

## Biology FSC Part 2 Online MCQ's Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	The hormones which controls the development of male secondary sexual characteristics during puberty is.	A. Progesterone B. Testosterone C. Estrogen D. Thyroxin
2	Reptiles and birds are.	A. Viviparous B. Oviparous C. Marsupial D. Ovoviviparous
3	Rapid aging and less resistance to environmental stress and diseases are limitations of.	A. Parthenocarpy B. Cloning C. Phototropism D. Verbalization
4	Haploid males produce sperms by mitosis.	A. Hydra B. Man C. Earth worm D. Honey bee
5	In honey bee, males are haploid and produce sperms by.	A. Mitosis B. Meiosis C. Apomixis D. Parthenogenesis
6	Union of gametes is called.	A. Fertilization B. Spermatogenesis C. oogenesis D. Gametogenesis
7	Fertilizations is the process which leads to the union of.	A. Individuals B. Gametes C. Eggs D. Sperms
8	Diploid parthenogenesis may occur in	A. Aphids B. Bees C. Wasp D. Honey bee
9	The animals that lay shelled eggs to protect the developing embryo are called.	A. Oviparous B. Ovoviviparous C. Viviparous D. Egg laying mammals
10	Development of an egg into embryo without fertilization is called as.	A. Parthenocarpy B. parthenogenesis C. Fragmentation D. Meiosis
11	Type of asexual reproduction.	A. Fertilization B. Vernalization C. Photoperiodism D. Apomixes
12	In nature to p730 conversion occurs in.	A. Light B. Evening C. Morning D. Dark
13	Temperature around 4°C stimulates the production of.	A. Florigen B. Vernalin C. Ethene D. Auxins
14	Photoperiodism was first studied by Garner and Allard in.	A. 1918 B. 1920 C. 1922 D. 1924
15	All of the following are day neutral plants except.	A. Pea B. Wheat C. Maize D. Cotton

16	Example of day Neutral plant is.	A. Tomato B. Xanthium C. Soyabean D. Chrysanthium
17	An example of long day plant is	A. Tomato B. Cabbage C. Corn D. Soyabean