

## Mathematics Fsc Part 1 Online Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	r r <sub>1</sub> r <sub>2</sub> r <sub>3</sub> =	D. abc
2	The in-radius r of a triangle is given by:	
3	The circum-radius R of a triangle is given by:	
4	With usual notations for triangle R equals:	
5	A circle passing though the vertices of a triangle is known as:	
6	A circle drawn inside a triangle and touching its sides is known as:	
7	A circle which touches one side of a triangle externally and the other two produces sides internally is known as:	
8	If $2s = a + b + c$ , where a, b, c are the sides of a triangle ABC, then area of triangle ABC is given by:	
9	When two sides and included angle is given, then area of triangle is given by:	D. all of these
10	In triangle the length of the sides are 7, $4\sqrt{3}$ and $\sqrt{13}$ . Then the smallest angle is:	A. 15° B. 30° C. 60° D. 45°
11	The lengths of the sides of a triangle are proportional to the sines of the opposite angles to the sides. This is known as:	A. The law of sines B. The law of cosines C. The law of tangents D. The fundamental law
12	If 2s = a + b +c, then in any triangle ABC:	D. none of these
13	In 2s = a + b + , then in any triangle ABC:	D. all of above
14	If 2s = a + b + c, then in any triangle ABC:	D. all of these
15	Question Image	A. right angled B. equilateral C. isosceles D. obtuse angled
16	In any triangle ABC, law of tangents is:	D. all of these
17	In a triangle ABC b = $\sqrt{3}$ , c = 1, $\alpha$ = 30° then a = :	A. 2 B. 1 C. 3 D1
18	In a triangle ABC if $a^2 - b^2 + c^2 = ac$ then $< \beta =$	
19	In any triangle ABC, law of cosines is:	
20	In any triangle ABC, law of sines is:	