

ECAT Chemistry Chapter 24 Carboxylic Acid Online Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Zwitter ion is ion an amino acid	A. Polar B. Monopular C. Dipolar D. Non polar
2	Question Image	A. Ethanol in the presence of concentrated sulphuric acid B. Potassium hydroxide C. Sodium D. Sodium carbonate
3	Question Image	A. Elimination Esterification B. Elimination Isomerisation C. Oxidation Exterification D. Oxidation Oxidation
4	Question Image	A. di(4-bormophenyl) method B. Methanol C. Propan-1-ol D. Propan-2-ol
5	Question Image	
6	Which compound is both chiral and acidic	
7	Question Image	A. Acidified AgNO _{3(aq)} B. Fehling's solution C. Na D. Na ₂ XO _{3(aq)}
8	A compound X has all of the following properties: It is a liquid at room temperature and atmospheric pressure; It does not mix completely with water; It does not decolorise acidified potassium manganate What could X be	A. Ethane B. Ethanoic acid C. Ethanol D. Ethyl ethanoate
9	Question Image	A. RCH(CH ₃)CO ₂ H + CH ₃ OH B. RCH(CH ₃)CO ₂ H + HCO ₂ H C. RCH(CH ₃)OH + CO ₂ D. RCH(CH ₃)OH + HCO ₂ H
10	Question Image	A. Step 1 Step 2 <div>HCI HCN</div> B. HcN,NaCH H ₂ SO ₄ C. H ₂ SO ₄ K ₂ Co ₂ CD. KCN HCI
11	Glutamic acid, aspartic acid are amino acid	A. Acidic B. Basic C. Neutral D. None of these
12	A peptide having molecular mass upto 10,000 is called a	A. Vitamin B. Protein C. Polypeptide D. Dipetide
13	If a large number of amino acids (hundreds to thousands) are joined by peptide bonds, the resulting product is called	A. Dipeptide B. Tripeptide C. Polypeptide D. None of these
14	The acid present in vinegar is	A. CH ₃ COOH B. HCI C. H ₂ SO ₄ D. HCOOH
15	The OH group present in acids may be replaced by CI atom on treatment with	A. PCI ₅ B. SOCI ₂ C. Both of them D. None of the above
16	Acetamides are formed by the reaction of carboxvlic acids with	A. Acids B. Bases C. Salts

	oursery no dollar than	D. NH ₃
17	Which of the following is present in the stings of bees and wasps	A. Formic acid B. Citric acid C. Carbolic acid D. Formalin
18	The human body can synthesize amino acids	A. 1 B. 10 C. 20 D. 19
19	Which one of the following has been hydroxyl and carboxylic acid groups	A. Phenols B. Picric acid C. Phthalic acid D. Salicylic acid
20	Optical activity is possible in	A. Oxalic acid B. Acetic acid C. Tartaric acid D. Formic acid
21	Those amino acids which contain two carboxylic groups are called amino acids	A. Acidic B. Basic C. Neutral D. None of these
22	Which of the following statements about acetic, anhydride is not correct	A. It is immiscible with water but is hydrolysed to give acetic acid B. It is prepared by the action of actyl chloride on the sodium salt of acetic acid C. it reacts with ammonia to give acetamide D. it is a strong acid
23	The human body can synthesize amino acids	A. 1 B. 10 C. 20 D. 19
24	The amino acids which human body can synthesize are called amino acid	A. Essential B. Non essential C. Acidic D. Basic
25	The acid present in the stings of bees and wasps in	A. Acetic acid B. Formic acid C. Formalin D. Formaldehyde
26	An artificial smell of banana is produced in many articles y using esters which of the following is that	A. Amyl acetate B. Isoamyl valerate C. Octyl acetate D. Methyl butyrate
27	Esters have peculiar smell, which of the following is used as an essence of orange	A. Isoamyl acetate B. Iosamyl valerate C. Octyl acetate D. Methyl butyrate
28	The Zwitter ion is also called	A. International salt B. Internal salt C. No salt D. None of these
29	Lysine is amino acid	A. Acidic B. Basic C. Natural D. None of these
30	When acetic acid and ethanol react together an ester is formed which is called	A. Ethyl ester B. Ethanoic acid C. Ethanoic acid D. Ethyl acetate