

GAT Subject Mathematics Mathematics

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Which is an explicit function	A. $y = x^2 + 2x - 1$ B. $x^2 + xy + y^2 = 2$ C. $xy^2 - y + 9/xy = 1$ D. All are
2	Which is not included in the domain of $\cos^{-1} x$	A. 0 B. 1 C. -1 D. 2
3	$P(x) = 2x^4 - 3x^3 + 2x - 1$ is polynomial of degree	A. 1 B. 2 C. 3 D. 4
4	If $f(x) = x/x^2 - 4$ then which is not included in the domain of $f(x)$	A. 0 B. -2 C. 1 D. 4
5	If $f(x) = x^3 - 2x^2 + 4x - 1$, then $f(-2) = ?$	A. 0 B. -25 C. 5 D. 45
6	Which of the following is the solution of $\cot^2 x = 1/\sqrt{3}$	A. $\pi/5$ B. $\pi/3$ C. $\pi/7$ D. $\pi/9$
7	Which of the following is solution of $\tan^2 x = 1/3$	A. $7\pi/6$ B. $5\pi/6$ C. $\pi/6$ D. All
8	If x lies in $\{0, 2\pi\}$ and $\operatorname{Cosec} x = 2$ then $x =$	A. $\pi/6$ and $5\pi/6$ B. $\pi + 2n\pi$ C. $n\pi$ D. $2\pi/3$ and $\pi/3$
9	If $1 + \cos x = 0$ then $x =$	A. $\pi + 2n\pi$ B. $\pi + n\pi$ C. $\pi - n\pi$ D. $\pi/2$
10	If $\theta = 60^\circ$ then	A. $\sin \theta = 1/2$ B. $\tan \theta = \cot 30^\circ$ C. $\theta = \pi/4$ D. $\sec \theta = 4$
11	In which quadrant is the solution of the equation $\sin x - 1 = 0$	A. II quadrants B. II and III quadrants C. III and IV quadrants D. I quadrant
12	$\cos^{-1} x =$	A. $\sqrt{1 - x^2}$ B. $\sqrt{1 + x^2}$ C. $\sqrt{1 - x^2} - x$ D. $\sqrt{1 + x^2} - x$
13	$\sec^{-1} x =$	A. $\cos^{-1} 1/x$ B. $\operatorname{Cosec}^{-1} 1/x$ C. $\cos^{-1} (-x)$ D. $\tan^{-1} x$
14	$\sin^{-1} (-x) =$	A. $\cos^{-1} 1/x$ B. $-\sin^{-1} x$ C. $1/\sin^{-1} x$ D. $\sin^{-1} 1/x$
15	$\tan^{-1} 1/x =$	A. $\sin x$ B. $\sec^{-1} x$ C. $\cot^{-1} x$ D. $\cos^{-1} x$

16	Sin-1 [-1/2] = _____.	A. $\pi/3$ B. $-\pi/6$ C. $-\pi/3$ D. $\pi/6$
17	If Cos θ =0, Then θ =	A. $n\pi/2$ B. $(2n + 1)\pi/2$ C. $(2n - 1)\pi/2$ D. $(n \pm 1)\pi/2$
18	In the figure angle A is =	A. 15 B. 60 C. 90 D. 20
19	If you looking a high point from the ground then the angle formed is	A. Angle of elevation B. Angle of depression C. Right angle D. Horizon
20	Area of ΔABC =	A. $ab \sin \alpha$ B. $1/2 ab \sin \alpha$ C. $1/2 ac \sin \alpha$ D. $1/2 ac \sin \beta$
21	In the figure PS is perpendicular to QR, if PQ = PR 26 and P8 = 24, then QR=	A. 10 B. 20 C. 40 D. 26
22	120° degrees are equal to how many radians?	A. $\pi/3$ radians B. $2\pi/3$ radians C. $\pi/4$ radians D. $\pi/2$ radians
23	The principal value of $\sin^{-1} [\sqrt{3}/2]$ is	A. $\pi/3$ B. $-\pi/3$ C. $2\pi/3$ D. $5\pi/3$
24	If $\sin^{-1} x + \cos^{-1} y = \pi$, then x and y are	A. Associative angles B. Complementary angles C. Reflex angles D. Supplementary angles
25	Cos ⁻¹ (-x) = _____.	A. $\pi + \cos^{-1} x$ B. $\pi - \sin^{-1} x$ C. $\pi + \sin^{-1} x$ D. $\pi - \cos^{-1} x$
26	Which of the following is not defined?	A. Arcsin 1/9 B. ArcCos (-4/3) C. Arctan 11/12 D. Arccot (-4)
27	AreCot $\sqrt{3}$ =?	A. $\pi/2$ B. π C. 2π D. $\pi/6$
28	Sin-1 ($\sqrt{2}/2$)=?	A. $\pi/2$ B. $\pi/3$ C. $3\pi/4$ D. 2π
29	Sin ⁻¹ $\sqrt{3}/2$ =?	A. $2\pi/3$ B. $\pi/2$ C. $\pi/3$ D. $\sqrt{5}$
30	Tan ($\pi + \tan^{-1} x$) =?	A. Tan x B. x C. -x D. $\cot^{-1} x$
31	Sin ⁻¹ x =?	A. $\pi/2 - \sin^{-1} x$ B. $\pi/2 - \cos^{-1} x$ C. $-\sin^{-1} x$ D. $-\cos^{-1} x$
32	Sin ⁻¹ (-x) =?	A. $\sin^{-1} x$ B. $-\sin^{-1} x$ C. $\cos^{-1} x$ D. $-\cos^{-1} x$
33		A. π B. 4π

