

## Biology FSC Part 2 Online MCQ's Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Highly condensed portions of the chromatin are called.	A. Homochromatin B. Heterochromatin C. Euchromatin D. Achromatin
2	The no of chromosome in mouse is	A. 6 B. 32 C. 26 D. 40
3	The base pairs in human genome are.	A. Two billion B. Three billion C. Four billion D. Five billion
4	No of chromosomes in Honey bee are.	A. 6 B. 20 C. 32 D. 40
5	A chromosome with equal length of its arms.	A. Acrocentric B. Metacentric C. sub meta centric D. Telocentric
6	Morphological characteristics of chromosome are collectively called.	A. Holotype B. Karyokinesis C. Karyotype D. Neotype
7	Chromosomes appear inside the nucleus at the time of.	A. Cell division B. Cell maturation C. Cell elongation D. Cell differentiation
8	Chromosomal part which uncoils, during inter phase is called.	A. Chromatids B. Satellite DNA C. Euchromatin D. Heterochromatin
9	The individuals who born with abnormal organs or body parts is called.	A. Malformed B. Malignant C. Malignant D. Malfunction
10	Environmental factors causing abnormal development are grouped together as.	A. Toxins B. Carcinogens C. Teratogens D. Mutagens
11	Branch of biology which deals with the study of abnormal development and their cause is called.	A. Embryology B. Teratology C. Gerontology D. Microcephaly
12	The unspecialized cells present in flatworm and Planaria are.	A. Neoblast B. Osteoblast C. Osteoclast D. Chondrocyte
13	Unspecialized cells, neoblast are always present in body of.	A. Salamander B. Planaria C. Lizard D. Newt
14	The human life is judged to be maximum of.	A. 60-70 years B. 70-100 years C. 120 -175 years D. 130-135 years
15	Study of aging is called	A. Teratology B. Gerontology C. Cell biology D. Paleontology

16	In ascidian fertilized egg, yellow cytoplasm gives rise to	A. Larval epidermis B. Muscle cells C. Notochord D. Gut
17	Clear cytoplasm produces.	A. Muscle cells B. Gut C. Larval epidermis D. Notochord