

## English ECAT Pre Engineering Chapter 8 Comprehension Online Test

Sr Questions Answers Choice

Q.2 The public distribution system which provides food at low prices is a subject of vital concern There is a growing realization that though Pakistan has enough food to feed its masses three square meals a day the monster of starvation and food insecurity continues to haunt the poor in our country Increasing the purchasing power of the poor through providing productive employment leading to rising income and thus good standard of living is the ultimate objective of public policy. However till then there is a need to provide assured supply of food through a restructured more efficient and decentralized public distribution system (PDS). Although the PDS is extensive it is one of the largest such systems in the world it has yet to reach the rural poor and the far off places it remains an urban phenomenon with the majority of the rural poor still out of its reach due to lack of economic and physical access the poorest in the cities and the migrants are left out for they generally do not possess ration cards The allocation of PDS supplies in big cities is larger than in rural areas in view of urgently needs to be streamlined. In addition considering the large food grains production combined with food subsidy on one hand and the continuing slow starvation and dismal poverty of the rural population on the other there is a strong case for making PDS target group oriented. The growing salaried class is provided job security regular income and percent insulation against these gains of development have not percolated down to the vast majority of our working population. If one only dearness allowance to the employees in public and private sector and looks at its growth in the past few years the rising food subsidy is insignificant to the point of inequity The food subsidy is a kind of D.A to the poor the selfemployed and those in the unorganized sector of the economy. It is true that subsidies should not become a permanent feature except for the destitute disabled widows and the old it is also true dependence and hence is habit-forming killing the general initiative of the people by making PDS target group oriented not only the poorest and needlest would be reached without additional cost but it will actually cut overall costs incurred on large cities and for better off localities when the food and food subsidy are limited the rural and urban poor should have the priority in the PDS supplies The PDS should be closely linked with programs of employment generation and nutrition improvement. j. What according to the passage would be the outcome of making the PDS target

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2

group oriented

A. It will abolish the imbalance of urban and rural sector B. It will remove poverty

C. It will give food to the poorest without additional cost

D. It will motivate the target group population to work more

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people by making PDS target group oriented not only the poorest and neediest would be reached without additional cost but it will actually cut overall costs incurred on large cities and for better off localities when the food and food subsidy are limited the rural and urban poor should have the priority in the PDS supplies The PDS should be closely linked with

A. Sense of insecurity

B. Increased dependenceC. Shortage of food grains

D. Decrease in food grains production

programs of employment generation and nutrition improvement. i. Food subsidy leads to which of the following

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h. Which of the following according to the passage is compared with dearness allowance

A. Food for work program

B. Unemployment allowance

C. Food subsidy

D. Procurement price of food grains

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A. To make it target group oriented

B. To increase the amount of food grains per ration card

C. To decrease the allotment of food grains to urban sector

D. To reduce administrative cost

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A. It has not been able to develop confidence in the people at large B. It has not been able to utilize the entire food grains stock available C. It has effectively channelized the food grains to all sectors

D. it has not been able to provide sufficient food to the poorer section of the society

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A. Vigor B. Energy C. Influence

D. Capacity

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A. Rich
B. Sumptuous

D. Quality

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A. It has improved its effectiveness over the years

B. It has remained effective only in the cities

C. It is the unique in the world because of its effectiveness D. It had reached the remotest corner of the country

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passage

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b.What according to the passage is be the main purpose of public policy in the long

- A. Reducing the cost of living index by increasing supplies
- B. Providing enough food to all the cittizens
- C. Good standard of living through productive employment
- D. Equalizing per capita income across different strata of society

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a. Which of the following is the main reason for insufficient supply of enough food to the poorest

A. Mismanagement of food stocks

B. Absence of proper public distribution system

- C. Production of food is less than the demand
- D. Governments apathy towards the poor

10

9