33	Period of $\sin 2x =$	<p>...</p> <p>C. $2n\pi$</p> <p>D. 2π</p>
34	What is the period of $\cot x$?	<p>A. 2π</p> <p>B. π</p> <p>C. $\pi/2$</p> <p>D. 4π</p>
35	What is the domain of $y = \cot^{-1} x$?	<p>A. Set of irrational numbers only</p> <p>B. Set of all real numbers</p> <p>C. Set of integers only</p> <p>D. Set of complex numbers only</p>
36	What is the domain of $y = \sin^{-1} x$?	<p>A. $-1 \leq x \leq 1$</p> <p>B. $1 \leq x \leq 1$</p> <p>C. $0 \leq x \leq \pi$</p> <p>D. $-\pi/2 \leq x \leq \pi/2$</p>
37	If $A = (3,8)$ and $B = (5,6)$ then the distance between A and B is	<p>A. $2\sqrt{2}$</p> <p>B. 2</p> <p>C. 1</p> <p>D. 6</p>
38	$\sin x + \cos x = 1$ $x =$	<p>A. π</p> <p>B. $\pi/2$</p> <p>C. $\pi/3$</p> <p>D. $\pi/4$</p>
39	If $\sin \theta = \cos \theta$ then $\theta =$	<p>A. 30°</p> <p>B. 45°</p> <p>C. 60°</p> <p>D. 90°</p>
40	$\cos 315^\circ =$	<p>A. 0.707</p> <p>B. 0.5</p> <p>C. 1</p> <p>D. 0</p>
41	Period of $\tan x/5$ is	<p>A. 5π</p> <p>B. 4π</p> <p>C. 2π</p> <p>D. $\pi/5$</p>
42	$\sin(a+b) + \sin(a-b) =$	<p>A. $\sin a \cos b$</p> <p>B. $\sin a \sin b$</p> <p>C. $\sin a + \cos b$</p> <p>D. $\sin a - 2\cos b$</p>
43	The value of $\cos(1/2 \cos^{-1} 1/2)$ is equal to	<p>A. $\sqrt{3}/2$</p> <p>B. $-3/4$</p> <p>C. $1/16$</p> <p>D. $1/4$</p>
44	If $2 \sin x \cos 2x = \sin x$ then?	<p>A. $x = n\pi + \pi/6$</p> <p>B. $x = n\pi + \pi/3$</p> <p>C. $x = n\pi + 1$</p> <p>D. $x = n\pi + \pi/2$</p>
45	If $\cos \alpha = 3/5$, $\cos \beta = 5/13$, then	<p>A. $\cos(\alpha + \beta) = 33/65$</p> <p>B. $\sin(\alpha + \beta) = 56/65$</p> <p>C. $\sin^2(\alpha + \beta/2) = 1/65$</p> <p>D. $\cos(\alpha + \beta) = 63/65$</p>
46	In the triangle ΔABC , where C is the right angle $\tan A + \tan B =$	<p>A. $A+B$</p> <p>B. $\frac{C^2}{AB}$</p> <p>C. $\frac{A^2}{BC}$</p> <p>D. $\frac{B^2}{AC}$</p>
47	$\sin(2\pi - \theta) =$ _____.	<p>A. $\cos \theta$</p> <p>B. $-\sin \theta$</p> <p>C. $-\sin \theta$</p> <p>D. $-\cos \theta$</p>
48	$\cot 360^\circ =$ _____.	<p>A. Undefined</p> <p>B. 0.707</p> <p>C. -0.5</p> <p>D. 0</p>
49	$\sin 720^\circ =$ _____	<p>A. 1</p> <p>B. 0</p> <p>C. 2</p> <p>D. $1/2$</p>
50	If $\sin \theta = 1$ then $\theta =$	<p>A. $2n\pi + \pi/2$</p> <p>B. $2n\pi$</p> <p>C. $2\pi + n$</p> <p>D. $n\pi + \pi/2$</p>

