

NAT I Computer Science Computer

| Sr | Questions | Answers Choice |
|----|---|---|
| 1 | The topology in which all nodes are connected to a central wire is called | A. Bus topology B. Ring topology C. Star topology D. Mesh topology |
| 2 | There are types of network topologies | A. 2 B. 3 C. 4 D. 5 |
| 3 | The computer network in which all computers are equal and no one computer is in control is called | A. Client/server network B. Dedicated server network C. Peer-to-peer network D. None |
| 4 | Cellular (mobile) phones systems are often | A. LANs B. MANs C. WANs D. None of the above |
| 5 | TCP/IP was developed for use in ARPANET in | A. 1970 B. 1973 C. 1983 D. 1993 |
| 6 | With shielded twisted pair cables a token ring network can operate up to a speed of | A. 4 Mbps B. 8 Mbps C. 12 Mbps D. 16 Mbps |
| 7 | The US Department of Defense started the----- in 1969 | A. LAN B. WAN C. DARPA D. Internet |
| 8 | A LAN can transmit | A. Computer data B. Sounds C. Pictures & videos D. All of the above |
| 9 | Which of the following can be used to join similar types of networks? | A. Bridges and repeater B. Bridges and routers C. Repeaters and gateways |
| 10 | The protocol developed by IBM for its mainframe computers is named | A. De facto B. SNA C. X.25 D. De hure |