

## Biology Fsc Part 1 Online Test

| Sr | Questions  | Answers Choice   |
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| 1  | One cardiac cycle is completed in  | A. 0-3 seconds<br>B. 0-4 second<br>C. 0-8 second<br>D. 0-5 second                    |
| 2  | One complete heart beat tasts for  | A. 0.2 seconds<br>B. 2 seconds<br>C. 0.8 seconds<br>D. 0.15 seconds                  |
| 3  | The renal veins bring the impure blood form.   | A. Kidney<br>B. Lungs<br>C. Brain<br>D. Liver  |
| 4  | Liver receive blood from digestive system through  | A. Portal vein<br>B. Hepatic vein<br>C. Hepatic portal vein<br>D. Iliac vein         |
| 5  | The renal vein brings the impure blood form.   | A. Brain<br>B. Kidney<br>C. Lungs<br>D. Liver  |
| 6  | Which one is not the layer or wall of heart.   | A. Pericardium<br>B. Myocardium<br>C. epicardium<br>D. endocardium                   |
| 7  | The heart is enclosed in a double membranous sac, the.   | A. Pericardium<br>B. Myocardium<br>C. Pericardial cavity<br>D. Abdominal cavity      |
| 8  | Thalassemia is also called.  | A. Cooley's anaemia<br>B. Peter's anaemia<br>C. Thomas anaemia<br>D. Mendl'e anaemia |
| 9  | Hemoglobin Molecule in most cases, does not have beta chain in it, instead F chain is present in | A. Oedema<br>B. Lecuaemia<br>C. Thalasemia<br>D. Anaemia                             |
| 10 | The uncontrolled production of white blood cells result in                                       | A. Oedema<br>B. Leucaemia<br>C. Thaiassaemia<br>D. Asthma                            |
| 11 | Antibodies are produced from   | A. Eosinophils<br>B. Basophils<br>C. Lymphocytes<br>D. Monocytes                     |
| 12 | In normal human body percentage of plasma in blood volume is.                                    | A. 45%<br>B. 30%<br>C. 55%<br>D. 60%   |
| 13 | Antiserum is a serum containing.   | A. Hormones<br>B. Antigen<br>C. Enzymes<br>D. Antibodies                             |
| 14 | Which one of following is not cell but the fragment of large cells.                              | A. Basophils<br>B. Leucocytes<br>C. Platelets<br>D. Erythrocytes                     |
| 15 | A substance that inhibits blood clotting is.   | A. Heparin<br>B. Fibrin<br>C. Fibrinogen<br>D. Thrombin                              |

| 16 | Platelets are not cells, but are fragments of large cells called. | A. Microkaryocytes<br>B. Karyocytes<br>C. Megakaryocytes<br>D. None of these |
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| 17 | Blood provides immunity   | A. Leukocytes<br>B. Platelets<br>C. RBC<br>D. Lymphocytes                    |
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