

ECAT Computer Science Chapter 10 Internet Browsing and Email Online Test

0-	Overstions	Arrayana Ohaira
Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	An IP address consists of:	A. Five numbers (0-99) B. Four numbers (0 to 255) C. Four numbers (0-256) D. Five numbers (0-255)
2	A standard IP address is composed of a total of:	A. 4 bits B. 16 bits C. 32 bits D. 256 bits
3	Every host computer on the internet has an:	A. Similar IP address B. Unique 15-digit number C. Unique IP address D. Common name and number
4	How many types of addressing scheme are used on the internet:	A. 3 B. 2 C. 5 D. 8
5	A computer can be linked to the internet through:	A. A phone line modem B. DSL C. Cable modem D. All
6	Who owns the internet?	A. U.S. Government B. Pak Telecom C. United Nations D. None
7	DARPA stands for:	A. Defensive Association of Russian Policy with America B. Dared Association of Republic Partition C. Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency D. Defensive Advanced Regional Political Agency
8	ARPA stands for:	A. Defense Advanced Research Projects Associated B. Advanced Residential Programming Association C. Advanced Research project Agency D. Arizona's Russian Program of Association
9	The USA defense Department initiated the internet in:	A. 1969 B. 1976 C. 1978 D. 1980
10	TCP/IP stands for:	A. Transmission Control Protocol/Internet B. Transfer Collector protocol International protocol C. Transitional Covered protocol/Internet Protocol D. Transferred Collector Protocol/Internet Protocol
11	The high speed connections that form the major pathways of the internet is called:	A. Server B. Platform C. Protocol D. Backbone
12	An initial internet that connected for university computer systems was called:	A. Internet B. ARPANET C. NSFNet D. CERNNet
13	Which of the following is a protocol:	A. HTTP B. COM C. HTML

		D. UKL
14	Which of the following is an internet protocol;	A. Ethernet B. ARCnet C. TCP/IP D. MAC
15	A collection of millions of computer connected to one another is called:	A. Web browser B. Internet C. Intranet D. Words Wide Web