

## ECAT Mathematics Online Test

| Sr | Questions  | Answers Choice  |
|----|--|---|
| 1  | Roots of the equation $x^2 - x = 2$ are  | A. {2, -1}<br>B. {1, 0}<br>C. {2, 1}<br>D. {-2, 1}  |
| 2  | Roots of the equation $x^2 + 7x + 12 = 0$ are                                    | A. {3, -4}<br>B. {-3, 4}<br>C. {3, 4}<br>D. {-3, -4}  |
| 3  | Roots of the equation $x^2 - 7x + 10 = 0$ are                                    | A. {2, 5}<br>B. {-2, 5}<br>C. {2, 5}<br>D. {-2, -5}   |
| 4  | Question Image   |   |
| 5  | Cofactor of an element $a_{ij}$ is defined by                                    | A. $(-1)^{i+j} A $<br>B. $(-1)^{i+j}M_{ij}$<br>C. $(-1)^{i+j}M_{sup-1}$<br>D. None of these |
| 6  | Minor of an element $a_{ij}$ is denoted by                                       | A. $M_{ij}$<br>B. $A_{ij}$<br>C. $ A $<br>D. None of these                                  |
| 7  | Question Image   | A. 0<br>B. 1<br>C. 2<br>D. 3  |
| 8  | Question Image   | A. 2<br>B. 4<br>C. 6<br>D. 8  |
| 9  | The additive inverse of a matrix A is  | D. None of these  |
| 10 | The transpose of a zero matrix is a _____  | A. Column matrix<br>B. Zero matrix<br>C. Row matrix<br>D. Scalar matrix                     |
| 11 | The transpose of a row matrix is a _____   | A. Zero matrix<br>B. Diagonal matrix<br>C. Column matrix<br>D. Row matrix                   |
| 12 | The transpose of a column matrix is a _____                                      | A. Zero matrix<br>B. Diagonal matrix<br>C. Column matrix<br>D. Row matrix                   |
| 13 | Question Image   | A. Zero matrix<br>B. Diagonal matrix<br>C. Column matrix<br>D. Scalar matrix                |
| 14 | Question Image   | A. 3 x 2<br>B. 2 x 3<br>C. 3 x 3<br>D. 2 x 2  |
| 15 | Question Image   |   |
| 16 | If the matrices A and B are conformable for multiplication then $(AB)^t =$ _____ | A. AB<br>B. $A^t B^t$<br>C. $B^t A^t$<br>D. $A^t > B$                                       |
| 17 | Question Image   | A. An upper triangular matrix<br>B. A lower triangular matrix<br>C. A diagonal matrix       |

C. A diagonal matrix  
D. A null matrix

|    |   |  |
|----|---|--|
| 18 | Question Image  |  |
| 19 | If order of A is $m \times n$ , then order of $A^t$ is            | A. $m \times m$<br>B. $n \times n$<br>C. $m \times n$<br>D. $n \times m$             |
| 20 | Matrices are represented by                                       | A. Natural numbers<br>B. Real numbers<br>C. Small letters<br>D. Capital letters      |
| 21 | Question Image  | A. $A^t$<br>B. $-A$<br>C. $A$<br>D. $A^{-1}$   |
| 22 | The number of non zero rows in echelon form of a matrix is called | A. Order of matrix<br>B. Rank of matrix<br>C. Row operation<br>D. None of these      |
| 23 | If A is a non singular matrix then $A^{-1} =$ _____               |  |
| 24 | Question Image  | C. 16<br>D. None of these  |
| 25 | If A is singular then $ A  =$ _____                               | A. 1<br>B. 0<br>C. 2<br>D. None of these   |
| 26 | Question Image  | A. 0<br>B. 1<br>C. -2<br>D. 10   |
| 27 | Question Image  | A. 1, 2, 3<br>B. 1, 5, 9<br>C. 2, 5, 8<br>D. 3, 6, 9                                 |
| 28 | Question Image  | A. Null matrix<br>B. Triangular matrix<br>C. Unit matrix<br>D. Rectangular matrix    |
| 29 | Question Image  | A. Diagonal matrix<br>B. Scalar matrix<br>C. Triangular matrix<br>D. Identity matrix |
| 30 | Question Image  | A. Diagonal matrix<br>B. Scalar matrix<br>C. Triangular matrix<br>D. Identity matrix |