


Computer Science 9th Class English Medium Chapter 7 Online Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Which technique has drawn a pictorial representation of the solution?	A. Prototype B. Pseudo C. Debugging D. Testing
2	In flowcharts symbol  is used to show a	A. Decision making B. solution C. Test Data D. Verification
3	The diamond symbol represents the	A. Input /output B. Remarks C. Decision making D. Processing
4	Which symbol in the flowchart is used to either start or end the flowchart.	A. Process B. Decision C. Connector D. Terminal
5	Which is a graphical representation of an algorithm?	A. Matrix B. Graph C. Flowchart D. Solution
6	Breaking down the larger problems into smaller manageable ones and working on them one by one is called.	A. Abstraction B. Algorithm design C. Pattern Recognition D. Decomposition
7	How many properties of computational thinking are available?	A. 4 B. 3 C. 2 D. 1
8	What is decomposition in computational thinking?	A. Ignoring unnecessary detail and focusing only on key aspects B. Creating a set of instructions to follow C. Breaking a complex problem into smaller easier to solve parts D. Identifying patterns and similarities between problems
9	Which step in computational thinking involves creating a sequence of steps to solve a problem.	A. Pattern recognition B. Abstraction C. Decomposition D. Algorithmic design
10	Which of the following is an example of pattern recognition in computational thinking?	A. solving problems without breaking them into smaller parts B. Designing a new algorithm for every problem C. Identifying trends in data to predict future outcomes D. Writing a program in multiple programming languages.
11	What is abstraction in computational thinking?	A. Using complex language and jargon to explain problems B. solving a problem step-by-step without simplification C. Focusing on the most important details and ignoring irrelevant information D. Creating detail models for real-world problems
12	Which of the following best describes computational thinking.	A. Breaking down a problem into smaller, manageable parts B. The process of performing mathematical calculation C. Creating hardware solutions for computers D. Writing complex algorithms only

