

NAT-IA Arts & Humanities Pakistan Studies Hard Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	When did Pakistan get independence?	A. August 14, 1947 B. June 3, 1940 C. March 23, 1940 D. August 15, 1947
2	When did Pakistan become a member of U.N.O ?	A. September 30, 1948 B. June 30, 1947 C. September 30, 1947 D. October 24, 1950
3	When did Pakistan become Islami Jamhuri?	A. March 23, 1957 B. March 23, 1956 C. March 23, 1972 D. August 15, 1948
4	What is the total area of Pakistan?	A. 796,098 sq.km B. 810,976 sq.km C. 848,971 sq.km D. 796,096 sq.km
5	What is the position of Pakistan among the world's largest countries by area?	A. 36th B. 39th C. 34th D. 19th
6	Where is the Headquarters of the Army?	A. Karachi B. Quetta C. Rawalpindi D. Islamabad
7	Where is the Headquarter of the Air force?	A. Lahore B. Peshawar C. Sargodha D. Rawalpindi
8	Where is the Headquarters of Navy?	A. Islamabad B. Karachi C. Rawalpindi D. Gwader
9	When was the 1st 5-year plan prepared in Pakistan?	A. April 1, 1955 to March 31, 1960 B. August 14, 1955 to September 19, 1960 C. April 2, 1956 to March 31, 1961 D. June 1, 1950 to July 31, 1955
10	When was the 2nd 5-year plan prepared in Pakistan?	A. July 1, 1961 to June 30, 1966 B. July 1, 1960 to June 30, 1965 C. June 1, 1960 to July 31, 1965 D. August 1, 1960 to September 30, 1965
11	When was the 3rd 5-year plan prepared in Pakistan?	A. June 1, 1965 to July 31, 1970 B. June 1, 1966 to July 31, 1971 C. July 1, 1965 to June 30, 1970 D. July 1, 1966 to June 30, 1971
12	When was the 4th 5-year plan prepared in Pakistan?	A. July 1, 1970 to June 30, 1975 B. July 1, 1970 to July 31, 1975 C. June 1, 1970 to July 31, 1975 D. June 1, 1970 to June 30, 1975
13	When was the 5th 5-year plan prepared in Pakistan?	A. June 1, 1978 to July 31, 1983 B. July 1, 1978 to June 30, 1983 C. July 31, 1978 to June 1, 1983 D. June 30, 1978 to July 31, 1983
14	When was the 6th 5-year plan prepared in Pakistan?	A. June 1, 1983 to July 31, 1988 B. June 30, 1983 to July 1, 1988 C. July 31, 1983 to June 1, 1988 D. July 1, 1983 to June 30, 1988
15	When was the 7th 5-year plan prepared in Pakistan?	A. July 1, 1988 to June 30, 1993 B. July 31, 1988 to June 1, 1993 C. June 30, 1988 to July 1, 1993 D. July 1, 1988 to June 30, 1993

		D. June 1, 1988 to July 31, 1993
16	When was the 8th 5-year plan prepared in Pakistan?	A. July 31, 1993 to June 1, 1998 B. July 1, 1993 to June 30, 1998 C. June 30, 1993 to July 1, 1998 D. June 1, 1993 to July 31, 1998
17	Where is the Tarbela Dam located?	A. Sindh B. Punjab C. NWFP D. A&K
18	Where is the Mangla Dam Located?	A. NWFP B. Punjab C. A&K D. Sindh
19	Where is the Warsak Dam located?	A. Punjab B. NWFP C. A&K D. Gilgit Agency
20	Name the Headquarters of Pakistan?	A. Multan B. Lahore C. Rawalpindi D. Islamabad
21	Name the Headquarters of Sindh:	A. Karachi B. Hyderabad C. Sukker D. Nawabshah
22	Name the Headquarter of Balochistan:	A. Gawadar B. Quetta C. Panjgor D. Turbat
23	Name the Headquarter of NWFP:	A. Dera Ismail Khan B. Chitral C. Peshawar D. Kohat
24	Name the Headquarter of A&K	A. Poonch B. Muzaffarabad C. Islamabad D. Srinagar
25	Name the Headquarter of Gilgit Agency:	A. Skardu B. Gilgit C. Chitral D. Khyber
26	Name the most populous city of Punjab:	A. Multan B. Lahore C. Gujranwala D. Rawalpindi
27	Name the most populous city of Sindh:	A. Karachi B. Hyderabad C. Nawabshah D. Sukkur
28	Name the most populous city of Balochistan:	A. Quetta B. Kalat C. Panjgor D. Gwadar
29	Name the most populous city of NWFP:	A. D.K. Khan B. Peshawar C. Kohat D. Abbotabad
30	Name the most populous city of Azad Jammu & Kashmir:	A. Mirpur B. Muzaffarabad C. Islamabad D. Poonch
31	When did Gwadar become part of Pakistan?	A. On 10th October, 1947 B. On 9th September, 1951 C. On 9th September, 1958 D. On 14th August, 1948
32	When was the Baluchistan given the status of province?	A. On 14th August, 1947 B. On 1st July, 1970 C. On 23rd March, 1948 D. On 3rd June, 1971
		A. On January 9, 1971 B. On March 23, 1988

33	When did denationalization of the nationalized banks start in Pakistan?	B. On March 23, 1988 C. On January 9, 1991 D. On August 15, 1978
34	When were the banks nationalized in Pakistan?	A. On January 1, 1970 B. On March 24, 1970 C. On January 1, 1948 D. On January 9, 1974
35	When was the First women Bank established in Pakistan?	A. On December 1, 1988 B. On December 1, 1989 C. On March 1, 1973 D. On August 14, 1948
36	When was Pakistani rupee pegged to US dollar?	A. February 16, 1977 B. March 17, 1971 C. February 16, 1973 D. February 21, 1981
37	When was Pakistani rupee delinked from dollar?	A. January 8, 1988 B. January 8, 1982 C. January 7, 1982 D. January 10, 1982
38	When did the National Assembly approve the First Constituent of Pakistan?	A. On March 23, 1949 B. On February 29, 1956 C. On August 14, 1947 D. On March 23, 1950
39	When was the First Cabinet of Pakistan formed?	A. On August 14, 1947 B. On August 14, 1948 C. On August 15, 1947 D. On March 23, 1948
40	When was first Martial Law imposed in Pakistan?	A. On June 30, 1950 B. On October 7, 1958 C. On October 17, 1958 D. On September 14, 1968
41	Idea of Indian National Congress was put forward by:	A. Alan Octavin Hume B. Lord Minto C. Lord Morley
42	Indian National Congress came into existence in:	A. 1884 B. 1885 C. 1886
43	Bengal was officially divided on:	A. 16th October, 1905 B. 16th October, 1906 C. 16th October, 1907
44	After partition of Bengal, the population of Eastern Bengal and Assam was:	A. 30 million B. 31 million C. 35 million
45	After Partition of Bengal, the population of Western Bengal was:	A. 52million B. 54million C. 56million
46	The territories to be transferred to form Bengal to the new province consisted of the districts of:	A. Chittagong division B. Dacca division C. Both
47	The scheme of partition was sanctioned by Secretary of State of India:	A. Lord Curzon B. St. John Brodrick C. Lord Minto
48	The Swadeshi movement mean:	A. Boycott campaign B. Communal clash C. Any war
49	Simla deputation was led by:	A. Sir Agha Khan B. Quaid-i-Azam C. Nawab Saleemullah
50	Who moved the resolution of establishing Muslim League?	A. Nawab of Dacca B. Nawab of Delhi C. Nawab of Chittagong
51	Who delivered the Presidential address in which the Muslim League was established?	A. Nawab Waqarul Mulk B. Nawab Saleemullah C. Sir Agha Khan
52	Separate electrote was granted to Muslims in	A. 1906 B. 1909 C. 1919
53	Annulment of Partition of Bengal was announced in:	A. 1910 B. 1911

		C. 1912
54	Jinnah was formally enrolled in the All-India Muslim League in:	A. 1912 B. 1913 C. 1914
55	Comrade was started by:	A. Maulana Muhammad Ali B. Maulana Abdul Kalam Azad C. Quaid-i-Azam
56	Al-Hilal was started by:	A. Maulana Shibli Nomani B. Maulana Muhammad Ali C. Sir Dr. M. Iqbal
57	Jinnah was the principal architect of:	A. Lucknow pact B. Simla Deputation C. Tehreek-i-khilafat
58	The most important change brought about by Minto-Morley reforms was:	A. Weight age B. Seats for Muslims C. Separate Electorate
59	Turkey in the First World War chose to fight on the side of:	A. British forces B. Germany C. Indian Muslims
60	Treaty of Sevres was announced in:	A. 1920 B. 1921 C. 1922
61	Lord Montague was in favour of negotiating or mild treaty with:	A. Treaty of Lausanne B. Treaty of Versailles C. Conciliatory Treaty
62	Shuddhi and sangthan movements were started at the end of:	A. 1919 Reforms B. Tehreek-i-Khilafat C. Annulment of Partition of Bengal
63	Zamindar was brought about by:	A. Zafar Ali Khan B. M Ali Johar C. M. Shaukhat Ali
64	Report of the Rowlett Committee was published in:	A. 1917 B. 1918 C. 1919
65	Jalianwala Bagh tragedy took place in:	A. 1918 B. 1920 C. 1919
66	Jinnah resigned from congress during Nagpur session in:	A. 1920 B. 1921 C. 1922
67	Moplah rising in Malabar took place in:	A. 1920 B. 1921 C. 1922
68	The Moplah rose against:	A. The British B. Hindu Zamindar C. Both
69	Which movement was started by Sir Swami Shradhnand?	A. Shuddhi B. Sangthan C. Swaraja
70	Sangthan movement was started by:	A. Pandit Malavia B. Nehru C. Gandhi
71	Swami Shradhnand was murdered in:	A. 1925 B. 1926 C. 1927
72	Chaura tragedy took place in:	A. 1922 B. 1924 C. 1925
73	Khilafat was abolished by Mustafa Kamal Pasha in:	A. 1922 B. 1924 C. 1926
74	Simon Commission was sent to India in:	A. 1925 B. 1926 C. 1927
75	On the arrival of Simon Commission, Muslim League was split into two groups. One group was led by:	A. Sir Agha Khan B. Sir Muhammad Shafee