51	If a rectangle has an area $81x^2$ and length of $27x$. then what is its width?	A. $3x$ B. $9x$ C. $3x^{>2</sup>}$ D. $9x^{>2</sup>}$
52	$\csc \pi/3$	A. 2 B. 1 C. 0 D. $2/\sqrt{3}$
53	In 30,60,90 triangle if the smallest side is 6 then the side opposite to the angle of 60° is	A. 12 B. 3 C. $6\sqrt{3}$ D. 6
54	Domain of $\operatorname{Cosec} \theta$ is	A. is \mathbb{R} but $\theta = n\pi$ B. is \mathbb{R} but $\theta \neq n\pi$ C. is \mathbb{R} but $\theta \neq 2n\pi$ D. is \mathbb{R} but $\theta \neq n\pi/2$
55	If 0 is not an integral multiple of $\pi/2$ then $\cot^4 \theta + \cot^2 \theta = ?$	A. $\operatorname{Cosec}^{>4</sup>} \theta - \operatorname{Cosec}^{>2</sup>} \theta$ B. $\tan \theta - \tan^{>2</sup>} \theta$ C. $\operatorname{Cosec}^{>2</sup>} \theta + \operatorname{Cosec} \theta$ D. $\sin \theta \cos \theta$
56	If in isosceles right angled triangle one side is a then hypotenuse is	A. $a\sqrt{2}$ B. $a/2$ C. a D. Cannot be determined by given
57	An angle θ is such that $\tan \theta = 1$ and $\cos \theta$ is negative then	A. $\sin \theta$ is positive B. $\cos \theta = \sqrt{2}/4$ C. $\cos \theta = -1$ D. $\sec \theta$ is negative
58	If $\sin \theta = 3/5$ $\cos \theta =$	A. $1/2$ B. $3/5$ C. $4/5$ D. 1
59	The associative angle of 280° is	A. 100° B. 10° C. 80° D. -80°
60	An angle of one radian is equivalent to	A. 90° B. 60° C. 67° D. $57^\circ, 18^\circ$
61	$1+2+3+\dots+n=?$	A. $n(n+1)/2$ B. $n+1/2$ C. $n(n+1)(2n+1)/6$ D. $n^{>3</sup>}$
62	There are 30 Red balls and 25 Green balls in a bag of a ball is drawn from the bag randomly what is the probability that a Blue ball comes out?	A. 1 B. 0.5 C. 0 D. None
63	There are 30 Red, 20 Green and some Blue balls in a bag if the probability of finding a Red ball is $1/3$, how many are red balls in the bag	A. 120 B. 20 C. 40 D. 90
64	Given eight points in a plane no three of which are collinear how many lines do the points determine?	A. 16 B. 64 C. 28 D. 36
65	How many different arrangements of the letters in the word QABABA are Possible?	A. 720 B. 40 C. 60 D. 30
66	Corola available in 5 models 8 colours and 3 sizes how many Corola must a local dealer have on hand in order to have one of each kind available?	A. 24 B. 120 C. 16 D. 39
67	How many elements are in the sample space of two rolling dies	A. 6 B. 12 C. 18 D. 36
		A. $1/5$ B. $1/10$

68	A standard deck of 52 cards shuffled what is the probability of choosing the queen of the diamonds	B. $\frac{1}{13}$ C. $\frac{5}{52}$ D. $\frac{1}{52}$
69	If P(E) is the probability that an event will occur then P(E)=	A. 1 B. 0.5 C. 2 D. 0
70	The number of ways in which 5 distinct toys can be distributed among 3 children is	A. 3^5 B. 5^3 C. 5^3 D. 3^5