

ECAT Mathematics Chapter 23

| Sr | Questions | Answers Choice |
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| 1 | $\{x : x \in \mathbb{Z} \text{ and } x < 1\}$ is | A. Singleton set B. A set with two points C. Empty set D. None of these |
| 2 | Φ set is the _____ of all sets | A. Subset B. Union C. Universal D. Intersection |
| 3 | The set $\{-1, 1\}$ is closed under the binary operation of | A. Addition B. Multiplication C. Subtraction D. Division |
| 4 | If $x = 1/x$ for $x \in \mathbb{R}$ then the value of x is | A. ± 1 B. 0 C. 2 D. 4 |
| 5 | Let A,B and C be any sets such that $A \cup B = A \cup C$ and $A \cap B = A \cap C$ then | A. $A = B$ B. $B = C$ C. $A \neq C$ D. $A \neq B$ |
| 6 | If $n(X) = 18$, $n(X \cap Y) = 7$, $n(X \cup Y) = 40$ then $n(Y) =$ | A. 1 B. 12 C. 5 D. 29 |
| 7 | Given X,Y are any two sets such that number of elements in $X = 18$, number of elements in set $Y = 24$, and number of elements in set $X \cup Y = 40$, then number of elements in set $X \cap Y =$ | A. 3 B. 1 C. 2 D. 4 |
| 8 | If $A \subseteq B$ then $A \cup B$ is | A. A B. B C. A' D. $A \cap B$ |
| 9 | For any set B, $B \cup B'$ is | A. Is set B B. Set B' C. Universal set |
| 10 | The set $(\mathbb{Z}, +)$ forms a group | A. Forms a group w.r.t addition B. Non commutative group w.r.t multiplication C. Forms a group w.r.t multiplication D. Doesn't form a group |
| 11 | The set \mathbb{Q} | A. Forms a group under addition B. Does not form a group C. Contains no additive identity D. Contains no additive inverse |
| 12 | The statement that a group can have more than one identity elements is | A. True B. False C. Fallacious D. Some times true |
| 13 | The set of all positive even integers is | A. Not a group B. A group w.r.t subtraction C. A group w.r.t division D. A group w.r.t multiplication |
| 14 | The set $\{1, -1, i, -i\}$ form a group under | A. Addition B. Multiplication C. Subtraction D. None |
| 15 | The multiplicative inverse of -1 in the set $\{1, -1\}$ is | A. 1 B. -1 C. ± 1 D. 0 |

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| | | E. Does not exist |
| 16 | The set of complex numbers forms a group under the binary operation of | A. Addition B. none of these C. Division D. Subtraction |
| 17 | The set of the first elements of the ordered pairs forming a relation is called its | A. Function on B B. Range C. Domain D. A into B |
| 18 | The set $\{\{a,b\}\}$ is | A. Infinite set B. Singleton set C. Two points set D. None |
| 19 | Which of the following is the subset of all sets | A. Φ B. $\{1,2,3\}$ C. $\{\Phi\}$ D. $\{0\}$ |
| 20 | The multiplicative inverse of x such that $x \neq 0$ is | A. -x B. Does not exist C. $1/x$ D. ± 1 |