ECAT Physics Chapter 7 Oscillations Online Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	When quarter of a circle is completed, phase of vibration is:	A. 90<span style="font-size: 10.5pt; line-height: 107%; font-family: Arial, sans-serif; background-image: initial; background-position: initial; background-size: initial; background-repeat: initial; background-attachment: initial; background-origin: initial; background-clip: initial;">° B. 180<span style="font-size: 10.5pt; line-height: 107%; font-family: Arial, sans-serif; background-image: initial; background-position: initial; background-size: initial; background-repeat: initial; background-attachment: initial; background-origin: initial; background-clip: initial;">° C. 45<span style="font-size: 10.5pt; line-height: 107%; font-family: Arial, sans-serif; background-image: initial; background-position: initial; background-size: initial; background-repeat: initial; background-attachment: initial; background-origin: initial; background-clip: initial;">° D. 360<span style="font-size: 10.5pt; line-height: 107%; font-family: Arial, sans-serif; background-image: initial; background-position: initial; background-size: initial; background-repeat: initial; background-attachment: initial; background-origin: initial; background-clip: initial;">°
2	The body oscillates due to _____ accelerates and overshoots the rest position due to_____,:	A. Applied force, inertial B. Restoring force, friction C. Frictional force, inertial D. Restoring force, inertial
3	Amplitude in SHM is equivalent to _____ in circular motion:	A. Diameter B. Radius C. Circumference D. None of these
4	The restoring force is _____ and opposite to the applied force within _____,:	A. Equal, elastic limit B. Different, the walls of the laboratory C. Different, elastic limit D. None of these
5	When a mass attached to a spring begins to move left or right from the equilibrium position, its P.E.:	A. Increases B. Decreases C. Remains constant D. None of these
6	To and from motion of a body about its mean position is known as:	A. Translatory motion B. Vibratory motion C. Rotatory motion D. None of these
7	A spring of constant k = 0.4 N $m^{-1}$is to be extended through 10 cm at a place where g = 10 m sec^{-2}. The mass to be suspended should be:	A. 4 gms B. 0.4 gm C. 40 gms D. None of these
8	A body with frequency would complete one vibration in:	A. f seconds B. 1/f seconds C. 1 second D. f²second
9	If a given spring of spring constant k is cut into two indentical segments, the spring constant of each segment is:	A. k/2 B. 2 k C. 4 k

	of each segment is:	C. 4 k D. None of these
10	In SHM, there is always a constant ratio between displacement if body and its:	A. Velocity B. Period C. Mass D. Acceleration
11	The number of vibrations in two seconds can be expressed as_____if frequency of vibration is f.	A. f B. 2 f C. 3 f D. 1/2 f
12	If a force of 0.05 N produces an elongation of 20 mm in string, then its spring constant will be:	A. 250 N m⁻¹ B. 25 N m⁻¹ C. 2.5 N m⁻¹ D. None of these
13	If a mass of 10 gm is suspended from a spring of k = 9.8 Nm^{-1}, then the extension will be:	A. 1 cm B. 1 m C. 10 mm D. None of these
14	A particle is moving along a circular path with uniform speed. Its projection will execute____along the____of the circle:	A. Circular motion, circumference B. Vibrator, chord C. SHM, diameter D. SHM, circumference
15	The time taken to complete one vibration is called:	A. Frequency B. Amplitude C. Time D. Time period