

Chemistry Fsc Part 2 Online Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Which of the following lipids does not have glycerol backbone.	A. Fat B. Oil C. Cholesterol D. Phospholipid
2	Which one of the following Lipids does not have glycerol backbone.	A. Cholesterol B. Oil C. glycogen D. Vitamin D
3	The amount of free fatty acid in fats and oil is determined by	A. lodine numberB. Acid numberC. Saponification numberD. Gold number
4	Cholesterol is an important precursor in the biosynthesis of	A. Sex harmonies B. Adrenal hormones C. Vitamin D D. All of these
5	The degree of unsaturation of fat is measured by	A. lodine numberB. Oxidation numberC. Reduction numberD. Saponification value
6	To which class of organic compounds soap belongs.	A. Ether B. Ketones C. Aldehyde D. Salt of an organic acid
7	Some non protein portion attached to the protein is called.	A. Prosthetic group B. Secondary protein C. Transport protein D. All of these
8	Dennturing of protein is	A. Hydrolysis of protein B. Unfolding of protein C. Three dimensional twisting and folding of peptide chain D. Developing hydrogen bonding in peptide chain
9	Which one of the following is a compound protein or conjugate protein.	A. Legumin B. Albumin C. Collagen D. Phosphoprotein
10	Which one of the following proteins transports oxygen in blood stream.	A. Insulin B. Albumin C. Hemoglobin D. Globulin
11	When hydrolyzed, protein yields.	A. Fatty acid B. Glycerol C. Amino acid D. Nucleosides
12	Which carbohydrate is called animal starch	A. Glucose B. Fructose <div> </div> C. Glycogen D. Starch
13	In which form, glucose is stored in the liver	A. Lactic acid B. Maltose C. Ribose D. Glycogen
14	Lactose has same molecular formula as	A. Glucose B. Fructose C. Ribose D. Maltose
15	Glycoside linkage is present in	A. Proteins B. Nylon -6,6 C. Starch

		D. DNA
16	Which one of the following compounds is most abundant is nature.	A. glucose B. Starch C. Cellulose D. Fructose
17	Which carbohydrate can be used for silvering of mirror.	A. Glucose B. Fructose C. Maltose D. All