

## PHY-101 Quiz OnlineTest

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	A kind of expression where the operator is present between two operands calledexpressions .	A. Postfix B. Infix C. Prefix D. None of the above
2	"+" is aoperator.	A. Unary B. Binary C. Ternary D. None of the above
3	it will be efficient to place stack elements at the start of the list because insertion and removal taketime.	A. Variable B. Constant C. Inconsistent D. None of the above E. <pre></pre>
4	A binary tree with 24 internal node has external node.	A. 22 B. 23 C. 48 D. 25
5	Suppose A is an array containing numbers in increasing order, but some numbers occur more than once when using a binary search for a value, the binary search always finds	A. the first occurrence of a value.     B. the second occurrence of a value     C. may find first or second occurrence of a value.     D. None of the given options
6	Which of the given option is NOT a factor in Union by Size:	A. Maintain sizes (number of nodes) of all trees, and during union.  B. Make smaller tree, the subtree of the larger one C. Make the larger tree, the subtree of the smaller one. D. Implementation: for each root node i, instead of setting parent[i] to -1, set it to -k if tree rooted at i has k nodes
7	A complete binary tree of height has nodes between 16-31.	A. 2 B. 3 C. 4 D. 5
8	The maximum number of external nodes for a binary tree of height H is	A. 2 <sup>h</sup> B. 2 <sup>h</sup> +1 C. 2 <sup>h</sup> +2 D. 2 <sup>h</sup> +3
9	is a data structure that can grow easily dynamically at run time without having to copy existing elements.	A. Array () B. List C. Both of these D. None of these
10	Consider a min heap, represented by the following array: 11,22,33,44,55 After inserting a node with value 66. Which of the following is the updated min heap?	A. 11,22,33,44,55,66 B. 11,22,33,44,66,55 C. 11,22,33,66,44,55 D. 11,22,66,33,44,55
11	Suppose that a selection sort of 100 items has completed 42 iterations of the main loop. How many items are now guaranteed to be in their final spot (never to be moved again)?	A. 21 B. 41 C. 42 D. 53
12	Consider a min heap, represented by the following array: 10,30,20,70,40,50,80,60 After inserting a node with value 31. Which of the following is the updated min heap?	A. 10,30,20,31,40,50,80,60,70 B. 10,30,20,70,40,50,80,60,31 C. 10,31,20,30,40,50,80,60,31 D. 31,10,30,20,70,40,50,80,60
13	Which of the following statement is true about dummy node of threaded binary tree	A. The left pointer of dummy node points to the itself while the right pointer points to the root of tree.  B. The left pointer of dummy node points to the root node of the tree while the right pointer points itself i.e. to dummy node  C. The left pointer of dummy node

		<ul> <li>The right pointer of dummy node points to the itself while the left pointer is always NULL</li> </ul>
14	Huffman encoding uses tree to develop codes of varying lengths for the letters used in the original message	A. Linked List B. Stack C. Queue D. Binary tree
15	Merge sort and quicksort both fail into the same category of sorting algorithms, What is this category?	<ul><li>A. O(nlogn) sorts</li><li>B. Interchange sort</li><li>C. Average time is quadratic</li><li>D. None of the given options.</li></ul>
16	A simple sorting algorithm like selection sort or bubble sort have a wrostcase of	A. O(1) time because all lists take the same amount of time to sort B. O(n) time because it has to perform n swaps to order the list. C. O(n <sup>2</sup> ) time because sorting 1 element takes O(n) time - After 1 pass through the list, either of these algorithms can guarantee that 1 element is sorted. D. O(n <sup>3</sup> ) time, because the worst case has really random input which takes longer to sort.
17	Binary Search is an algorithm of searching ,used with the data .	A. Sorted B. Unsorted C. Heterogeneous D. Heterogeneous
18	Union is a time operation	A. Constant B. Polynomial C. Exponential D. None of the above
19	Which of the following is not an example of equivalence relation:	A. Electrical Connectivity B. Set of people C. &It= relation D. Set of pixels
20	The definition of Transitivity property is	A. For all element x member of S, x R x B. For all elements x and y, x R y if and only if y R x C. For all elements x, y and z, if x R y and y R z then x R z D. For all elements w, x, y and z, if x R y and w R z then x R z

points to the root node of the tree while the right pointer is always NULL