

English ECAT Pre Engineering Chapter 8 Comprehension Online Test

Sr Questions Answers Choice

Nepal, a small, mountainous country tucked between India and China, may seem completely foreign to many Americans. Cows milk down busy streets unharmed, 24 different languages are spoken, and people eat two meals of rice and lentils every day. Nepali holidays, many of which are related to the Hindu religion. can seem especially bizarre to Americans unfamiliar with the culture. However, if we look beyond how others celebrate to consider the things they are celebrating, we find surprising similarities to our own culture. The biggest holiday in Nepal is Dashain, a ten-day festival for the Hindu goddess Durga that takes place in September or October. According to Hindu beliefs, Durga defeated the evil demons of the world. To thank the goddess, people visit temples in her honor and sacrifice goats or sheep as offerings. Throughout the year, most Nepalis do not eat much meat because it is expensive, but Dashain is a time to enjoy meat every day. Children fly colorful, homemade kites during Dashain. People also construct enormous bamboo swings on street corners and in parks. Every evening people gather at these swings and take turns swinging. Nepalis is a time for people to eat good food, relax and enjoy themselves. Aside from eating and enjoying themselves, during Dashain people also receive blessings from their elders. Schools and offices shut down so people can travel to be with their families. Reuniting with family reminds people of the importance of kindness, respect, and forgiveness. People also clean and decorate their homes for Dashain. And, like many holidays in the United States, it is a time for shopping. Children and adults alike get new clothes for the occasion. People express appreciation for all that they have, while looking forward to good fortune and peace in the year to come. During American holidays, people may not sacrifice goats or soar on bamboo swings, but we do often travel to be with family members and take time off work or school to relax. No matter how we celebrate, many people around the world spend their holidays honoring family, reflecting on their blessings, and hoping for good fortune in the future. Question:

A. unbelievable

B. unknownC. awkward

D. strange

Bizarre most nearly means

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unharmed, 24 different languages are spoken, and people eat two meals of rice and lentils every day."

B. "Every evening and take turns."

these swings and take turns swinging."

A. "Cows walk busy streets

C. "People also clean and decorate their homes for Dashain."

D. "During American holidays, people may not scarifice goats or soar on bamboo swings, but we do often travel to be with family members and take time off work or school to relax."

Which of the following sentences from the passage best indicates why the author thinks Nepal would seem very foreign to many Americans?

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A. sacrifices goats and sheep
B. defeated the evil demons of the
world

C. visits temples

D. enjoys meat every day

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decorate their nomes for Dashain. And, like many nolidays in the United States, it is a time for shopping. Children and adults alike get new clothes for the occasion. People express appreciation for all that they have, while looking forward to good fortune and peace in the year to come. During American holidays, people may not sacrifice goats or soar on bamboo swings, but we do often travel to be with family members and take time off work or school to relax. No matter how we celebrate, many people around the world spend their holidays honoring family, reflecting on their blessings, and hoping for good fortune in the future. Question:

According to the passage, Hindus believe that the goddess Durga

Gold used in jewelry is mixed with harder metals to add strength and durability. The metals added can also be used to change gold's color, giving it a for the natural yellow tone of pure gold. Mixtures like these, of less costly metals with more valuable ones, are called alloys. Copper and silver are the most common metals mixed with gold to make yellow gold jewelry. White gold is usually made with an alloy of gold and nickel. The measure of is called gold's purity is called a karat. The higher the karat rating, the higher the amount of pure gold. 24 karat is pure gold, 18 karat is 75% pure gold, 14 karat is 58.5% pure gold, and 9 karat is 37.5% pure gold. All other things being equal, the higher the percentage of pure gold used in the alloy, the more valuable and expensive the jewelry will be.Gold jewelry pieces are usually stamped with a marking to identify the karat amount. White gold that is 24K is too soft for jewelry, 18K,14K and 9K gold are all appropriate for jewelry, and they all make pieces that look great and wear beautifully.

Question:

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With respect to the relationship between gold and its karat rating, which of the following statements is/are true?

- I. The lower the karat rating, the less pure the gold
- II. The higher the karat rating, the more expensive the gold
- III. The higher the karat rating, the more valuable the gold

A. I only
B. I andII only C. II and <span style="color: rgb(34, 34, 34);</pre> font-family: " Times New Roman"; font-size: 18px; background-color: rgb(255, 255, 248);">IlI only D. I,lI andII<span style="color: rgb(34, 34, 34); fontfamily: " Times New Roman"; font-size: 18px; background-color: rgb(255, 255,

A. I only

248);">I

B. <span style="color: rgb(34, 34, 34); font-family: " Times New

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According to the passage, the use of other metals in gold alloys

I. can be used to make the gold different color

II. makes jewelry more expensive

III. makes gold more flexible

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Roman"; font-size: 18px; background-color: rgb(255, 255, 248);">I andII only C. II andIII only D. I,II, and I <span style="color: rgb(34, 34, 34);</pre> font-family: " Times New Roman"; font-size: 18px; background-color: rgb(255, 255, 248);">II

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Question:

Based on information in the passage, it can be understood that pure gold is

A. not used to make rings B. stamped with 100K

C. an alloy of different metals

D. colorless

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Question:

Which of the following statements best captures the main idea of this passage?

