

NAT I Medical Physics

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	The sum of the magnitude of two forces acting at a point is 18 and the magnitude of their resultant is 12. If the resultant is at 90° with the force of the smaller magnitude then their magnitude are:	A. 3, 15 B. 4, 14 C. 5, 13 D. 6, 12
2	A motorist travels A to B at a speed at 40 km/h and returns at speed of 60 km/h. His average speed will be:	A. 40 km/h B. 48 km/h C. 50 km/h D. 60 km/h
3	The velocity of a particle at an instant is 10 m/s and after 5 s the velocity of the particle is 20 m/s. The velocity 3s before in m/s is:	A. 8 B. 4 C. 6 D. 7
4	To get a resultant displacement of 10 m, two displacement vectors of magnitude 6 m and 8 m should be combined	A. Parallel B. Antiparallel C. At angle 60° D. Perpendicular to each other
5	The dot product of two vectors is negative when	A. They are parallel vectors B. They are anti-parallel vectors C. They are perpendicular vectors D. None of the above is correct
6	If two non-zero vector \vec{A} and \vec{B} are parallel to each other, then $\vec{A} \cdot \vec{B}$ is equal to	A. Zero B. AB C. $A + B$ D. $A - B$
7	If the dot product of two non-zero vectors vanishes the vectors will be	A. In the same direction B. Opposite to each other C. Perpendicular to each other D. Zero
8	Two forces of 10N and 15N are acting simultaneously on an object in the same direction. Their resultant is	A. Zero B. 5N C. 25N D. 150N