76	On the arrival of Simon Commission, Muslim League was split into two groups. One group was led by Sir Muhammad Shafee and the other group was led by:	A. Allama Iqbal B. Quaid-i-Azam C. Nawaz Waqar-ul-Mulk
77	Which party was divided into Pro-changers and No-changers?	A. Congress B. Muslim League C. Nationlist Muslim
78	Nehru Report was an answer of a challenge given by:	A. Lord Minto B. Lord Birkenhead C. Lord Montague
79	Nehru Report accepted the following demand:	A. Separate provinces of North-West frontier and Sindh B. Separate Electrote C. Both
80	Treaty of Severs was replaced by:	A. Treaty of Lausanne B. Treaty of Versailles C. Conciliatory Treaty
81	Who is the author of "Kitab-ul-Hind"?	A. Ibn-e-Sina B. Abu Rehan Bairuni C. Ibn-e-Beitar D. Maulana Rumi
82	Who of the following formed the scientific society?	A. Mohammad Ali Johar B. Abdul Kalam Azad C. Sir syed ahmed khan D. Mohsin-ul- Mulk
83	When the Scientific society was formed?	A. 1863 B. 1865 C. 1870 D. 1890
84	Who captured the Indian states through the introduction of subsidiary system?	A. Lord Clive B. Lord Welsly C. Lord Minto D. Lord Salisbury
85	Which Hindu woman fought against the British in the War of independence 1857?	A. Lakshmi Bai B. Ratan Bai C. Queen of Mysore D. Aimy Bai
86	When the Quaid-e-Azam Muhammad Ali Jinnah was born?	A. 25 Dec. 1875 B. 25 Dec. 1876 C. 25 Dec. 1877 D. 25 Dec. 1878
87	Who ordered to introduce Hindi lexicography in UP?	A. Lord Minto B. Lord Mount Batten C. Antihny Medonald D. Devid Mcdonald
88	Who is associated with giving an order of firing at Jallianwala garden?	A. General Dyre B. Lord Minto C. Anthony Mc Donald D. General David
89	Who started the "Sudhi Movement" in sub-continent?	A. Dada Bhai Nauru ji B. Jawahar Lal Nehru C. Swami Dayanand D. Dr. Moonje
90	Congress started which of the following movements against the partition of Bengal?	A. Sawadeshi B. Shudhi C. Sanghtan D. Arya smaj
91	Who established the theosophical society in the sub-continent?	A. Mrs. Mount batten B. Abdul Kalam Azad C. Annie Basant D. Sir Syed Ahmed Khan
92	What was the purpose of theosophical society?	A. Restoration of old culture B. Restoration of old buildings C. Restoration of old temples D. Restoration of old religions
93	Who established the "Arya smaj"?	A. Swami Dayanand B. Mk. Ganolhi C. Bal Gangadhar Tilak D. Subash Chandra Bose

94	Who was the "Arya smaj" movement established?	A. 1873 B. 1874 C. 1878 D. 1879
95	Where was the headquarter of "Arya Smaj"?	A. Lahore B. Mumbai C. Dehli D. Calcutta
96	Which of the following educational institutes was established by the Hindus at Lahore.	A. Sanatan Dharam College B. Civil lines college C. DAV college D. King Edward College
97	Which of the following educational institutes was established by the Hindus at Lahore. Which Muslim student was martyred during a Movement against the Punjab Government.	A. Muhammad Abdullah B. Ch. Haroon C. Muhammad Malik D. Sajawal Khan
98	Which institute was established by the Sikhs in Lahore.	A. Dayal Singh College B. M.A.O college C. Islamia College D. Government College
99	From which college Ch. Rehmat Ali was graduated?	A. Govt. M.A.O . College B. Govt. Dayal Singh College C. Islamia College D. Govt. College
100	Whom of the following leaders proposed the name "Pakistan"?	A. Mulana Zafar Ali B. Ch. Rehmat Ali C. Allama Iqbal D. Quaid -e-Azam
101	Which of the following organizations was established by Ch. Rehmat Ali in Islamia College Lahore.	A. Bazm-i-Shibli B. Muslim students Federation C. Baz-i-Urdu D. Jamiat-e-Islami
102	Which principal of Islamia College took part in Pakistan Movement openly?	A. Dr. Umar Hayat Malik B. Dr. Ali Muhammad C. Professor Allah Bakhsh D. Professor Yaqoob Ali
103	Which of the following was/were associated with the Muslim Student's federation?	A. Hameed Nizami B. Mian Muhammad Shafi C. Abdul Sattar Niazi D. All of the above
104	Which principal of Islamia College of Lahore was nominated as the member of the parliament of Pakistan.	A. Dr. Ali Muhammad B. Abdul Sattar Niazi C. Dr. Umer Hayat Malik D. Mulana Shibli
105	Which of the following books of Saraswati Dayanand got famous?	A. Satyarth Parkash B. Gokaruna Nidhi C. Reflections D. Vyavahar Bhano
106	Who is associated with the establishment of the Congress?	A. Sardar Pate B. Jawahar Lal Nehru C. A.O. Hume D. Mk. Gandhi
107	Which was the established year of the Congress?	A. 1870 B. 1875 C. 1885 D. 1890
108	Who presided the inaugural session of the Congress?	A. A.O. Hume B. Mk. Gandhi C. W.C. Bannerjee D. W.C. Brahman
109	Which leader is responsible to gather all the Indian minorities and got the minorities pact signed?	A. Sir Agha Khan B. Sir Muhammad Shafi C. Both a and b D. None of these
110	Who is the author of the book "A Nation in Making"?	A. Rabindranath Tagore B. Surendra Nath Banerjee C. Abdul Kalam Azad D. Jawahar Lal Nehru
111	Why did Lala Lajpat Rai take part in a movement against the partition of Bengal?	A. For personal interests B. For national interests C. For Muslim's Benefits D. Being the friend of Ti Lak

112	Who is the father of subsidiary system?	A. Lord Minto B. Lord Lewrance C. Lord Welesly D. Lord Clive
113	Which of the following women took part in the war of independence?	A. Hazrat Mahal B. Queen of Jhansi C. Both a and b D. None of these
114	When the War of independence had ended?	A. 20 Nov. 1858 B. 25 Nov. 1858 C. 26 Nov. 1858 D. 30 Nov. 1858
115	Who established the Landon chapter of Muslim League?	A. Ch. Rehmat Ali B. Mian Muhammad Shafi C. Syed Amir Ali D. Allama Iqbal
116	What was the name of father of the Quaid-e-Azam.	A. Punja Jinnah B. Ahmed Ali Jinnah C. Bune Ali Jinnah D. Poonja Go Kuldass Meghji
117	Who was the mother of the Quaid-i-Azam?	A. Mithi Bai B. Shireen Bai C. Johan Ara D. Khursheed Begum
118	Quaid -e-Azam got his early education from.	A. Madrasah rehmiya B. Nadvat ul Ulema C. Madrasah Tul Islam D. Islamia School
119	When the Quaid-i-Azam got married for the first time.	A. 1882 B. 1890 C. 1900 D. 1920
120	When did the Quaid-e-Azam marry for the second time?	A. 1902 B. 1910 C. 1918 D. 1920
121	What was the name of Quaid-i-Azam residency in Mumbai.	A. Mount Pleasant B. Fountain HUse C. Blue House D. Red House
122	What was the name of Quaid-i-Azam residency in Mumbai.	A. Red House B. Blue House C. Fountain HUse D. Mount Pleasant
123	When the Muslims celebrated the day of Deliverance?	A. 25 Dec. 1935 B. 22 Dec. 1937 C. 22 Dec. 1939 D. 22 Dec. 1940
124	Who presented the Pakistan Resolution ?	A. Abdullah Haroon B. A.K. Fazal-ul-Haq C. Quaid-i-Azam D. Qazi Muhammad Issa
125	Whom of the following uttered these words"1" consider the partition of India a sin"?	A. M K Gandhi B. Quaid-e-Azam C. Jawahar Lal Nehru D. Abdullah Haroon
126	Who of the following first second the Pakistan Resolution?	A. Quaid-e-Azam B. Fazl-ul-Haq C. Ch. Khaliq D. Abdullah HAROON
127	Which of the following woman delivered a speech in favour of the Pakistan Resolution?	A. Fatima Jinnah B. Amjadi Bano C. Salma Tasadduq Hussian D. Begum Liaquat Ali
128	Who translated the Pakistan Resolution of Urdu?	A. sir Zafrullah khan B. Abdullah Haroon C. Muhammad shafi D. Muhammad Zafar Ali Khan
129	Who supported the Pakistan Resolution from U-P?	A. Sardar Aurangzeb B. Qazi Issa C. Zafar Ali Khan

