

ECAT Computer Science Entry Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Question Image	<p>A. A(<i>α</i>) - A(<i>β</i>)</p> <p>B. A(<i>α</i>) + A(<i>β</i>)</p> <p>C. A(<i style="text-align: center;">α</i>-<i style="text-align: center;">β</i>)</p> <p>D. A(<i style="text-align: center;">α</i>+<i style="text-align: center;">β</i>)</p>
2	Question Image	<p>A. 6, -12, -18 B. -6, 4, 9 C. -6, -4, -9 D. -6, 12, 18</p>
3	The order of the matrix A is 3 x 2 and that of B is 2 x 3. The order of the matrix BA is	<p>A. 3 x 3 B. 3 x 2 C. 2 x 5 D. 5 x 2</p>
4	Question Image	<p>A. 0 B. 1 C. 2 D. 4</p>
5	If the trace of matrix A is 5, then the trace of the matrix 3A is	<p>A. 3/5 B. 5/3 C. 8 D. 15</p>
6	If for the matrix A, $A^5 = I$, then $A^{-1} =$	<p>A. A^2 B. A^3 C. A D. None of above</p>
7	Question Image	<p>A. I B. A C. A I D. None of these</p>
8	For a square matrix A, if $A = A^t$, then A is called	<p>A. matrix B. Transpose C. Symmetric D. Non-symmetric</p>
9	If $A = [a_{ij}]$ is $(m \times n)$ matrix, then transpose of A is of the order	<p>A. $m \times m$ B. $m \times n$ C. $n \times n$ D. $n \times m$</p>
10	We also solve the system of non-homogeneous linear equations by	<p>A. a and b B. b and c C. c and a D. a, b and c</p> <p>A. (0, 0, 0)</p>

- 11 Trivial solution of homogeneous linear equation is
B. (1, 2, 3)
C. (1, 3, 5)
D. a, b and c
- 12 For non-trivial solution $|A|$ is
A. $A = 0$
B. $A^{⁻¹} = 0$
C. $|A| = 0$
D. None of these
- 13 For trivial solution $|A|$ is
A. A
B. $|A|$ is non zero
C. $A = 0$
D. None of these
- 14 System of linear equations is inconsistent if
A. System has no solution
B. System has one solution
C. System has two solution
D. None of above
- 15 An equation of the form $ax + by = k$ is homogeneous linear equation when:
Question Image
- 16 Question Image
- 17 Question Image
A. A
B. -A
C. $A^{⁻¹}$
D. $A^{⁻²}$
- 18 Question Image
A. $A^{⁻¹}$
B. $A^{⁻²}$
C. -A
D. A
- 19 The square matrix A is skew-symmetric when $A^t =$
A. -B
B. -C
C. -A
D. -D
- 20 A square matrix $A = [a_{ij}]$ is upper triangular when
A. $c_{ij} = 0$
B. $b_{ij} = 0$
C. $a_{ij} = 0$ for all $i > j$
D. $d_{ij} = 0$
- 21 A square matrix $A = [a_{ij}]$ is lower triangular matrix when:
Question Image
- 22 Question Image
A. Singular
B. Non-singular
C. Adjoint
D. None of above
- 23 Matrices $A = [a_{ij}]$ 2×3 and $B = [b_{ij}]$ 3×2 are suitable for
A. BA
B. $A^{²}$
C. AB
D. $B^{²}$
- 24 Question Image
- 25 Question Image
A. $a = -1/2, b = -1$
B. $a = 1, b = 2$
C. $a = 2, b = 3$
D. None of above
- 26 Question Image
A. $x = 0, y = 4$
B. $x = -1, y = 2$
C. $x = 2, y = 3$
D. $x = 3, y = 4$
- 27 Question Image
- 28 A and B be two square matrices and if their inverse exist, the $(AB)^{-1} =$
A. $A^{⁻¹}B^{⁻¹}$
B. $AB^{⁻¹}$
C. $A^{⁻¹}B$
D. $B^{⁻¹}A^{⁻¹}$
- 29 Question Image
A. I
B. $14I$
C. 0
D. None of these
- 30 If A and B are two matrices such that $AB = B$ and $BA = A$, then $A^2 + B^2 =$
A. $2AB$
B. $2BA$
C. $A + B$
D. AB