

ECAT Computer Science Chapter 6 Data Communication Online Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	The number of times a wave repeats during a specific time interval is called	A. Amplitude B. Oscillation C. Frequency D. Pulses
2	Light sound and radio waves are examples of :	A. Analog Signals B. Digital Signals C. Simple Signals D. None
3	Communication between a computer and a keyboard involves	A. Simplex B. half-duplex C. Full-duplex D. automatic
4	BIT stands for:	A. Binary integer B. Binary Digit C. Binary Interval D. None of the above
5	The electromagnetic or light waves representing data are called:	A. Reraction B. Information C. Signals D. None
6	The _____ is the physical path over which a message travels.	A. Protocol B. Medium C. Single D. All
7	A device that receives messages is called:	A. Transmitter B. Receiver C. Source D. Sender
8	_____ is not component of data communication.	A. Medium B. Voltage C. Decoder D. Receiver
9	_____ is component of data communication.	A. Sender B. Receiver C. Encoder and Decoder D. All
10	The information that is to be transferred from one location to another is called:	A. Signals B. Data C. Sender D. Message
11	The process of transferring data from one location to another is called:	A. Data processing B. Data Computing C. Data communication D. Data sequencing
12	Data communication requires only a :	A. Sender B. Receiver C. Transmission Medium D. All of the above
13	To make a personal computer act like a terminal, which type of software must be used?	A. fax B. videoconferencing C. bridge D. emulation
14	In the networking environment a network adapter card driver is needed for.	A. Communication with other adapter cards on a network B. Communication between the file server and the other computers on the network C. Communication between different types of computers on a network D. Communication between the adapter card and the computers

15 Select the statement which is most correct about printer drivers.

- A. There is one universal printer driver that will allow full functionality of all printers
- B. All printers made by a specific printer manufacturer can always use the same printer driver and have full functionality
- C. A laser printer driver from one manufacturer will provide full functionality for all laser printers regardless of the manufacturer.
- D. There is a specific printer driver designed for every model of printer that will allow the full functionality of that model of printer