

## Commercial Geography Icom Part 2 English Medium Chapter 29 Online Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Which country of the world have lowest percentage of labour force in agriculture sector ?	A. United States of America B. Russian Federation C. United Kingdom D. Japan
2	Total labour force of high income countries of the world is:	A. 828 million B. 550million C. 500million D. 450million
3	Population growth rate of high income countries of the world is:	A. 1 percent annually B. 1.5percent annually C. 0.1percent annually D. 1.2percent annually
4	Population of high income countries of the world is:	A. 900countries B. 1,000countries C. 8,000countries D. 1,254countries
5	World's how many countries are in high income group:	A. 25 countries B. 26countries C. 50countries D. 70countries
6	According to 2000 statistics, total labour force of India was:	A. 500million B. 550million C. 600million D. 621million
7	According to 2000 statistics, total labour force of China was:	A. 800 million B. 900million C. 872million D. 750million
8	In the low income countries of the world, labour force engaged in the primary economic activity is:	A. 50 percent B. 60percent C. 69percent D. 40percent
9	In the world, population growth rate of low income countries is:	A. 2.0 percent annual B. 2.10percent annual C. 3.0percent annual D. 1.7percent annual
10	In 2000, population of low income countries was:	A. 3,450 million B. 5,000million C. 4,500million D. 3,200million
11	World's how many countries are in low income group ?	A. 100 countries B. 49 countries C. 70countries D. 30countries
12	Which country has highest labour force ratio engaged in tertiary economic activity ?	A. United States of America B. Russian Federation C. United Kingdom D. Japan
13	Before industrial revolution in the all countries of the world, major part of labour force was:	A. Engaged in primary economic activity B. Engaged in secondary economic activity C. Engaged in tertiary economic activity D. Engaged in quaternary economic activity
14	In industrial developed countries, ratio of labour force engaged in primary economic activity:	A. is very small B. Is very high C. Is increasing D. Is high

- A. No increase took place
  - B. Huge increase took place
  - C. Enough increase took place
  - D. Small increase took place
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