)x^{n-1}$
12	no of x and y are intercept for the equation $y=1/x$	A. Two x intercepts B. Two y intercepts C. No x and y intercept correct D. None of these
13	Function f is differentiable function if it is differentiable on the interval	A. $(-\infty, \infty)$ B. (a, ∞)

size: 16px;">∞) where a is any negative integer
C. (0, ∞)
D. None of these

14	graph $x = y^2$ is symmetric about	A. x axis B. y axis C. origin
15	Center and radius of the circle is $(x+5)^2 + (y-3)^2 = 16$ is	A. (-5,3),4 B. (5,-3),16 C. (5,-3),4 D. None of these
16	Consider two function $f(x) = x^3$ and $g(x) = (x+9)$ then $f \circ g(x) =$	A. $(x+9)^3$ B. $x+3$ C. $x+9$
17	Average velocity of a body is V_{ave}	A. $\frac{d(t_1) - d(t_0)}{t_1 - t_0}$ B. $\frac{t_1 - t_0}{d(t_1) - d(t_0)}$ C. $\frac{d(t_1) - d(t_0)}{t_1 - t_0}$ D. None of these
18	$\log_b a^r =$ ____?	A. $a \log_b r$ B. $r \log_b a$ C. $\log_b b / \log_b a$
19	Let x_0 be the critical point of the function f, those critical point for which $f'(x_0) = 0$ are called _____ of	A. Local points B. End points C. Stationary points
20	What is the base of natural logarithm ?	A. 2.71 B. 10 C. 5