

Biology FSC Part 2 Chapter 19 Online MCQ's Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
Si	Questions	
1	The shell, over chick egg is secreted as it passes through.	A. Ovary B. Oviduct C. Uterus D. Cloaca
2	Immediately after fertilization, the egg undergoes a series	A. Morulla B. Gastrulation C. Cleavage D. Blastula
3	Movement of rearrangement of the cells in the embryo is called.	A. Cleavage B. Gastrulation C. Fertilization D. Organogenesis
4	The mesodermal cells do not invaginate but migrate medially and caudally from both sides and create a midline thickening called.	A. Hensen's node B. Primitive streak C. Hypoblast D. epiblast
5	The removal of apex release that lateral buds from the apical dominance. It is called	A. Inhibitory effect B. Compensatory effect C. Apical dominance D. Reproduction
6	Which light enhance cell division and retards cell enlargment.	A. Red B. Green C. Blue D. Violet
7	In which developmental stage, germ layers are formed.	A. Cleavage B. Blastula C. Gastrula D. Organogenesis
8	Hypoblast is mainly presumptive	A. Endoderm B. Mesoderm C. Ectoderm D. Blastoderm
9	Secondary growth leads to an increase in the diameter if the.	A. Leaf B. Root C. Stem D. Stem and root
10	Cambium is formed in stage.	A. One B. Two C. Three D. Four
11	Young tissues retaining the potential to divide.	A. Meristem B. Xylem C. Phloem D. Cork
12	Intercalary meristems are situated at.	A. Root apex B. Shoot apex C. Base of internode D. Top of internode
13	During elongation, the cell volume increase upto.	A. 50 fold B. 100 fold C. 150 fold D. 200 fold
14	In the zone of elongation, the volume of the cells increase upto.	A. 100 times B. 150 times C. 200 times D. 250 times
15	Primary growth in plants is caused by.	A. Apical meristem B. Intercalary meristem C. Lateral meristem D. Rib meristem

16	A plant has a growth pattern called.	A. Open growth B. Meristem C. Growing point D. Apical
17	In humans ,MSH(melanocyte-stimulating hormone)	A. Regulates primary skin color B. Causes the thyroid to produce thyroxin C. Governs the rate of tarming D. Concentration is very low.