

General Math 9th Class English Medium Unit 10 Online Test

1 1. In cartesian plane, vertically line is called 2 In cartesian plane, the horizontal line XOX is called 3 In cartesian plane point 'O' is called 4 The co-ordinates of origin are 5 First elements ordered pairs is calleds 6 A set of two elements, listed in a specific order is called 7 √2+√3 is not radical, because 2 +√3 is 8 In the logarithm of number the decimal part is called 8 In the logarithm of number of power (x3)4 we can simplify. 8 A x - axis B. y - axis C. origin D. co-ordinate axis A column B. row C. point D. (0,0) D. (1,1) C. (0,0) D. (1,1)	Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
2 In cartesian plane, the horizontal line XOX is called B. y - axis C. origin D. co-ordinate axis A. column B. row C. origin D. axis A. (1,0) B. (0,1) C. (0,0) D. (1,1) First elements ordered pairs is calleds C. point D. origin A. a column B. row C. point C. (0,0) D. (1,1) A. column B. row C. point D. origin A. a column B. row C. point D. origin A. a column B. row C. point D. origin A. a column B. row C. point D. origin A. a unorder pairs B. ordered pairs C. cartesian D. rectangular A. radical B. rational C. integer D. irrational A. mantissa B. characteristic C. rational number D. real part A. X12 B. X3 C. X4 D. x4+3 D. x4-y2-y5-ysup> B. 2	1	1.ln cartesian plane, vertically line is called	B. y - axis C. point
B. row C. origin D. axis	2	In cartesian plane, the horizontal line XOX is called	B. y - axis C. origin
4 The co-ordinates of origin are C (0,0) D. (1,1) A column B. row C. point D. origin A set of two elements, listed in a specific order is called 7 √2+√3 is not radical, because 2 +√3 is In the logarithm of number the decimal part is called 8 In the logarithm of number the decimal part is called A column B. row C. point D. origin A unorder pairs B. ordered pairs C. cartesian D. rectangular A radical B. rational C. integer D. irrational A. mantissa B. characteristic C. rational number D. real part A x12 B. x3 C. x4 D. x4+3 A 2 ^{2<flue 2<="" b.="" td=""><td>3</td><td>In cartesian plane point 'O' is called</td><td>B. row C. origin</td></flue>}	3	In cartesian plane point 'O' is called	B. row C. origin
First elements ordered pairs is calleds C. point D. origin A. unorder pairs B. ordered pairs C. cartesian D. rectangular A. radical B. rational C. integer D. irrational In the logarithm of number the decimal part is called A. mantissa B. characteristic C. rational number D. real part A. x12 B. x3 C. x4 D. x4+3 A. 2 ^{2 A. 2^{2 A. 2^{2 A. 2^{2 A. 2^{2 A. unorder pairs B. ordered pairs C. cartesian D. rectangular A. radical B. rational C. integer D. irrational B. characteristic C. rational number D. real part A. x12 B. x3 C. x4 D. x4+3 A. 2²}}}}}	4	The co-ordinates of origin are	B. (0,1) C. (0,0)
A set of two elements, listed in a specific order is called C. cartesian D. rectangular A. radical B. rational C. integer D. irrational A. mantissa B. characteristic C. rational number D. real part A. ×12 B. ×3 C. ×4 D. ×4+3 A. 2 ² B. 2	5	First elements ordered pairs is calleds	B. row C. point
7 √2+√3 is not radical, because 2 +√3 is 8 In the logarithm of number the decimal part is called A. mantissa B. characteristic B. characteristic C. rational number D. real part A. x12 B. x3 C. x4 D. x4+3 A. 2 ² B. 2	6	A set of two elements, listed in a specific order is called	B. ordered pairs C. cartesian
8 In the logarithm of number the decimal part is called 9 According to law of power of power (x3)4 we can simplify. 8 B. characteristic C. rational number D. real part A. x12 B. x3 C. x4 D. x4+3 A. 2 ² B. 2	7	$\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{3}$ is not radical, because 2 + $\sqrt{3}$ is	B. rational C. integer
9 According to law of power of power (x3)4 we can simplify. B. x3 C. x4 D. x4+3 A. 2 ² B. 2	8	In the logarithm of number the decimal part is called	B. characteristic C. rational number
B. 2	9	According to law of power of power (x3)4 we can simplify.	B. x3 C. x4
C. 2 ^{1/2} D. 2 ^{1/4}	10	√√2 = ?	B. 2 C. 2 ^{1/2}