

Principles of Banking Icom Part 2 English Medium Chapter 13 Online Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	The leader of money and capital market in Pakistan.	A. Government B. Cental Bank C. Commercial Banks D. None of these
2	The leader of capital market in Pakistan.	A. Centrla bank B. Government C. Commercial Banks D. None of these
3	The examples of short term monetary assets includes.	A. Bills of exchange B. Promissory note C. Treasury bill D. All of these
4	Short term monetary assets are also called as.	A. Marketbale debt securities. B. Near money C. Short term monetary assets D. All these
5	Rapid transfer fo funds is the feature of good.	A. Open market B. Money market C. Discount house D. None of these
6	Investment trusts and finance houses.	A. As open market B. Money market C. Capital market D. None of these
7	Bill brokers and discount houses work in.	A. _{Open market} B. Capital market C. Money Market D. None of these
8	In Paksitan BEL, NIT and ICP are credit institutions.	A. Unorganized B. Specialized C. Non specialized D. All these
9	The market in which funds are borrowed or lent for less than one year.	A. Money market B. Capital market C. Open market D. All these
10	In an organized money market the interest rate is.	A. Less B. More C. Uniform D. All these
11	The market in which funds are borrowed of lent for a period of over one year.	A. Money market B. Capital market C. Open market D. None of these
12	Teh stock exchange markets in Pakistan are.	A. Two B. Three C. Four D. Five
13	An organized money market is always.	A. Not elastic B. Less elastic C. More elstastic D. Elastic
14	The nature of money market in Pakistan.	A. Under developed B. Developed C. Dualistic nature D. None of these
15	Stock exchange marketin Pakistan.	A. LSE B. KSE C. ISE D. All of these

