

ECAT Pre General Science Physics Chapter 16 Alternating Current Online Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	The impedance of RLC series resonance circuit at resonant frequency is	A. Greater than R B. Equal to R C. Less than R D. None of these
2	An A.C. voltmeter read 250 volts. The frequency of alternating is 50 Hz, the peak value of voltage is	A. 3525.0 volts B. 35.35 volts C. 353.5 volts D. 3.535 volts
3	To design a resonant circuit of frequency 100 KHz with an inductor of inductance 5 mH, we need a capacitor of capacitance	A. 5.07 pF B. 50 pF C. 0.507 pF D. 507 pF
4	At resonance, the impedance of RLC series circuit is	A. Maximum B. Zero C. Minimum D. Determinate
5	When either L or C is increased, the resonant frequency of the RLC series circuit	A. Increases B. Decreases C. Remains the same D. Becomes zero
6	At resonance, the phase angle for RLC series resonance circuit equals	A. 0 ° B. 90 ° C. 180 ° D. 270 °
7	The power factor of resonant series circuit is	A. 1 B. 0 C1 D. 0.5
8	In RLC series circuit, resonance occurs when	A. X _{L > Xc} B. X _{L < Xc} C. X _{L = Xc} D. None of these
9	A resonance curve for RLC series circuit is a plot of frequency versus	A. Voltage B. Current C. Impedance D. Reactance
10	The r.m.s. value of alternating current is equal to its maximum value at angle of	A. 60 ° B. 45 ° C. 30 ° D. 90 °
11	The device which allows only the flow of an A.C. through a circuit is	A. Capacitor B. Inductor C. D.C. motor D. Battery
12	Alternating current can induce voltage because it has a	A. High peak value B. Varying magnetic field C. Stronger field than direct curren D. Constant magnetic field

13	An A.C varies as a function of	A. Current B. Voltage C. Time D. Charge
14	At higher frequency of the alternating current, the capacitive reactance X_{C}	A. Increases B. Decreases C. Remains the same D. Increases only when the voltage increases
15	Which one of the following is correct?	A. V _o = 1.414 V _{rms} B. I _{ams} = 1.414 I _o C. VO = 10.70 Vrms D. Both a and b
16	In an A.C circuit with resistor only, the current and voltage have a phase angle of	A. 90 ° B. 0 ° C. 180 ° D. none of these
17	The basic circuit elements of A.C circuit are	A. Resistor B. Inductor C. Capacitor D. All the three
18	During each cycle, alternating voltage reaches a peak value	A. One time B. Two times C. Four times D. A number of times depending on the frequency
19	The average of A.C. current and voltage over a complete cycle is	A. Maximum B. zero C. Neither zero nor maximum D. None of these