


## General Math 10th Class English Medium Online Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	The area of an equilateral triangle with side 'a' is:	<p>A. <math>1.5\pi a^2</math></p> <p>B. <math>3a^2</math></p> <p>C. </p> <p>D. <math>2\pi a^2</math></p>
2	The side opposite to a right angle in a right angled triangle is called:	<p>A. base</p> <p>B. altitude</p> <p>C. hypotenuse</p> <p>D. perpendicular</p>
3	The square of the hypotenuse is equal to the sum of the square of two sides, this statement is called:	<p>A. Factor theorem</p> <p>B. Hero's formula</p> <p>C. Ratio formula</p> <p>D. pythagoras theorem</p>
4	If the centers of two circles lie in either side of the common tangent then it is called:	<p>A. external tangent</p> <p>B. internal tangent</p> <p>C. concyclic tangent</p> <p>D. concentric tangent</p>
5	If the points of contact of a common tangent to the two circles are on the same side of the line joining their centers, then this common tangent is called:	<p>A. external tangent</p> <p>B. internal tangent</p> <p>C. concyclic tangent</p> <p>D. concentric tangent</p>
6	The midpoint of the diameter of a circle is called:	<p>A. radius</p> <p>B. chord</p> <p>C. center</p> <p>D. tangent</p>
7	An equilateral rectangle is called a:	<p>A. polygon</p> <p>B. quadrilateral</p> <p>C. parallelogram</p> <p>D. square</p>
8	A parallelogram containing a right angle is called a:	<p>A. quadrilateral</p> <p>B. square</p> <p>C. rectangle</p> <p>D. equilateral</p>
9	Medians to the equal sides of an isosceles triangle are:	<p>A. congruent</p> <p>B. equal</p> <p>C. similar</p> <p>D. unequal</p>
10	The centroid of a triangle divides each one of the medians in the ratio:	<p>A. 1:1</p> <p>B. 1:2</p> <p>C. 2:1</p> <p>D. 2:2</p>
11	All the altitudes are equal of an:	<p>A. rectangle</p> <p>B. scalene triangle</p> <p>C. isosceles triangle</p> <p>D. equilateral triangle</p>
12	The altitude of a triangle are:	<p>A. concurrent</p> <p>B. collinear</p> <p>C. non-collinear</p> <p>D. non-concurrent</p>

13	The number of angle bisectors of a triangle is:	A. 1 B. 2 C. 3 D. 4
14	The point of intersection of the perpendicular bisectors of the sides of a triangle meet, is called:	A. circum-center of the triangle B. incenter of the triangle C. centroid of the triangle D. orthocenter of the triangle
15	A line segment joining a vertex to the midpoint of the side opposite to the vertex is called:	A. altitude of the triangle B. side bisector of the triangle C. angle bisector of the triangle D. median of the triangle