

Physics ECAT Pre Engineering Chapter 16 Alternating Current Online Test

1	The highest value reached by the voltage or current:	value C. In one cycle is called peak value
		D. In half cycle is called Instantaneous value E. None of these
	The entire wave form of sinusoidal voltage is actually a set of all the:	A. Positive maximum value + V _o and negative maximum value -V _o B. Posiotive maximum value
2		+V _o and zero C. Zero and negative maximum value -V _o D. Any of these E. None of these
3	The waveform of alternating voltage is a:	A. Square B. Rectangular C. Saw-tooth D. Sinusoidal E. None of these
	The wave form of alternating voltage is the graph between:	A. Voltage across X-axis and time across y-axis
4		B. Current and time C. Voltage along y-axis and time along x-axis
		D. Voltage and current E. Either (B) or (D)
_		A. Motor B. Transformer
5	The most common source of alternating voltage is:	C. AC genrator D. Both (A) and (C) E. Both (A) and (B)
6	The time interval during which the Voltage source changes its polarity once is known as:	A. Time period T B. Half the time period C. Quarter the time period D. Two third of the time period E. None of these
	Nowadays, Most of the electric energy is produced by the A.C. generators using:	A. Hydal water B. Geothermal energy
7		C. Solar energy D. Biomass E. Both (B) and (D)
	Alternating current is produced by a voltage source which polarity:	A. Remains the same B. Reverse after period T
8		C. Keeps on reversing with time D. Reverse after every time interval T/2 E. Both (C) and (D)
	Alternating current can be transmitted:	A. To long distance B. At very high cost
9		C. At very low cost D. Both (A) and (C) E. Both (A) and (B)
10	A P-N juction or semiconductor diode cannot be used as	A. A rectifier B. Detector C. Oscillator D. An amplifier
11	In describing functions of digital systems, a closed switch will be shown as	A. 0 B. 1 C. low

12	Mathematical manipulation of the two quantized states can be best carried if they are represented by	B. yes - no C. on - off D. 0 - 1
13	A digital system deals with quantities or variables which have	A. only one state B. only two discrete states C. three discrete states D. four discrete states
14	Most OP-AMP operates with	A. <u>+</u> 6 V supply B. <u>+</u> 10 V supply C. <u>+</u> 12 V supply D. <u>+</u> 24 V supply
15	The R_1 = infinity and R_2 = 0, then the gain of non-inverting amplifier is	A. zero B. infinity C. one D. any one of these