

Physics ICS Part 2 Chapter 21 Online MCQ's Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	The half life of radioactive elements depends upon	A. Temperature B. Nature of element C. Amount of the radioactive substance D. Pressure
2	Half life of Uranium -239 is	A. 26.5 minutes B. 24.5 minutes C. 25.5 minutes D. 23.5 minutes
3	Materials can be identified by measuring their	A. Mass B. Half life C. Both a and b D. None of a,b,c
4	Half life of radon gas is	A. 3.8 minutes B. 3.8 days C. 3.8 months D. 3.8 years
5	The force which is responsible for the breaking up of the radioactive element is.	A. Weak nuclear force B. Strong nuclear force C. Electromagnetic force D. Gravitational force
6	X -rays are similar in nature to.	A. Gama rays B. Beta rays C. Alpha rays D. Cathode rays
7	Marie Curie and Pierre Curie discovered.	A. Uranium B. Uranium and Radium C. Polonium and radium D. Radium
8	When gama rays are emitted, the nuclear mass.	A. Decreases by 4 units B. Does not change C. Increases by 2 units D. Increase by 1 unit
9	The activity of radioactive sample	A. Is constant B. Increases with time C. Decreases linearly with time D. Decreases exponentially with time
10	There is no charge in A and Z of any radioactive element by the emission of.	A. Alpha particle B. Beta particle C. Gama particle D. X- rays
11	Which one of the following is not affected by electric or magnetic field.	A. Beta rays B. Gama ryas C. Alpha rays D. Electron
12	The reciprocal of decay construct lamda of a radioactive element is.	A. Half life B. Mean life C. Curie D. total life
13	When a nucleus emits an alpha particle, its atomic mass decreases by	A. 1 B. 2 C. 3 D. 4
14	The charge of an alpha particle is equal to	Ae B. +e C2e D. 2e
15	Binding energy per nucleon is maximum for	A. Platinum B. Iron C. Uranium

		D. Lead
16	Energy released by conversion of 1 amu is	A. 200 MeV
		B. 931 MeV
		C. 233 MeV
		D. 243 MeV
17	Which is true for both alpha particle and gama rays.	A. They cause ionization in air
		B. They can be deflected by electri
		field
		C. They can be deflected by
		magnetic field
		D. The y can penetrate a few
		millimeters of aluminium