		<p>C. Sir Fazal Hussain</p> <p>D. Kahalee-uz -Zaman</p>
130	Who was the founder of the Unionist party in Punjab?	<p>A. Muhammad Shafi</p> <p>B. Sir Sikan Hayat</p> <p>C. Sir Fazal Hussain</p> <p>D. Nawab Mamdoot</p>
131	Who was the architect of preparing stage for the Pakistan Resolution?	<p>A. Haji Alif Din</p> <p>B. Haji Muhammad Din</p> <p>C. Abdul Sattar</p>
132	Sir Sikandar Hayat failed to address the Lahore Resolution due to	<p>A. Sickness</p> <p>B. Non invitation</p> <p>C. Killing of Khaksars</p> <p>D. Shortage of time</p>
133	Who started the "Khaksar" Movement?	<p>A. Allama Inayat Ullah Mashriqi</p> <p>B. Allama Shabbir Ahmed Usmani</p> <p>C. Nawab Mamdoot</p> <p>D. Muhammad Shafi</p>
134	The motto "Unity, Faith and Discipline" was uttered by teh Quaid-i-Azam in .	<p>A. 1941</p> <p>B. 1942</p> <p>C. 1943</p> <p>D. 1944</p>
135	When the 'Quit India' Movement was started?	<p>A. August 1940</p> <p>B. August 1941</p> <p>C. August 1942</p> <p>D. August 1944</p>
136	Who started the 'Quit India Movement'?	<p>A. Congress</p> <p>B. Muslim League</p> <p>C. Unionist party</p> <p>D. Punjab Landlords Association</p>
137	The statement Pakistan come into being the day when first Hindu embraced Islam was made by	<p>A. Allama Iqbal</p> <p>B. Quaid-i-Azam</p> <p>C. Mohsin ul Mulk</p> <p>D. Muhammad Ali Johar</p>
138	"Show boy of the Congress" was called .	<p>A. Jawahar Lal Nehro</p> <p>B. Motilal Nethro</p> <p>C. Abdul Kalam Azad</p> <p>D. Dr. Zakir Hussain</p>
139	The Wavell Plan was declared by teh Quaid-i-Azam as.	<p>A. A web and snare</p> <p>B. A white elephant</p> <p>C. A fraud</p> <p>D. A good omen</p>
140	The cabinet mission was constituted of how many members?	<p>A. 5</p> <p>B. 3</p> <p>C. 6</p> <p>D. 7</p>
141	When the members of Muslim League were included in the caretaker government?	<p>A. 10 Oct. 1946</p> <p>B. 13 Oct. 1946</p> <p>C. 15 Oct. 1946</p> <p>D. 20 Oct. 1946</p>
142	Name the principal Ali Garh who supported the Muslims to get their demands accepted?	<p>A. Muhammad Ali Johar</p> <p>B. William Archbold</p> <p>C. Sir Morison</p> <p>D. Ziauddin Ahmed</p>
143	What was the real name of Waqar-ul-Mulk	<p>A. Feroze Khan</p> <p>B. Ghulam Abbas</p> <p>C. Tameez ud din</p> <p>D. Maulvi Mushtaq Ahmed</p>
144	What was the real name of Mohsin ul- Mulk?	<p>A. Abdullah</p> <p>B. Maulvi Mushtaq</p> <p>C. Mulvi Mehdi Ali Khan</p> <p>D. Maulvi Imdad</p>
145	Whome of the following organized the Bombay Branch of the 'Home Rule League'?	<p>A. Muhammad Ali Jinnah</p> <p>B. Muhammad Ali Johar</p> <p>C. Annie Basant</p> <p>D. Mulana Shoukat Ali</p>
146	Name the governor of Bombay, who bad argued with Muhammad Ali Jinnah.	<p>A. Willington</p> <p>B. Mecdonald</p> <p>C. Archbold</p> <p>D. Lawrence</p>
147	Name the place where the congress was insulted	<p>A. Bombay</p> <p>B. Calcutta</p> <p>C. Dehli</p>

		C. Durrani D. Amritsar
148	Who laid the foundation of Dar-ul-Uloom Deoband?	A. Maulvi Fazl ur Rehman B. Mullvi Zulfiqar Ali C. Qasim NANOTVI D. A and B
149	On whose name the name of Dar-ul-Uloom was choosed?	A. Fazl-ur-Rehman B. Qasim Nanotvi C. Suleman Nadvi D. Maulvi Zulfiqar
150	Who were the important personalities of Nadva Tul Ulema?	A. Maulana Shibli B. Syed Suleman Nadvi C. Qasim Nanotvi D. Both A and B
151	Who proposed the title Quaid-i-Azam for Muhammad Ali Jinnah.	A. Maulana Shibli B. Allama Iqbal C. Maulana Mazhar du din D. Maulana Muhammad Ali Jauhr
152	What was the full name of Sir Agha Khan?	A. Agha Khan II B. Agha Khan Shah C. Agha Khan I D. Sultan Muhammad Shah Agha Khan III
153	Who was behind the arrangement of Muslim Conference?.	A. Sir shafi B. Fazal Hussain C. Quaid-i-Azam D. Both a and b
154	When the Nehru Report wqas passed/	A. August 1928 B. December 1928 C. December 1929 D. Both a and b
155	When the 14 points of Quaid-i-Azam were presented?	A. April, 1928 B. April, 1929 C. April, 1930 D. April, 1927
156	Initially, for which newspapers and digests Allama Iqbal wrote?	A. The Bengali B. Makhzan C. Paisa Akba D. Both B and C
157	Who was the teacher of Allama Iqbal?	A. Sir Thomas Arnold B. Syed Mir Hussain C. Sir Syed Ahmed Khan D. Both a and b
158	Who of the following uttered these words"Hindus Dandi Maar Gya HAI"?	A. Quaid-e-Azam B. Sir Syed Ahmed Khan C. Allama Iqbal D. Mohsin ul Mulk
159	This is the parting of the ways, who uttered these words?	A. Sir Agha Khan B. Waqar ul mulk C. Quaid-e-Azam D. Sir Muhammad Shafi
160	After taking the reigns of India whom the British crown appointed as Viceroy?	A. Lord Canning B. Lord Minto C. Lord Curzon D. None of above
161	Which organization was formed by Sir syed Ahmed Khan for the protection of Urdu?	A. Urud Sahara B. Urdu Defence Society C. Urdu protection society D. None of above
162	When the Hindi Language was ordered to be enforced in U.P by the Governor Anthony McDonald?	A. 18 April, 1878 B. 18 April, 1900 C. 18 April, 1902 D. 18 April, 1904
163	Which Governor enforced Urdu as well along with Hindi.	A. Anthony McDonald B. Lord Hardinge C. James Laroche D. None of the abvoe
164	Name the digest of Sir Syed Ahmed Khan that was published in English as well as Urdu	A. Aligarh Institute Gazette B. Urdu Akhbar C. Risala Makhzan D. All of the above

165	Who of the following laid the foundation stone of MAO High School on 12th on November 1875?	A. Sir William Muir B. Sir Syed Ahmed Khan C. Waqar ul Mulk D. Mohsin Ul Mulk
166	Who is associated with the inauguration of M.A.O College on 8th January?	A. Sir William Muir B. Lord Litton C. Sir Syed Ahmed Khan D. None of above
167	Who founded the Anglo oriental Association?	A. Sir Syed Ahmed Khan B. Anthony McDonald C. Both of the above D. None of the above
168	Who is the author of "spirit of Islam"?	A. William Muir B. Sir Syed Ahmed Khan C. Syed Ameer Ali D. Allama Iqbal
169	Name the leader who led the first big Hindu Muslim riots in 1893?	A. Sardar Patel B. Bai Gngudhar Tilak C. Sawami Shard Hanand D. None of the above
170	What is meant by 'Annad Math'?	A. Temple of Serrows B. Temple of Happines C. Temple of Sadness D. Noene of the above
171	When the Gandhi Irwin pact was made?	A. 4 January , 1931 B. 4 January , 1932 C. 4 January , 1933 D. 4 January , 1934
172	Who of the following is said to be the founder of Sindh Madressah Tul Islam Karachi.	A. Sir Syed Ahmed Khan B. Maulvi Mir Hassan C. Allama Shabir Ahmed Usmani D. Hassan Ali Afandi
173	When the Quaid-i-Azam got admission in Sindh Madressah Tul Islam	A. July 4, 1887 B. July 4, 1886 C. July 4, 1890 D. July 4, 1891
174	Indicate the year of establishment of Nadva Tul Ulema?	A. 1894 B. 1895 C. 1896 D. 1898
175	When the partition of Bengal was made?	A. 16 OCT, 1900 B. 16 OCT, 1901 C. 16 OCT, 1902 D. 16 OCT, 1905
176	When the annulment of Partition of the Bengal was made?	A. 12 December, 1911 B. 12 December, 1912 C. 12 December, 1913 D. None of the above
177	Who proposed the name "All India Muslim league"?	A. Quaid-e-azam B. Muhammad Ali johar C. Sir Muhammad shafi D. All of teh above
178	When the Punjab Muslim League was established.	A. 1905 B. 1906 C. 1907 D. 1908
179	Who was the founder of Lond Chapter of the muslim league?	A. Syed Ameer Ali B. Ch. Rehmat Ali C. All the above D. None of these
180	Upto which year Sir Agha Khan remained the president of the Muslim League?	A. 1910 B. 1911 C. 1912 D. 1913
181	Who succeded Sir Agha Khan as teh president of the Muslim League?	A. Muhamamd Ali Johar B. Allama Iqbal C. Raja Sb of Mehmood aboad D. None of these
182	Qaid -i-Aza, remained the member of both the congress as well as the Muslim league during.	A. 1912 to 1915 B. 1913 to 1920 C. 1915 to 1920 D. 1916 to 1918

