

## 1st Year Fsc Physics Online Test

| Sr | Questions   | Answers Choice  |
|----|---|---|
| 1  | The dimensions of work are  | A. $MLT^{-1}$<br>B. $MLT^{-2}$<br>C. $ML^2T^{-2}$<br>D. $ML^{-1}T^{-1}$                               |
| 2  | The SI unit of work is  | A. Newton<br>B. Joule<br>C. Mol<br>D. Calorie   |
| 3  | When distance is plotted against the force, it is taken along       | A. x-axis<br>B. y-axis<br>C. z-axis<br>D. None of these   |
| 4  | Work is a   | A. Scalar quantity<br>B. Vector quantity<br>C. Basic quantity<br>D. None of these                     |
| 5  | Two quantities involved in work are                                 | A. Force and speed<br>B. Force and velocity<br>C. Force and displacement<br>D. Force and acceleration |
| 6  | A collision in which K.E. of the system is not conserved is         | A. Elastic collision<br>B. Inelastic collision<br>C. 3rd law of motion<br>D. None of these            |
| 7  | Total change in momentum of an isolated system is                   | A. Always (+) ve<br>B. Always (-) ve<br>C. Has maximum value<br>D. Zero                               |
| 8  | The time rate of change of momentum equals                          | A. Weight<br>B. Applied force<br>C. Impulse<br>D. Mass  |
| 9  | The action and reaction never act on                                | A. Same body<br>B. Two bodies<br>C. many bodies<br>D. All of these                                    |
| 10 | A force applied on a body produces acceleration in                  | A. Opposite direction<br>B. perpendicular direction<br>C. Its own direction<br>D. In any direction    |
| 11 | A frame of reference stationed at the earth is an                   | A. Inertial frame<br>B. Non inertial frame<br>C. Accelerated frame<br>D. Laboratory frame             |
| 12 | The mass of a body is quantitative measure of its                   | A. Motion<br>B. Inertia<br>C. Weight<br>D. All of these   |
| 13 | Newton's laws of motion were published in                           | A. 1587<br>B. 1687<br>C. 1787<br>D. 1887  |
| 14 | In the absence of air resistance the acceleration of a body will be | A. Uniform<br>B. Variable<br>C. Instantaneous<br>D. None of these                                     |
| 15 | The equations of motion hold good for                               | A. Variable acceleration<br>B. Uniform acceleration<br>C. Centripetal acceleration<br>D. All of these |

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| 16 | When the car moves with an increasing acceleration then its velocity time graph is always | A. Constant<br>B. Variable<br>C. A straight line<br>D. A curve                                |
| 17 | Average acceleration is a   | A. Scalar quantity<br>B. Vector quantity<br>C. <div>(-) ve quantity</div><br>D. None of these |