

Biology Fsc Part 1 Chapter 10 Online Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	In hydra ectodermal cells get food from endodermal cells by.	A. Osmosis B. diffusion C. Active transport D. Facilitated diffusion
2	Hydra is the example of.	A. Tentacular feeding B. Fiter feeding C. Pluid feeding D. scraping feeding
3	The polyp is reduced and medusa is dominant in	A. Actinia B. Aurelia C. Oblelia D. Madreporite
4	In phylum coelenterate special cells cnidocyntes give size to	A. Polyps B. Nematocyts C. Gemmules D. Gastrozolds
5	Corals produce hard exoskeleton formed of.	A. NaCO3 B. CaCO3 C. NaOH D. KCI
6	Polypo and Medusae are examples of.	A. Coelentrate B. Nematoda C. Porifera D. Arthropoda
7	Sea Urchin belong to phylum	A. Coelantrate B. Nematoda C. Porifera D. Arthropoda
8	Hydra belongs to phylum	A. Mollusca B. Cridaria C. Arthropoda D. Annelida
9	Polymorphism is a characteristic of members of phylum.	A. Porifera B. Cnidaria C. Annelida D. Arthropoda
10	Th polyp is reduced and medusa is dominant.	A. Jelly fish B. Hydra C. Sea anemon D. Obelia
11	80% of food of sponges consists of.	A. Detrital organic matter B. algae C. Phytoplankton D. Zooplankton
12	In sponges the food enters the spongocoel cavity called.	A. Globules B. Gemmules C. Endosperm D. Ostia
13	In sponges the food enters the spngocoal cavity throgh	A. Ostia B. Osculum C. Mouth D. Spiracles
14	In sponges asexual reproduction takes place by budding. The internal buds are called.	A. Globules B. Gemmules C. Endosperm D. Cyst
15	The pores by which water enters in the body of sponge is called.	A. Osculum B. Ostia C. Mouth D. Spongocoel

16	The asexual reproduction in sponges occurs by.	A. Budding B. Spores C. Fragmentation D. Conidia
17	The process by which the water leaves the body of sponges are called.	A. Ostia B. Mouth C. Anus D. Osculum