183	When the Rowlett Act was passed?	A. March 1918 B. March 1919 C. March 1920 D. None of the above
184	Who of the following Killed Swami Shard Hanand?	A. Ghazi Ilm Din B. Ghazi Abdur Rasheed C. Both a and b D. None of these
185	Which incident forced Gandhi to freeze the activities of Khilafat Movement in february 1922	A. Moplah Rovolt B. Kawanpur Tragendy C. Jallianwala Bagh Incident D. Chauri Chora Incident
186	Who of the following killed the publiser of the book "Rangeela Rasool"?	A. Ghazi Abdullah B. Ghazi Abdur Rasheed C. Ghazi ilm uddin D. None of these
187	Who murdered Nathu Ram a blasphemmer from Karachi.	A. Ghazi Abdur Rasheed B. Ghazi Ilmuddin C. Ghazi Abdullah D. None of these
188	When Muslim League was divided into two factions on the issue of Separate Electorate	A. November, 1920 B. November, 1927 C. November, 1929 D. November, 1930
189	Who was the chief of Nehru committee that formulated the Nehru Report	A. Jawahar Lal Nehru B. Moti Lal Nehru C. MK Gandhi D. Both A and B
190	How many Muslims were included in the Nehru Committee?	A. 1 B. 2 C. 4 D. 6
191	Where the mosque "Shaheed Ganj" is located?	A. Peshawar B. Multan C. Lahore D. Rawalpindi
192	Which of the following was the year of demise of Muhammad Ali Johar?	A. 1930 B. 1931 C. 1932 D. 1933
193	Muhammad Ali Johar was buried in which of the following cities?	A. Delhi B. London C. Jerusalem D. Bombay
194	Who of the followings gave the communal Award?	A. Atlee B. Ramsay Mc Donald C. Churchill D. None of the above
195	When the Communal Award was made?	A. 16 August, 1930 B. 16 August ,1931 C. 16 August ,1932 D. 16 August ,1933
196	Name the personality behind the Khaksar Movement?	A. Khizar Hayat B. Allama Iqbal C. Allama Inayat Ullah D. None of these
197	When the Sindh province was separated from Bombay?	A. 1st April 1930 B. 1st April 1935 C. 1st April 1936 D. 1st April 1937
198	Indicate the years when the sessions of the Muslim League could not be held.	A. 1944, 1922 B. 1932,1934 C. 1935,1936 D. All of the above
199	Who initiated the Wardha Scheme menat to create a single nationalism in india.	A. Abul Kalam Azad B. Zakir Hussain C. M.K. Gandhi D. Jawahir Lal Nehru
200	He was the chairman of 8 member pirpur committee that issued its report on November	A. I.I. Chandrigar B. Muhammad Mehdi

200	19,1938	C. Abdul Haq D. All of the above
201	Who was the pioneer of the slogan Quaid -i-Azam Zindabad.	A. Mian Muhammad Shafi B. Mian Feroz uddin C. Allama Iqbal D. None of these
202	Who gave the little Quaid-i-Azam to Muhammad Ali Jinnah	A. Allama Iqbal B. Maulana Mazhar uddin C. British Government D. None of the above
203	Who the Sikandar -Jinnah pact was made?	A. 1940 B. 1935 C. 1936 D. 1937
204	Who the Sikandar -Jinnah pact was made?	A. 1936 B. 1937 C. 1940 D. 1935
205	The Pakistan resolution was passed under which of the following names on 23th March 1940?	A. Pakistan Resolution B. Muslim Resolution C. Lahore Resolution D. Partition of India Resolution
206	When was the Pakistan Day celebrated for the first time?	A. 19 April, 1939 B. 19 April, 1940 C. 19 April, 1941 D. None of these
207	When the Quaid-i-Azam used the word Pakistan for the first time.	A. 19 November 1939 B. 19 November 1940 C. 19 November 1941 D. None of the above
208	When the Cripps Mission was reached in India?	A. 22 March 1940 B. 29 March 1940 C. 30 March 1940 D. None of these
209	When the recommendations of the Cripps Mission were published?	A. 22 March 1942 B. 25 March 1942 C. 29 March 1942 D. 30 March 1940
210	When a deadly attack was made on the Quaid-i-Azam by the Khaksar activist Rafiq sabir?	A. 2 September, 1940 B. 2 September, 1942 C. 2 September, 1943 D. 2 September, 1944
211	Which of the following books was written by Sir Syed Ahmad Khan?	A. Both a and b B. None of the above C. Tehzib ul Akhlaq D. The spirit of Islam
212	Which of the following books was written by Sir Syed Ahmad Khan?	A. Both a and b B. The spirit of Islam C. None of the above D. Tehzib ul Akhlaq
213	When Shibli Numani parted his ways with the Ali Garh Institute?	A. 1889 B. 1890 C. 1891 D. 1892
214	Who was made the Governor of East Bengal after the partition of Bengal?	A. Anthony McDonald B. Filler C. Lord Lawrence D. Both A and B
215	Where the head quarter of the Muslim League was situated?	A. Darya Ganj, Ali Garh B. Bombay C. Dehli D. Kolkata
216	When the Balkanization of Iran was made by Russia and the Great Britain?	A. 1905 B. 1906 C. 1907 D. 1910
217	Which of the following newspapers was issued by Maulana Muhammad Ali Johar from Delhi.	A. Comrade B. Hamdard C. Urdu Akhbar D. None of these

218	When the Khilafat Delegation met the Viceroy?	A. January, 1919 B. January, 1920 C. January, 1921 D. January, 1922
219	Who was leading the Khilafat Delegation?	A. Dr. Mukhtar Ahmad Ansari B. Muhammad Ali Johar C. Both A and B D. None of these
220	When the Khilafat Delegation met the British Prime Minister.	A. April 17, 1920 B. April 22, 1920 C. April 23, 1920 D. April 24, 1920
221	Who declared the Nehru Report as a "Hindu Report"?	A. Quaid-i-Azam B. Allama Iqbal C. Sir Muhammad Shafi D. All of the above
222	Why Maulana Shoukat Ali conducted a strike in Ali garh College in 1903?	A. Against The College trusted B. Against The College Principal C. Against The European Staff D. Against The Government
223	When the Partition of Bengal was annulled?	A. 12 December , 1910 B. 12 December , 1911 C. 12 December , 1912 D. 12 December , 1913
224	When the Quaid-i-Azam became the member of the Muslim League?	A. 1910 B. 1911 C. 1912 D. 1913
225	When the Muslim League changed its strategy?	A. 1911 B. 1912 C. 1913 D. 1914
226	Under which law the elections started in the sub continent?	A. British Councils Act, 1890 B. British Councils Act, 1892 C. British Councils Act, 1809 D. None of the above
227	When the principle of Separate Electorate was accepted?	A. 1892 B. 1909 C. 1919 D. 1935
228	Muhammad Bin Qasim invaded Sindh in.	A. 710 B. 711 C. 712 D. 713
229	Qutb ud din aibak established a Muslim Rule in the sub continent in	A. 1205 B. 1206 C. 1207 D. 1208
230	Mujaddid Alif Sani born at Sirhind in	A. 1564 B. 1565 C. 1566 D. 1567
231	Hazrat Mujaddid Alif Sani was died in	A. 1624 B. 1625 C. 1626 D. 1627
232	Which Mughul ruler was responsible to introduce Din -i -Ilahi.	A. Akbar B. Jahangir C. Shah Jahan D. Aurangzeb
233	Hazrat Mujaddid Alf Sani refused to prosirate before.	A. Akbar B. Shah Jahan C. Jahangir D. Muhabbat Khan
234	Hazrat Shah Wali Ullah was born in	A. Delhi B. Sarhind C. Ajmair Sharif D. Culcutta
235	Hazrat Shah Wali Ullah was died in.	A. 1760 B. 1761 C. 1762 D. 1763

236	Ahmed Shah Abdali defeated Marathas on the invitation of shah wali Ullah in	A. 1761 B. 1762 C. 1763 D. 1764
237	Syed Ahmed Shaheed was born on December 24, 1786 at.	A. Sarhind B. Dehli C. Lucknow D. Rai braili
238	Syed Ahmed Shaheed fought against	A. Sikhs B. Hindus C. English D. Marhattas
239	Sayed Ahmed Shaheed and Shah Ismaeel were martyred at Balakot on	A. May 6, 1929 B. May 6, 1930 C. May 6, 1931 D. May 6, 1932
240	The war of independence was fought on	A. 1857 B. 1756 C. 1957 D. 1866
241	Sir Syed Ahmed Khan was born in Delhi in	A. 1815 B. 1817 C. 1820 D. 1822
242	Sir Syed Ahmed Khan was born in Delhi in	A. 1815 B. 1817 C. 1820 D. 1822
243	Sir Syed Ahmed died in	A. 1898 B. 1899 C. 1900 D. 1901
244	Sir Syed Ahmed Khan established a school at Muradabad in.	A. 1858 B. 1859 C. 1860 D. 1861
245	Sir Syed Ahmed Khan Established the Scientific Society in.	A. 1863 B. 1864 C. 1865 D. 1866
246	Sir Syed Ahmed Khan issued the Aligarh Institute Gazette in.	A. 1863 B. 1864 C. 1865 D. 1866
247	Sir Syed Ahmed went to England with his son in	A. 1867 B. 1868 C. 1869 D. 1870
248	Who present the two Nation Theories firstly?	A. Abdul Haleem Sharar B. Sir Syed Ahmed Khan C. Allama Iqbal D. None
249	Sir Syed established a school at Aligarh in.	A. 1875 B. 1876 C. 1877 D. 1878
250	Aligarh College was upgraded to a University in	A. 1905 B. 1908 C. 1910 D. 1920
251	Muhammadan Educational Conference was established in.	A. 1885 B. 1886 C. 1887 D. 1888
252	The Urdu, Hindi Controversy was erupted from Banaras in.	A. 1865 B. 1867 C. 1869 D. 1871
253	Sir Syed Ahmed Khan issued Tehzib ul Akhlaq in	A. 1866 B. 1870 C. 1872

