

## NAT I Engineering Chemistry

| Sr | Questions                                                                    | Answers Choice                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|----|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1  | Salol is prepared from                                                       | A. Salicylic acid and phenol<br>B. Salicylic acid and methyl alcohol<br>C. Both<br>D. None                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| 2  | Maximum number of active hydrogens are present in                            | A. Acetic-acid<br>B. Glycerol<br>C. Methane<br>D. Methanol                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| 3  | Dehydration of glycerol give                                                 | A. Propane<br>B. Propene<br>C. Acrolein<br>D. Benzene                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| 4  | Which of the following cannot be produced by acidic dehydration of alcohols? | A. Ethers<br>B. Aldehyde<br>C. Alkyl Hydrogen sulphate<br>D. Alkene                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| 5  | Which one is primary alcohol?                                                | A. <span style="font-size: 14.44444465637207px;">Buten-2-ol</span><br>B. <span style="font-size: 14.44444465637207px;">Propan-2-ol</span><br>C. <span style="font-size: 14.44444465637207px;">Butane-1-ol</span><br>D. <span style="font-size: 14.44444465637207px;">2,3-Dimethylhexane-4-ol</span> |
| 6  | For the carbylamine reaction we need hot alc.KOH and                         | A. Any amin and chloroform<br>B. Chloroform and Ag powder<br>C. A primary amine and chloroform<br>D. A mono alkyl amine and trichloromethane                                                                                                                                                        |
| 7  | The most reactive compound for electrophilic nitration will be               | A. Benzyl chloride<br>B. Benzoic acid<br>C. Nitrobenzene<br>D. Chlorobenzene                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| 8  | Reaction of ethylamine with chloroform in alcoholic KOH producers            | A. $\text{CH}_3\text{OH}$<br>B. $\text{CH}_3\text{NC}$<br>C. $\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{NC}$<br>D. $\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{CN}$                                                                                                                                                                  |
| 9  | Ethyl chloride on treatment with aqueous alkali gives                        | A. Ethane<br>B. Ethene<br>C. Ethanal<br>D. Ethanol                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| 10 | Which of the following with aqueous KOH will give acetaldehyde?              | A. 1,2-Dichloroethane<br>B. 1, 1-Dichloroethane<br>C. Chloroacetic acid<br>D. Ethyl chloride                                                                                                                                                                                                        |