

ECAT Mathematics Online Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	If $\sin x + \sin^2 x = 1$, then the value of $\cos^{12}x + 3\cos^{10}x + 3\cos^8x + \cos^6x + 2\cos^4x + \cos^2x - 2$ is equal to	A. 0 B. 1 C. 2 D. $\sin^2 x$
2	The maximum value of $\sin \theta \cos \theta$ is	A. 1 B. $1/2$ C. $1/4$ D. $1/6$
3	If $\cos 20^\circ = K$ and $\cos x = 2k^2 - 1$, then the possible values of x between 0° and 360° are	A. 140° B. 50° and 140° C. 50° and 130° D. 40° and 320°
4	If $\sin \theta$ and $\cos \theta$ are the roots of the equation $ax^2 - bx + c = 0$, then a , b , c satisfy the relation	A. $b^2 - a^2 = 2ac$ B. $A^2 - b^2 = 2ac$ C. $A^2 + b^2 = c^2$ D. $B^2 + a^2 = 2ac$
5	Question Image	A. Less than 1 B. Equal to 1 C. Greater than 1 but less than 2 D. Greater than or equal to 2
6	If n is odd the expansion $(a + x)^n$ has middle terms	A. 2 B. 3 C. 4 D. 5
7	The middle term of the expansion $(1 + 2x)^6$ is _____	A. 1st term B. 4th term C. 2nd term D. 5th term
8	The expansion $(1 + x)^{-3}$ holds when	A. $ x > 1$ B. $ x < 1$ C. $x < 1$ D. $x > 1$
9	1st four terms of the expansion $(1-x)^{-2}$ are	A. $1 + 2x + 3x^2 + 4x^3$ B. $3x^2 + 2x + 1$ C. $1 + 3x + 4x^2 + 5x^3$ D. None of these
10	nC_2 exists when n is _____	
11	Question Image	A. $n < 8/5$ B. $n < 5/8$ C. $ n < 8/5$ D. $ n > 8/5$
12	Number of terms in the expansion of $(a+x)^n$ is	A. $n - 1$ B. $n + 1$ C. $n + 2$ D. $n + 3$
13	Question Image	A. Imaginary B. Rational C. Irrational D. Real numbers
14	$(0.90)^{1/2}$ is equal to	A. 0.99 B. 0.90 C. 0.80 D. 0.88
15	Question Image	

- 16 $(0.90)^{1/2}$ is equal to
A. 0.99
B. 0.90
C. 0.80
D. 0.88
- 17 The term involving x^4 in the expansion of $(3 - 2x)^7$ is
A. 120
B. 1512
C. 1250
D. 15120
- 18 $(51)^4$ is equal to
A. 7065201
B. 8065201
C. 6765201
D. 6565201
- 19 $7^{2n} + 3^{n-1} \cdot 2^{3n-3}$ is divisible by
A. 24
B. 25
C. 9
D. 13
- 20 $(2.02)^4$ is equal to
A. 16
B. 16.6496
C. 17
D. 18
- 21 When we expand $(a + 2b)^5$ then
A. $a^5 + 10a^4b + 40a^3b^2 + 80a^2b^3 + 80ab^4 + 32b^5$
B. $a^5 + a^4b + a^3b^2 + a^2b^3 + ab^4 + b^5$
C. $5a^5 + 4a^4b + 3a^3b^2 + 2a^2b^3 + ab^4 + b^5$
D. None
- 22 For every positive integer n $1+5+9+\dots+(4n-3)$ is
A. $n(2n - 1)$
B. $(2n - 1)$
C. $n - 1$
D. n
- 23 Question Image
A. 3/8
B. 7/8
C. 1/8
D. None
- 24 Question Image
A. $\frac{n}{r}$
B. $\frac{n+1}{r+1}$
C. $\frac{n}{r+1}$
D. None
- 25 If $(1+x-2x^3)^6 = 1+a_1x + a_2x^2 + a_3x^3 + \dots$ the value of $a_2 + a_4 + a_6 + \dots + a_{12}$ will be
A. 32
B. 31
C. 64
D. 1024
- 26 The greatest integer which divides the number $101^{100} - 1$ is
A. 100
B. 1000
C. 10000
D. 100000
- 27 If $(1+x)^n = C_0 + C_1x + C_2x^2 + \dots + C_n x^n$ then $C_0 C_2 + C_1 C_3 + C_2 C_4 + \dots + C_{n-2} C_n =$
A. $ab = -1$
B. $ab = 1$
C. $ab = 2$
D. None
- 28 Question Image
A. 4th
B. 4th and 5th
C. 5th
D. 6th
- 29 If the 4th term in the expansion of $(px + x^{-1})^m$ is 2.5 for all $x \in R$, then
A. 4th
B. 4th and 5th
C. 5th
D. 6th
- 30 The greatest term in the expansion of $(3+2x)^9$, when $x=1$ is
A. 7065201
B. 8065201
C. 6765201
D. 6565201