		D. 1874
254	The All India Congress was established by A.O.Hume in	A. 1881 B. 1883 C. 1885 D. 1887
255	The Partition of Bengal Was made in	A. 1905 B. 1910 C. 1912 D. 1915
256	The Simla deputation met the Viceroy Lord Minto on	A. Oct ,1, 1995 B. Oct ,1, 1996 C. Oct ,1, 1997 D. Oct ,1, 1998
257	The All India Muslim League was established at Dhakka on.	A. Dec. 30, 1905 B. Dec. 30, 1906 C. Dec. 30, 1907 D. Dec. 30, 1908
258	Who proposed to establish the Muslim League?	A. Waqar ul Mulk B. Nawab Salim Ullah Khan C. M.A. Johar D. Maulana Zafar Ullah Khan
259	When the Minto Murly Reforms were introduced in which the demand of separate electorate was accepted.	A. 1907 B. 1908 C. 1909 D. 1910
260	Who was the first president of the Muslim League?	A. Sir Agha Khan B. Hakim Ajmal C. Quaid-i-Azam D. None of these
261	When the Quaid-Azam joined the Muslim league.	A. 1913 B. 1914 C. 1915 D. 1916
262	Due to the efforts of the Quaid-i-Azam Lucknow pact was made in.	A. 1915 B. 1916 C. 1917 D. 1918
263	The Lucknow pact ensured what ratio of Muslim representation in the center?	A. 1/2 B. 1/3 C. 1/4 D. 1/5
264	When the Khilafat Movement was triggered?	A. 1915 B. 1917 C. 1919 D. 1920
265	When Mustafa Kamal Pasha ended the caliphate in Turkey?	A. 1921 B. 1922 C. 1923 D. 1924
266	When the anti -Muslim Nehru Report was made.	A. 1925 B. 1928 C. 1929 D. 1930
267	When Allama Iqbal delivered his Allahabad address?	A. 1928 B. 1930 C. 1932 D. 1934
268	When Ch. Rehmat Ali issued his pamphlet Now or Never in which he proposed the name Pakistan.	A. 1930 B. 1931 C. 1932 D. 1933
269	Which province was separated from Bombay under the 1935 Act?	A. Balochistan B. Sindh C. Behar D. Junagarh
270	Benazir Bhutto was killed in a suicide attack on.	A. Dec 27. 2006 B. Dec 27. 2007 C. Dec 27. 2008 D. None of these
271	When the Cabinet Mission came to India?	A. 1940 B. 1941

271	When the Cripps Mission came to India?	C. 1942 D. 1943
272	The Lord Wavell came to India as a Viceroy?	A. 1942 B. 1943 C. 1944 D. 1945
273	Simla Conference was held in	A. June , 1941 B. June , 1943 C. June , 1945 D. June , 1946
274	The cabinet Mission plan that was consisted of three ministers came to India in.	A. June , 1944 B. June , 1946 C. June , 1945 D. June , 1944
275	The provinces were divided into how many groups in the Cabinet Mission plan?	A. 1 B. 2 C. 3 D. 4
276	How many Muslim ministers were included in the interim setup?	A. 2 B. 3 C. 4 D. 5
277	The Muslim League observed the Direct action Day on.	A. Aug, 16, 1945 B. Aug, 16, 1946 C. Aug, 16, 1947 D. Aug, 16, 1948
278	Who came to India in March 1947 as the last viceroy?	A. Lord Mount Batten B. Redeliff C. Lord Wavell D. None of these
279	When Mount Batten presented the Partition Plan?	A. March 23, 1947 B. June 3, 1947 C. July 18, 1947 D. Aug 14, 1947
280	When the Indian Independence Act was passed?	A. June 3, 1947 B. July 18, 1947 C. 1st Aug , 1947 D. Aug 14, 1947
281	The United India had the reserves of.	A. 2 Billion rupees B. 3 Billion rupees C. 4 Billion rupees D. 5 Billion rupees
282	What is the average height of Great Himalayas?	A. 5500 m B. 6000 m C. 6500 m D. 7000 m
283	What is the Height of Nanga Parbat the highest peak of the Himalayas?	A. 8411 m B. 8511 m C. 8611 m D. 8711 m
284	What is the height of K-2 the highest peak of the Karakorum Range?	A. 8411 m B. 8511 m C. 8611 m D. 8711 m
285	What is the average Height of Karakorum Range.	A. 600 m B. 6500 m C. 7000 m D. 7500 m
286	When Pakistan tested its nuclear capability on the Mountains of Chagai?	A. May, 28 1997 B. May, 28 1998 C. May, 28 1999 D. None of these
287	What is the called the mid area between the two rivers?	A. Doaba B. Bar C. Sehra D. None of these
288	Which country is situated in the East of Pakistan	A. China B. Iran C. Afghanistan D. India
		A. Indian Ocean

289	What is situated in the South o Pakistan.	A. Indian Ocean B. Arabian Sea C. Bay of Benga D. Strait of Hurmoz
290	What is the National dress of Pakistan.	A. Dhoti Kurta B. Pent coat C. Shalwar Qameez D. None of these
291	What is the national game of pakistan.	A. Hockey B. Foot ball C. Cricket D. Squash
292	Who is the famous musician of the Muslim Era?	A. Tansen B. Blass khan C. Lal khan D. Ameer Khusro
293	The Badshahi Mosque Lahore was built during the ear of which Mughal Emperor?	A. Babur B. Shah Jahan C. Jahangir D. Aurangeb
294	The length of Khyber pass is	A. 50 km B. 52 km C. 53 km D. 56 km
295	Who presided the first session of the constitution making assembly of pakistan held on August 10, 1947?	A. Joginder Nath Mandal B. Quaid-i-Azam C. Liaqat Ali Khan D. None of these
296	The First Prime Minister of Pakistan.	A. Ch. Zafar Ali khan B. Malik Ghulam Muhammad C. Liaqat Ali Khan D. None of thes
297	Liaqat Ali Khan presented the objectives Resolution on.	A. March 12, 1947 B. March 12, 1948 C. March 12, 1949 D. March 12, 1950
298	Liaqat Ali Khan presented the interim report of Basic Principles on.	A. Sep 28, 1948 B. Sep 28, 1949 C. Sep 28, 1950 D. None of these
299	Liaqat Ali khan was martyred in Rawalpindi on.	A. Oct , 16 1950 B. Oct , 16 1951 C. Oct , 16 1952 D. Oct , 16 1953
300	When the first Consitution Making Assembly was dissolved by Ghulam Muhammad?	A. April 16, 1952 B. April 16, 1953 C. April 16, 1954 D. April 16, 1955
301	The second constitution Making Assembly was elected on June 23,1952 How many members were there in the second Assembly?	A. 70 B. 80 C. 90 D. 100
302	When the One-Unit was introduced?	A. Oct 14, 1954 B. Oct 14, 1955 C. Oct 14, 1956 D. Oct 14, 1957
303	When General Yahya khan conforced the Martial Law?	A. March 25, 1969 B. March 25, 1970 C. March 25, 1971 D. None of these
304	How many articles were there in the 1956 Constitution?	A. 230 B. 232 C. 234 D. 236
305	When the first general elections were held in Pakistan.	A. 1950 B. 1960 C. 1965 D. 1970
306	During the Ayub Government , what was teh strength of members of basic democracies in each part of the country.	A. 20 Thousand B. 30 Thousand C. 35Thousand D. 40 Thousand

307	When Zulfikar Ali Butto came into power?	A. Dec 20, 1979 B. Dec 20, 1975 C. Dec 20, 1971 D. Dec 20, 1973
308	When the 1973 constitution was enforced?	A. March 23, 1971 B. Aug 14, 1973 C. March 23, 1972 D. None of these
309	What system of government was introduced under 1973 constitution?	A. Parliamentary B. Presidential C. Unitary D. Dictatorial
310	How many articles are there in the 1973 Constitution?	A. 270 B. 275 C. 280 D. 285
311	The general elections were held under the peoples party Government in.	A. Jan 1977 B. Feb 1977 C. March 1977 D. April 1977
312	When Zulfikar Ali Bhutto was hanged?	A. April 4 1977 B. April 4 1978 C. April 4 1979 D. April 4 1980
313	When Muhammad Khan Junejo took oath as the Prime Minister.	A. March 23, 1985 B. Aug 14, 1985 C. March 23, 1986 D. Aug 14, 1986
314	When General Zia-ul-Haq was killed during an air crash?	A. July 17, 1988 B. Aug 17, 1988 C. Sep 17, 1988 D. Oct 17, 1988
315	Benazir Bhutto became Prime Minister for the first time in.	A. Oct 1988 B. Oct 1988 C. December 1988 D. January 1989
316	When Peoples Republic of China came into being?	A. 1947 B. 1948 C. 1949 D. 1950
317	When Pakistan recognized China?	A. Jan 4, 1949 B. Jan 4, 1950 C. Jan 4, 1951 D. Jan 4, 1952
318	Who was the first ambassador of Pakistan to China?	A. General Raza B. General Farrukh C. Zulfikar Ali Butto D. None of these
319	A war between India and China was erupted in.	A. 1959 B. 1960 C. 1961 D. 1962
320	Due to the efforts of Pakistan China became the member of the United Nations in.	A. 1970 B. 1971 C. 1972 D. 1973
321	The Border Agreement between India and China was made in .	A. 1960 B. 1961 C. 1962 D. 1963
322	The Karakoram Highway between Pakistan and China was completed in .	A. 1965 B. 1967 C. 1969 D. 1970
323	When General Musharraf dismissed the Chief Justice Iftikhar Muhammad Chaudhry?	A. March 9, 2006 B. March 9, 2007 C. March 9, 2008 D. None of these
324	When the Water Accord between Pakistan and India was made?	A. 1959 B. 1960 C. 1961

