

## Principles of Economics Icom Part 1 English Medium Online Test

C.	Questions	Answers Choice
Sr	Questions	
1	Shape of market supply curve is	A. Horizontal or parallel to ox curve     B. Vertical or parallel to oy curve     C. Positively sloping     D. Negatively sloping
2	Supply of perishable goods e.g. groceries, fruit, meat etc is	A. Less elastic     B. More elastic     C. Perfectly inelastic     D. Perfectly elastic
3	If supply goes on increasing due to a slight increase in price, then elasticity of supply is called	A. Zero B. Infinite C. Equal to unity D. More than unity
4	If supply does not change despite a change in price, then elasticity of supply is called	A. Equal to unity B. Less than unity C. More than unity D. Zero
5	If the percentage change in supply is more than the percentage change in price, then elasticity of supply is called	A. Equal to unity B. Less than unity C. More than unity D. Infinite
6	If percentage change in supply is less than the percentage change in price, then elasticity of supply is called	A. Equal to unity B. Less than unity C. More than unity D. Zero
7	Unity method to measure elasticity of supply is presented by	A. Adam Smith B. Robbins C. Marshall D. Faruson
8	Elasticity of supply is the name of	A. Change in price B. Change in income C. Feature of change in supply D. Change in price and income
9	When supply changes due to other factors besides price, it is called	A. Rise of supply B. Fall of supply C. Rise and fall of supply D. Extension and contraction of supply
10	If price of a commodity constant but its supply increases or price decreases but supply remains constant, it is called	A. Rise of supply B. Fall of supply C. Extension of supply D. Contraction of supply
11	If price of a commodity remains constant but its supply decreases or price increases but supply remains constant, it is called	A. Rise of supply B. Extension of supply C. Fall of supply D. Contraction of supply
12	When supply increases due to other factors besides price, it is called	A. Extension of supply B. Contraction of supply C. Rise of supply D. Fall of supply
13	If supply decreases due to decrease in price, it is called	A. Extension of supply B. Contraction of supply C. Rise of supply D. Fall of supply
14	If supply increase due to increase in price, it is called	A. Extension of supply B. Contraction of supply C. Rise of supply D. Fall of supply
15	Due to fall in demand, curve shifts to	A. Right B. Left C. Both sides