

Everyday Science Online Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	This bluish-white metal is extremely hard and brittle, and is used almost entirely to make the very hard alloys used in fountain pen nibs, phonograph needles, and instrument pivots.	A. Cadmium B. Rubidium C. Hafnium D. Osmium
2	Which metal has a melting point of 1084, It is widely used as an agricultural poison, and as an agricultural in the purification of water in its pure form it is reddish-brown in colour	A. Arsenic B. Lead C. Copper D. Tin
3	The metal is mostly used in plating, to produce a hard easily polished surface Combined with lead, it produces a yellow pigment.	A. Tungsten B. Bronze C. Chromium D. Copper
4	The name "copper" is derived from the name of the tiny island country of	A. Cyprus B. Denmark C. Greece D. Malta
5	Which metal is extensively used with other metals to produce alloys, particularly in die-casting, it is used to "galvanize" metals to prevent corrosion?	A. Copper B. Chromium C. Lead D. Zinc
6	Which metal is the fifth most abundant element in the earth's crust and is an essential constituent of leaves, shells, bone and teeth	A. Iodine B. Calcium C. Phosphorous D. Zinc
7	Which metal is silvery-white in colour, and is easily polished to a high shine, It is hard malleable and ductile, and is a reasonable conductor of both heat and electricity, It is used extensively in the production of stainless steel and other corrosion resistant alloys,	A. iron B. brass C. nickel D. silver
8	Which metal, steel-gray in colour is one of the lightest of all metals, Both the metal and its salts are highly toxic, and must be handled with care, it is extensively used in spring and electrical contacts.	A. Gold B. Nickel C. Silver D. Beryllium
9	Which metal is silvery-white in colour developing a slightly yellow/pink colour upon exposure to air. It is widely distributed on earth and occurs in over 800 known minerals. Its oxide is used in the production of high intensity lights.	A. Silver B. Yttrium C. Scandium D. Aluminum
10	Which metal's earlier name was "wolfram" which explains its symbol, "W" it melts at about 3410 degrees Celsius, which is the highest melting point of all metals, it is commonly used as the filament of light bulbs.	A. Cobalt B. Radium C. Tungsten D. Uranium