A. Although gold is very valuable, it is also very expensive
B. Gold jewelry is stamped with its

karat weight
C. Gold jewelry is made using alloys

D. Colored gold is more valuable that white gold

The hammer may be oldest tool we have record of. Stone hammers-some of the oldest human artifacts ever discovered-date back as early as 2,600,000 BCE. Not only is the hammer the oldest tool, but it is also the greatest. What make the hammer so great is its simplicity, power, and usefulness. The structure of the hammer is relatively simple-a fact largely responsible for its early invention and widespread distribution across cultures and geographic regions. The hammer is composed of two main parts: a handle and a head. The handle is used to swing the hammer. The head is used to hit other objects. While the hammer is a very simple tool, it is still able to generate tremendous power. This power results from two factors: the weight of the head, and the speed at which the hammer is swung. Every hammer (though some more than other) has a large distribution of weight at the head. When a hammer is swung, this weight pivots about the hand, which acts as a fulcrum. The handle carries the weight at a distance, acting as a lever arm, so a longer handle means increased speed. The weight of the head together with the speed generated by the lever arm is what gives the hammer so much power. The heavier the head and the faster it is swung, the more power a hammer produces. In addition to the hammer's great power, it also has an exceptionally wide range of useful applications. The purpose of the hammer -- to hit-- is a universal action that can accomplish many tasks. Let's start with the obvious: a hammer can be made to pound nails. But a hammer has many other uses as well. It can break apart hard objects such as brick or concrete. It can bend and shape metal or steel. It can gently tap objects to make small adjustments. It can be used to make sculpture or pottery. It can be

A. Jean-Micheal finds a prize at the bottom of a cereal box. Once he digs it out, he sees that it is a cheap plastic toy car. After playing with it for a few minutes, he throws it in the trash

B. Veterans agree that there are many songs that accurately depict the struggles faced by U.S. soldiers during the Vietnam War

C. While the buildings that line the streets in downtown Manhattan are very impressive, what visitors ten to remember most about New York City are the signature yellow taxi cabs that appear nearly everywhere D. During the first three months of its

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used in the hot, harsh business of blacksmithing as well as in delicate operations like cratting jewelry. In times of desperation, it can even be used as a weapon. The hammer truly is a great tool. It is simple, powerful, and useful. A quintessential symbol of labor, the hammer has come to represent hard work and embody the spirit of human industry.

Outsetton:

As used in the final paragraph, which of the following describes something quintessential?

life, our newborn baby cried at night. It was only after we implemented a strict routine of feeding, sleeping, and activity time that we finally able to enjoy a soundless night

The hammer may be oldest tool we have record of. Stone hammers-some of the oldest human artifacts ever discovered-date back as early as 2,600,000 BCE. Not only is the hammer the oldest tool, but it is also the greatest. What make the hammer so great is its simplicity, power, and usefulness. The structure of the hammer is relatively simple-a fact largely responsible for its early invention and widespread distribution across cultures and geographic regions. The hammer is composed of two main parts: a handle and a head. The handle is used to swing the hammer. The head is used to hit other objects. While the hammer is a very simple tool, it is still able to generate tremendous power. This power results from two factors: the weight of the head, and the speed at which the hammer is swung. Every hammer (though some more than other) has a large distribution of weight at the head. When a hammer is swung, this weight pivots about the hand, which acts as a fulcrum. The handle carries the weight at a distance, acting as a lever arm, so a longer handle means increased speed. The weight of the head together with the speed generated by the lever arm is what gives the hammer so much power. The heavier the head and the faster it is swung, the more power a hammer produces. In addition to the hammer's great power, it also has an exceptionally wide range of useful applications. The purpose of the hammer -- to hit-- is a universal action that can accomplish many tasks. Let's start with the obvious: a hammer can be made to pound nails. But a hammer has many other uses as well. It can break apart hard objects such as brick or concrete. It can bend and shape metal or steel. It can gently tap objects to make small adjustments. It can be used to make sculpture or pottery. It can be used in the hot, harsh business of blacksmithing as well as in delicate operations like crafting jewelry. In times of desperation, it can even be used as a weapon. The hammer truly is a great tool. It is simple, powerful, and useful. A quintessential symbol of labor, the hammer has come to represent hard work and embody the spirit of human industry. Question:

Based on information in the passage, all of the following people might reasonably use a hammer at work except

A. a sculptor who works in different metals

B. an artist who makes earrings

C. the driver of a concrete mixer

D. a carpenter who frames wooden houses

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Based on information in the passage it can be inferred that which of the following hammers is capable of generating the most power?

A. a claw hammer, because it can be swung very fast

B. a ball-peen hammer, because it has a medium length handle and a small head

C. a sledge hammer, because it has a long handle and a heavy head

D. a bush hammer, because it has a long handle and light head

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