		D. 1962
325	When the Taskent Agreement between India and Pakistan was made after the 1965 war	A. 1965 B. 1966 C. 1968 D. 1967
326	When the SAARC was established?	A. 1985 B. 1986 C. 1987 D. 1988
327	When India sent its forces to the Siachen glacier?	A. 1981 B. 1982 C. 1983 D. 1984
328	When General Pervez Musharraf dismissed the government of Nawaz Sharif?	A. March 12, 1999 B. Aug 12, 1999 C. Oct 12, 1999 D. Nov 12, 1999
329	When the agreement of Regional cooperation was made between Pakistan, Iran and Turkey?	A. 1960 B. 1962 C. 1964 D. 1966
330	The Islamic Revolution came in Iran in the year.	A. 1979 B. 1980 C. 1981 D. 1982
331	What is the length of Pakistan Afghan border.	A. 2100 km B. 2200 km C. 2252 km D. 2100 km
332	What is the name of Pak Afghan Border.	A. Redeliff liine B. Durand Line C. Rann Kuch Line D. None of these
333	Which of the following countries opposed the membership of Pakistan into the United Nations?	A. India B. Iran C. Afghanistan D. China
334	When the Russian forces entered into Afghanistan?	A. 1979 B. 1980 C. 1981 D. 1982
335	When Nawaz Sharif became Prime Minister for the first time?	A. Nov 6, 1990 B. Dec 6, 1991 C. Dec 25, 1990 D. Dec 25, 1992
336	When Benazir Bhutto became Prime Minister for the second time.	A. Oct 16, 1991 B. Oct 16, 1992 C. Oct 16, 1993 D. Oct 16, 1999
337	Under which constitutional amendment, the floor crossing was banned?	A. 13th B. 14th C. 17th D. 18th
338	Who initiated the spread of message of Islam in the sub-continent?	A. By saints B. By Ulemas C. By Merchants D. By Muslim occupiers
339	Who of the following proposed the formation of the Muslim League?	A. Nawab Waqar ul Mulk B. Mohsin Ul Mulk C. Muhammad Ali Jinnah D. Nawab Salim Ullah Khan
340	Who presided the meeting during the formation of the Muslim League?	A. Nawab Salim Ullah Khan B. Waqar ul Mulk C. Mohsin Ul Mulk D. Muhammad Ali Jinnah
341	Which English Governor ordered to promulgate the Hindi Lexicography in schools and Courts?	A. Campbell B. Curzon C. Filler D. Anthony McDonald

342	Who formed the Urdu defence Association at the start of the 20th century?	A. Sir sayyed Ahmed Khan B. Mohsin Ul mulk C. Waqar ul Mulk D. Maulana Muhammad Ali Johar
343	Ch. Rehmat Ali is buried in which of the following places?	A. Jalandhar B. Lahore C. Karachi D. London
344	Who ended the Ottoman Caliphate?	A. The English B. The French C. The Arabs D. Atatürk
345	Who founded the 'Gao Rakhsha Sabha' in 1882 for the protection of cows?	A. Dayanand Saraswati B. Madan Mohan Malavia C. Bai Gangadhar Tilak D. Surendra Nath Bannerjee
346	Quaid -i-Azam started his political career from the campaign of which of the following leaders?	A. Surrendra Nath Bannerjee B. Dada Bhai Nauruji C. WC Bonnerjee D. None of these
347	Which of the following Congress leaders impressed the Quaid-e-Azam the most?	A. Bannerjee B. Nawrujee C. Gokhle D. LaLA laipat Roy
348	The Idol 'Shiv jee' placed in the temple of somnat was the idol of.	A. Prosperity B. Destruction C. Birth D. Blessing
349	Who was the command of revolutionary army in Delhi during the war of independence.	A. Bahadur Shah Zafar B. Bakht Khan C. Maulvi Ahmed Ullah shah D. Shehzad Barjees Qaddar
350	Who was the personality behind the formation of Patriotic Association?	A. Sayyed Ameer Ali B. Waqar ul mulk C. Sir Syed Ahmed Khan D. Justic Ameer Ali Sayyed
351	When the Jallianwala incident was occurred?	A. 10th April, 1910 B. 13th April, 1910 C. 23th April 1910 D. None of these
352	Who Proposed to boycott the english goods during the 1906 session of the Congress.	A. Madan Mohan Malavia B. Lala Lajpat Roy C. Tilak D. Rash Bihari Ghosh
353	Where the Head Quarter of the Muslim league was made?	A. Delhi B. Dhaka C. Lahore D. Aligarh
354	When the system of Basic Democracies was enforced?	A. Oct 26, 1959 B. April 27, 1960 C. March 16, 1961 D. May 18, 1962
355	When the Quaid-e-Azam became the member of Legislative Council for the first time.	A. 1909 B. 1910 C. 1911 D. 1912
356	Where was the headquarter of the Khilafat Committee?	A. Delhi B. Agra C. Bombay D. Karachi
357	In which city the Hindu Muslim riots were erupted?	A. Multan B. Sarharpur C. Kohat D. Delhi
358	Hindu-Muslim riots of Kohat occurred in which of the following years?	A. 1922 B. 1923 C. 1924 D. 1925
359	Justic Ameer Ali formed which of the following organizations?	A. Indian Association B. Muhammad Political Organization C. Central Muhammad Association

360	When Sir Syed Ahmed Khan went to London with his son?	A. 1867 B. 1869 C. 1871 D. 1877
361	When the Hindu Banaras demanded to replace Hindi in Place of Urdu Language?	A. 1867 B. 1871 C. 1873 D. 1875
362	Name the institute created by Sir Sayyed Ahmed Khan in 1863.	A. M.A.O. College B. M.A. High School C. Persian Madrasa Moradabad D. Scientific Society
363	Who was made the first principal of M.A.O High school Aligarh?	A. Sir Sayyed Ahmed Khan B. Maulvi sami Ullah Khan C. Sir Thomas Arnold D. None of the above
364	When the All India Muhammadan Educational Society was formed?	A. 1881 B. 1885 C. 1886 D. 1888
365	Who presided the first formal session of the Muslim League?	A. Mohammad Ali Jinnah B. Mohammad Ali Johar C. Sir Agha Khan D. Sir Adam Ji peer Bhai
366	Who presided the second session of the Muslim League?	A. Waqar ul Mulk B. Sir Shafi C. Justic Shah Din D. Muhammad Ali Jinnah
367	In which city a mosque was damaged to widen the road for which the protests were crupted int he whole country?	A. Delhi B. Aligarh C. Kanpur D. Bijnaur
368	Who led the movement to strengthen the Urdu Language at the start of the 20th century?	A. Mohsin ul Mulk B. Waqar ul Mulk C. Maulana Shibli Numani D. Sir Sayyed Ahmed Khan
369	Who declared the Nehru Report as Hindu Report.	A. Muhammad Ali Jinnah B. M.A. Jauhr C. Allama Iqbal D. Sir Agha Khan
370	The partition of the sub continent was announced on which of the following dates.	A. 2 June, 1946 B. 24 August, 1947 C. 3 June, 1946 D. 14 July, 1947
371	The congress ministries were formed in how many provinces of the British India.	A. 5 B. 7 C. 9 D. 11
372	Who was the Viceroy of India at the time of Partition?	A. Lord Wavell B. Lord Curzon C. Lord Linlithgo D. Lord Mount Baten
373	When the Quaid-e-Azam took oath as the Governor General of Pakistan.	A. 12 Aug 1947 B. 13 Aug 1947 C. 14 Aug 1947 D. 15 Aug 1947
374	Which of the following commissions came to India in 1946 to solve the problems of the sub continent?	A. Simon Commission B. Cripps mission C. Cabinet Mission D. Rowlat Mission
375	Who was the commerce Minister in the last government of India.	A. Sardar Baldiv Singh B. Sardar Pateel C. Abdur Rab Nashter D. Liaqat Ali Khan
376	The partition was made under which of the following schemes?	A. Cabinet Mission plan B. Cripps Mission Proposals C. Wavel plan D. June 3rd Plan

377	Who was the lone Hindu member of the first cabinet of Pakistan.	A. Chaudhry Fazlur B. Jugindar Nath Mandal C. Both of the above D. None of these
378	Which of the following communities were involved in the poona pact?	A. Hindus and Muslims B. Muslims and Christians C. Hindus and Dalit's D. Muslims and Dalit's
379	When the first Round Table copnference was held?	A. December 1929 B. November 1930 C. January 1931 D. August 1932
380	Who presided the first Round Table conference?	A. Broken Head B. Ramsay Mc Donald C. Churchill D. Lord Arwin
381	Which of the following movement was started by Gandhi in 1930?	A. Non Cooperation Movement B. Salt Satyagraha C. Quit india Movement D. Marn Bart
382	When the second Rount Table conference was held?	A. 1930 B. 1931 C. 1932 D. 1933
383	Which of the following provinces was divided into two parts in 1905?	A. Orissa B. Assam C. Punjab D. Bengal
384	When the Lucknow pact was signed/	A. December, 1915 B. August 1916 C. December, 1916 D. March ,1917
385	Nehru Report was passed in which oof the following cities.	A. Dehli B. kolkata C. Bombay D. Lucknow
386	The war of independence 1857 started on which of the following dates?	A. 29 march B. 24 April C. 10 May D. 9 September
387	When Sir Sayyed Ahmad Khan was died?	A. 1875 B. 1897 C. 1898 D. 1900
388	Name the British Queen who opted the title of Qaisar-e-Hind?	A. Queen elizabeth B. Queen Iron C. Queen Victoria D. Margaret
389	Ahmad Khan Kharal was the commander of fighters of which of the following areas?	A. Multan B. Sahiwal C. Jehlum D. Gujrat
390	Who was the first Muslim Judge of the British privy council.	A. Agha Khan B. Shah Din C. Sayyed Amir Ali D. Syed Hussain Bilgiram
391	What was the real name of Pir of Manki Sharif.	A. Mukhtar Ahmed B. Amin ul Hasnat C. Hassan Ali D. Abdus Hayee
392	Who was called the Nightingale of India?	A. Sarojini Naidu B. Abadi Khatoon C. Begum M.A. Jauhr D. Begum Aurangzeb
393	Who opposed the Divine Religion of akbar?	A. Shah Wali Ullah B. Mujaddid Alif Sani C. Al bairuni D. Shibli Numani
394	Who is the author of Asar us Sanadid?	A. 1818 B. 1817 C. 1850 D. 1849

