

## Biology Fsc Part 1 Chapter 13 Online Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Myoglobin occurs in	A. Red blood cells B. White blood cells C. Plasma D. Muscle fibres
2	The volume of air taken inside the lungs and expelled during exercise is about	A. 2.5 liters B. 3.5 liters C. 4.5 liters D. 1.5 liters
3	How much air lungs can hold when they are futy inflated.	A. 5 liters B. 4.5 liters C. 4 liters D. 3.5 liters
4	How many molecule of oxygen can bind with a molecule of myoglobin.	A. 4 B. 3 C. 1 D. 2
5	Respiratory pigment present in muscle is called.	A. Hemoglobin B. Globulin C. Myoglobin D. Hemocyanin
6	Asthma is associated with severe paroxysm of difficult.	A. Sleeping B. Walking C. spoking D. Breathing
7	More than ten compounds of tar of tobacco smoke are included in causing.	A. Cancer B. Asthma C. Emphysema D. Tuberculosis
8	Emphysema is the breakdown of	A. Trachea B. Bronchi C. Alveoli D. Bronchioles
9	Emphysema is a disease caused by the breakdown of.	A. Lungs B. Bronchi C. Alveoli D. Trachea
10	Breakdown of Alveoli of lungs is called.	A. Asthma B. Lungs cancer C. Emphysema D. Tuberculosis
11	100 ml of arterial blood of human being contains CO2	A. 50 ml B. 54 ml C. 56 ml D. 58 ml
12	Carbon di oxide per 100 ml of venous blood is.	A. 50 ml B. 54 ml C. 98 ml D. 99 ml
13	Plasma proteins carry about% CO2 from body fluids to lungs.	A. 1% B. 2% C. 4% D. 5%
14	is more important regulator of breathing process.	A. Oxygen  B. Carbon di oxide C. Myoglobin D. Hemoglobin
15	Why hemoglobin is 98% saturated, the oxygen content per 100 ml of blood is.	A. 19.6 ml B. 18.6 ml C. 17.6 ml D. 16.6 ml

16	Respiratory distress syndrome is common in	A. Adults B. Old age people C. Prelature infants D. All new borns
17	Which is correct order of parts of air passage ways in man.	A. Nostrils, Nasal cavity, Pharynx, Larynx B. Nasal cavity, Nostrils, Pharynx, Larynx C. Nasal cavity, Pharynx, Nostrils, Larynx D. Nostrils, Pharynx, Larynx, Nasal cavity