

General Knowledge Online Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Simon Bolivar was named 'The Great Liberator' as he led the revolution that freed many South American countries from Spanish control. Venezuela, Bolivia, Peru, and Ecuador were liberated along with:	A. Chile B. Colombia C. Argentina D. Uruguay
2	In 1899, a chemist named Felix Hoffmann, who worked for a Germany company called Bayer, Rediscovered Aspirin. He hailed from which country?	A. England B. Scotland C. France D. Germany
3	Daniel Gabriel Fahrenheit was the physicist who invented the alcohol thermometer and the mercury thermometer in 1714. He hailed from which country?	A. England B. Scotland C. France D. Germany
4	One of the Most eclectic and enthusiastic thinkers in American history, Benjamin Franklin was also responsible for a number of unique inventions. Which of these was not an original Franklin creation?	A. Dumb waiter B. Bifocal lenses C. Franklin stove D. Lightning rod
5	One of the key monarchs of the 18th century was Frederick II, the Great. Of which land did he become king when he rose to the throne in 1740?	A. Portugal B. Austria C. Prussia D. Bohemia
6	Which Muslim scientist worked on the instruments regarding chemistry and mentioned in his book about instruments?	A. Al Razi B. Ibn Seena C. Ibn Miskwya D. Al Khayyam
7	Which Muslim scientist invented the branch of Mathematics, Logarithm?	A. Ibn-e-Younas Misri B. Ibn-e-Yousaf C. Ibn-e-Khuladun D. Ibn-e-Ishaq
8	Who invented pendulum during the reign of Egyptian ruler Hakeem?	A. Ibn-e-Ali B. Ibn-e-Razi C. Ibn-e-Hayyan D. Ibn-e-Yausaf
9	How many Years before William Harvey, Ibn-e-Nafees discovered the movement of blood in the body?	A. 100 years B. 200 years C. 400 years D. 300 years
10	Who called father of Economic?	A. Maynard Keynes B. Marshall C. Adam Smith D. none of these