395	The Muslim League celebrated the Victory Day in which of the following years.	A. 1950 B. 1948 C. 1947 D. 1951
396	When the Urdu Hind controversy was erupted?	A. 1867 B. 1909 C. 1850 D. Both A and B
397	When the cornerstone of the Aligarh College was laid?	A. January 8, 1877 B. August 10, 1856 C. December 2, 1840 D. None of these
398	When the agricultural reforms were announced by Ayub Khan.	A. Dec 25, 1958 B. Jan 24, 1959 C. April 16, 1960 D. March 17, 1961
399	Who of the followings presented the poor man's budget?	A. Liaquat Ali Khan B. Sardar Patel C. Motilal Nehru D. None of the above
400	When were the Congress Ministries formed?	A. 1939 B. 1837 C. 1930 D. None of these
401	When the foundation stone of the Government College Lahore was laid?	A. 1880 B. 1890 C. 1884 D. 1894
402	Who was the leader of Hindu Dalits?	A. Maddan Mohan Malavia B. Dr. Ambedkar C. Dada Bhai Neauruji D. None of these
403	What was the name of the brother of Muhammad Ali Jauhar?	A. Ahmed Ali B. Noor Ali C. Shaukat Ali D. Fateh Ali
404	When Fatima Jinnah was died?	A. June 8, 1968 B. July 9, 1967 C. April 17, 1969 D. March 6, 1965
405	Shah Wali Ullah completed the Holy Quran at the age of.	A. 10 years B. 13 years C. 3 years D. 7 years
406	Sir Sayyid Ahmad Khan died in which of the following years.	A. 1788 B. 1798 C. 1898 D. 1908
407	Ch. Rehmat Ali died in which of the following years?	A. July 1955 B. April, 1956 C. March, 1954 D. February, 1951
408	Al-Biruni pictured the Indian Society in which of the following books?	A. Kitab ul Hind B. Indian Muslims C. Bang-i-Dara D. Hayat-i-Javed
409	Which of the following literary works of Altaf Hussain Hali is about Sir Sayyid Ahmad Khan.	A. Hayat -i- Javed B. Javed Nama C. Saqi Nama D. Musaddas Hali
410	Who led the Simla Deputation?	A. Sir Agha Khan B. Waqar ul Mulk C. Mohsin ul Mulk D. Nawab Saleem Ullah Khan
411	The War of 6th September 1965 lasted for how many days?	A. 10 B. 17 C. 30 D. 38
412	Who founded the Pakistan National Movement?	A. Ch. Rehmat Ali B. Mohsin ul Mulk C. Sir Abdullah Haroon D. Sir Sayyid Ahmad Khan

413	When the announcement regarding the annulment of partition of Bengal was made?	A. December 12, 1911 B. Oct 11 1911 C. Nov, 13, 1911 D. Jan 10, 1911
414	Where the second session of the Muslim League was held in 1906	A. Karachi B. Aligarh C. Delhi D. Dhakka
415	When the Simon Commission came to India.	A. 1925 B. 1926 C. 1927 D. 1928
416	When the title of 'Sir' was given to Allama Iqbal in recognition of his literary works?	A. 1919 B. 1920 C. 1921 D. 1922
417	Upgradation of M.A.O school was made in.	A. 1879 B. 1875 C. 1877 D. 1882
418	When the Khilafat Committee was formed?	A. 1909 B. 1919 C. 1921 D. 1923
419	Who were main beneficiaries of the partition of Bengal?	A. Muslims B. Hindu C. Sikh D. Marhattas
420	When the Muslim League was established in the frontier Provinces?	A. 1945 B. 1946 C. 1930 D. 1932
421	When were the fourteen points presented?	A. 1928 B. 1919 C. 1927 D. 1930
422	How many ministers were included in the interim Government?	A. 13 B. 14 C. 15 D. 16
423	Indicate the reserves of United India at the time of Partition .	A. 4 Millions B. 5 Million C. 3 Millon D. 6 Millon
424	When Al-Biruni came to India.	A. 1005 B. 1016 C. 1018 D. 1017
425	Who was the Queen of Jhansi.	A. Lakshmi Bai B. Hazrat Mahal C. Malka Mahal D. Rattan Bai
426	Who was the author of loyal Muhammadans of India?	A. Hali B. Nazir Ahmed C. Sir Sayyed Ahmed Khan D. Shibli Numani
427	Who was the founder of Shuddhi Movement?	A. Dayanand Saraswati B. Ambedkar C. Moti lal D. Karishan Gopal
428	Mir Jaffar Khan Jamali belonged to.	A. Punjab B. Baluchistan C. Sindh D. NWFP
429	Which of the following cities was made a capital by Ayub Khan?	A. Lahore B. Karachi C. Lahore D. Islamabad
430	Sir Sayyed Ahmed Khan died at the age of	A. 70 years B. 80 years C. 84 years

		C. 81 years D. 90 years
431	Ghazi IIm ud din Shaheed hailed from.	A. Sialkot B. Lahore C. Multan D. Balakot
432	How many members of states were included in the first constitution making assembly	A. 5 B. 7 C. 9 D. 10
433	Nawab Shair Ali Khan was a minister of.	A. Ayub Khan B. Yahya khan C. Zia ul haq D. Zulfiqar Ali Butto
434	Who was appointed as Pakistan Ambassador to Iran by the Quaid-e-Azam.	A. A.R Nishtar B. Qazi Muhammad Isa C. Raja Ghazanfar Ali D. None of these
435	The First Capital of Pakistan was.	A. Karachi B. Lahore C. Islamabad D. Multan
436	What was the strength of Pakistan's first assembly?	A. 59 B. 69 C. 79 D. 89
437	Mountbatten presented the policy of which ruler as precedent?	A. Jhangir B. Akbar C. ShahJahan D. None of the abvoe
438	How many industrial units were received by Pakistan as a share at the time of partition .	A. 32 B. 33 C. 34 D. 35
439	How many Rail Junction Pakistan received out of the nine after partition.	A. Two B. Three C. Four D. Five
440	How many primary schools were there in Pakistan 1947-48	A. 3800 B. 3700 C. 4200 D. 4000
441	How many High School Pakistan had in 1947-48	A. 4000 B. 5000 C. 6000 D. 7000
442	How many Medical College Pakistan had in 1947-48?	A. 2 B. 4 C. 6 D. 8
443	How many Bank Pakistan received from the United India?	A. 4 B. 5 C. 6 D. 7
444	What amount was promised to be given to Pakistan out of the shared reserves?	A. 75 crore B. 85 crore C. 95 crore D. 100 crore
445	How many states were there at the time of Partition?	A. 565 B. 665 C. 765 D. 865
446	Quaid-e-Azam recognized the accession of Manawao and Junagarh on.	A. Aut 16, 1947 B. Sep 5, 1947 C. Nov 8, 1947 D. Dec 9, 1947
447	In 1950,Liaqat Ali Khan toured.	A. America B. India C. Russia D. China

A. India

448	In 1950, Liaqat Ali Khan toured.	A. Russia B. Russia C. China D. America
449	When the Eastern wing of Pakistan became Bangladesh as an independent state?	A. 1977 B. 1970 C. 1971 D. 1987
450	Governor General Ghulam Muhammad hailed from which of the following cities?	A. Sialkot B. Peshawar C. Lahore D. Multan
451	Who was the emperor of Britain at the time of Partition of India.	A. Queen Elizabeth B. George I C. George VI D. Edward VIII
452	Who was the Prime Minister of Britain at the time of the partition of Sub Continent?	A. Gladstone B. Atlee C. Churchill D. Wavell
453	The Dogra family purchased the state of Kashmir from	A. Ranjeet Singh B. British Empire C. Muslim ruler D. China
454	Who was made the Governor of West Punjab after the resignation of Francis Moody?	A. I.I. Chandrigar B. A.R. Nishtar C. Feroz Khan Noor D. Iftikhar Hussain Mamdoot
455	Ayub Khan took the charge as Defence Minister in.	A. 1953 B. 1954 C. 1955 D. 1956
456	In 1966, the President of Egypt toured Pakistan	A. Jamal Abdul Nasir B. Husni Mubarak C. Anwar Sadaat D. None of these
457	Which following countries helped Pakistan in building the Karachi Steel Mill?	A. Russia B. China C. America D. Britain
458	Who represented Bangladesh in the Islamic conference of 1974?	A. Shaikh Mujeeb Ur Rehman B. A.K. Fazal Ul Haq C. Fazal ul Rehman D. Hussain Shaeed Suhrwadi
459	Maulvi Tamiz ud din was elected as speaker of the National Assembly in.	A. Aug 1947 B. March 1948 C. Dec 1948 D. March 1949
460	There are how many permanent member of the UN Security Council?	A. 5 B. 7 C. 9 D. 11
461	The Organization of Islamic Conference was founded in.	A. 1952 B. 1969 C. 1979 D. 1975
462	Where is the headquarter of the OIC?	A. Mecca B. Tehran C. Repat D. Jeddah
463	When the Karakorum Highway between Pakistan and China was completed?	A. 1969 B. 1976 C. 1982 D. 1987
464	Who was A.R. Cornelius?	A. Bureaucrat B. Politician C. Soldier D. Judge
465	When China made an agreement with Pakistan regarding the establishment of Wah Ordnance Factory.	A. 1979 B. 1985 C. 1988 D. 1992

