

ECAT Computer Science Chapter 3 The Peripheral Devices Online Test

| Sr | Questions | Answers Choice |
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| 1 | A bar code reader is an example of a(n). | A. processing device B. storage device C. Input device D. output device |
| 2 | A graph prepared by a computer. | A. Is its output B. Is the piece of information to user C. Is a hard copy D. All of the above |
| 3 | A hard disk can be backed up efficiently using. | A. WORM B. a transaction file C. a tape backup system D. zoning |
| 4 | A computer that accepts handwritten input on a screen. | A. minicomputer B. desktop computer C. mainframe D. pen-based computer |
| 5 | A way of physically organizing data on a disk pack to minimize seek time uses. | A. sequential file B. removable hard C. the cylinder method D. Winchester technology <div> </div> |
| 6 | The most commonly used character code/s transmission is/are | A. EBCDIC B. ASCII C. both EBCDIC and ASCII D. nethier EBCDIC and ASCII |
| 7 | A one-color screen on a black background is called. | A. monochrome B. addressable C. blank D. liquid crystal display |
| 8 | The ability to return a changed disk record to its original location is called. | A. magneto-optical B. rotational delay C. multimedia D. updating in place |
| 9 | The major disadvantage of magnetic tapes is. | A. cost B. unreliability of store data C. slow data recording D. data is to be accessed sequentially |
| 10 | Records stored on a Direct Access storage device. | A. must be read in a specific order B. must be read in groups C. must be read directly D. must be read sequentially or directly |
| 11 | Assigning more sectors to outer disk tracks is called. | A. zone recording B. randomizing C. data transfer D. sectoring |
| 12 | Shift of a register by one bit to left in binary code is equivalent to. | A. addition of 2 B. subtraction of 2 C. division by 2 D. multiplication by 2 |
| 13 | A storage medium which cannot support both direct-access and sequential-access application is. | A. magnetic drum B. hard disk C. magnetic tape D. floppy disk |
| 14 | A pictorial screen symbol that represents a computer activity is called a(n). | A. pointer B. touch screen C. icon D. MICR |
| | | A. access time |

D. cylinder time