466	A session of the organization of Islamic Conference also held in the capital of Morocco, What is the name of the capital of Morocco.	A. Tehran B. Jeddah C. Rabat D. Dakar
467	Who was Hameed Nizami?	A. Politician B. General C. Journalish D. MNA
468	Which of the following countries is said to recognize Pakistan Firstly?	A. Afghanistan B. Saudi Arabia C. Turkey D. Iran
469	Who was the first Head of the State to visit Paistan?	A. Shah - I-Iran B. Amir of Kuwait C. Shah faisal D. Pundit Nehru
470	Who dismissed the Government of Muhammad Ali Bogra?	A. Quaid -e-Azam B. Sikandar Mirza C. Malik Ghulam Muhammad D. Khawaja Nazmi uddin
471	How lengthy was the tenure of Ch. Muhammad Ali, who gave Pakistan the constitution.	A. 21 months B. 13 Months C. 18 months D. 9 months
472	Ayub Khan announced to lift the Martial Law and to form the new constitution in.	A. June 1962 B. September 1961 C. May 1959 D. July 1965
473	The Constitution of 1962 was abrogated in .	A. 1960 B. 1967 C. 1969 D. 1970
474	The One Unit formula was ended on.	A. 1st May 1970 B. 1st April 1970 C. 1st April 197 D. 1st Sep1970
475	When the construction of Minar-e-Pakistan was completed?	A. 1963 B. 1964 C. 1966 D. 1968
476	Which airplane of India was hijacked and brought tothe Lahore Airport on January 30, 1970?	A. Jamna B. Ganga C. Prithvi D. None of the above
477	Which airplane of India was hijacked and brought tothe Lahore Airport on January 30, 1970?	A. Prithvi B. None of the above C. Ganga D. Jamna
478	How many senior General of army were overlooked to make Zia-ul-Haq the Chief of Army Staff by Bhutto.	A. 3 B. 4 C. 7 D. 8
479	What was the instant cause behind the movement against Bhutto.	A. Inflation B. Socialism C. Election Rigging D. None of the above
480	How many political parties participated in P.N.A.	A. 5 B. 7 C. 9 D. 11
481	What type of elections were held in 1985 for the National Assembly?	A. Direct B. Indirect C. Non-Party D. Party based
482	Who was made the speaker of National Assembly after the 1985 election?	A. Sayyed Fakhar Imam B. Khawaja Safdar C. Ali Ahmed Talpur D. Ch. Fazal Illahi
483	When the third constitution of Pakistan was enforced?	A. March 9, 1954 B. 25 March, 1954 C. 14 August, 1973

		D. June 1974
484	When the Qadianis were declared as a non-muslim minority?	A. 1953 B. 1974 C. 1977 D. 1982
485	When Pakistan pulled itself out of SEATO?	A. 1955 B. 1972 C. 1979 D. 1985
486	Simla pact was signed between Pakistan and India in.?	A. January, 1972 B. April 1972 C. July 1972 D. Sep 1972
487	When General Zia-ul-Haq became the President?	A. July 4, 1977 B. 4th April, 1979 C. 16th Sep 1978 D. 24th Dec 1981
488	When Muhammad Khan Junejo Signed the Geneva Accord?	A. Feb 1985 B. March 1986 C. April 1988 D. May 1988
489	When the Redeliff award was announced?	A. Aug 12, 1947 B. Aug 15 , 1947 C. Aug 17, 1947 D. None of these
490	Sar Adbur Rasheed belonged to.	A. Frontier Province B. Punjab C. Sindh D. Baluchistan
491	When the Gawader port was purchased?	A. March 1956 B. Sep 1957 C. Oct 1958 D. Nov 1968
492	Who was the first Martial Law administrator.	A. Azam Khan B. Zia ul Haq C. Yahya Khan D. Ayub Khan
493	Wow was teh third Martial Law administrator of Pakistan.	A. Azam Khan B. Yahya Khan C. Zial ul haq D. Zulfiqar Ali Butto
494	Whose tenure of the Government was the longest?	A. Ayub Khan B. Zulfiqar Ali Butto C. Nawaz sharif D. Zia ul Haq
495	What was the name of alliances made against the Ayub Government.	A. PDM B. DAC C. PNA D. MRD
496	When ayub khan announced to participate in the next elections?	A. 1st Feb, 1969 B. 21st Feb, 1969 C. 29th Feb ,1969 D. 9 March 1969
497	During the elections of 1970, the Pakistan People's Party won how many seats National Assembly from Punjab.	A. 50 B. 62 C. 81 D. 91
498	The PPP won how many National Assembly sets from the Frontier in 1970 Election.	A. 0 B. 10 C. 15 D. 17
499	Bhutto Reigned as Martial Law administrator for.	A. 7 years B. 4 years C. 4 months D. 14 Months
500	Name the commission formed for the evaluation of the causes of the fall of East Pakistan.	A. Anwar ul Haq B. Cornelius C. Hamood ur Rehman D. None of these
501	Who was appointed to probe the Agartala conspiracy?	A. Justice S.A. Rehman B. Justice Hamood ur Rehman

501	Who was appointed to probe the Agartala conspiracy?	C. Justice Munir D. None of the above
502	Who was the finance minister during the first cabinet of Zulfikar Ali Bhutto?	A. Hafeez perzada B. Dr. Mubashir Hassan C. M.M.Ahmed D. Ghulam Ishaq Khan
503	Who was the Law Minister when the interim constitution of 1972 was passed.	A. Mahmood Ali Qasuri B. Shaikh Rasheed Ahmad C. Ghulam Mustafa Jatoi D. None of the above
504	Which leader of Pakistan addressed the UN General Assembly on December 15, 1970?	A. General Yahya Khan B. Zulfikar Ali Bhutto C. Noor ul Amin D. Shaikh Mujib ur Rehman
505	The case against Bhutto was heard in which court?	A. Sindh High court B. Lahore High court C. Rawalpindi High court D. Peshawar High Court
506	Who was the Prime Minister of India during the 1971 war?	A. Lal Bahadur Shastri B. Rajiv Gandhi C. Indira Gandhi D. None of the above
507	When Russia presented its own resolution for the cease fire?	A. Dec 10, 1971 B. Dec 12, 1971 C. Dec 13, 1971 D. Dec 15, 1971
508	Who was nominated as Prime Minister by Yahya Khan after the 1971 bye elections?	A. Zulfikar Ali Bhutto B. Noor ul Amin C. Mahmood Ali D. None of the above
509	When Pakistan resumed its relations with India after the 1971 war?	A. Feb 1974 B. July 1976 C. January, 1977 D. None of the above
510	The second Islamic Conference was held in Pakistan in.	A. Dec 1973 B. Jan 1974 C. Feb 1974 D. None of the above
511	Under which alliance a movement against the Bhutto Govt. was run/	A. ARD B. MRD C. PDM D. PNP
512	When Zia ul Haq was born?	A. 1920 B. 1924 C. 1927 D. 1929
513	Who was Maulvi Tamiz ud Din?	A. Minister B. Judge High Court C. Speaker National Assembly D. None of these
514	When Zia ul Haq was commissioned in the Army?	A. 1939 B. 1940 C. 1943 D. 1945
515	Where was Zia ul Haq posted during the formation of Pakistan?	A. Lucknow B. Madras C. Jhansi D. Allah Abad
516	When Zia ul Haq was promoted to the post of Major General?	A. 1972 B. 1969 C. 1975 D. None of these
517	When Bhutto made Zia ul Haq as Chief of Army Staff?	A. 1974 B. 1975 C. 1976 D. 1977
518	When the third National Govt. was formed during the Zia regime?	A. Sep 1977 B. Dec 1977 C. Aug 1978 D. April 1978

A. July 1977

519	When the Local election were conducted by Zia ul Haq?	B. August 1977 C. Sep 1979 D. April 1978
520	When the Russian Army entered afghanistan?	A. Oct 1977 B. August 1977 C. Dec 1979 D. April 1978
521	Zia ul Haq implemented the inter in Constitution on.	A. May 22, 1988 B. May 24 1988 C. May 29 1988 D. May 30 ,1988
522	The 1988 elections for National Assembly where held on.	A. 16 th Oct B. 1st Dec C. 16th November D. 15th December
523	When the Hudood Ordinance was promulgated?	A. 10th Feb 1979 B. 10th Feb 1980 C. April 12 ,1981 D. None of these
524	When The Federal Shariah Court was constituted?	A. 10th Feb 1979 B. 29th Feb 1980 C. 28th Feb 1979 D. None of these
525	When the MRD was formed?	A. 1980 B. 1981 C. 1982 D. 1984
526	Zia's Majlis -i-Shoora was consisted of how many members?	A. 250 B. 300 C. 320 D. 350
527	When the student organization were banned by Zia ul Haq?	A. Jan 20 1983 B. Jan 30,1984 C. March 23, 1984 D. None of the above
528	When the Martial Law of Zia ul Haq was ended?	A. 16th Oct 1985 B. Dec 30, 1985 C. July 28 ,1985 D. None of the above
529	When the 8th Constitutional Amendment was made in the constitution?	A. July 1985 B. Sep 1985 C. Nov 1985 D. Oct 1985
530	When the MQM was founded?	A. 1984 B. 1985 C. 1986 D. 1987
531	When Muhammad Khan Junejo visited America alongwith General Karamat?	A. April 1986 B. May 1986 C. July 1986 D. June 1986
532	When Zia ul Haq dismissed the Junejo Government?	A. 22 May 1988 B. 24 May 1988 C. 29 May 1988 D. 30 May 1988
533	When the Zakat and Usher law was announced.	A. June 1980 B. JuLY 1981 C. Aug 1982 D. March 1983
534	How many Member the National Assembly had according to the 1962 Constituion?	A. 158 B. 218 C. 220 D. 222
535	What was the strength of National Assembly according to the 1956 Constitution?	A. 150 B. 250 C. 300 D. 305
536	The membership of national assembly was fixed at what number accordint to the 1973 Constitution?	A. 210 B. 220 C. 225 D. 250

537	How many seats were reserved for the women in 1973 constitution?	A. 10 B. 15 C. 20 D. 30
538	The 8th Amendment enhanced the membership of the national assembly to.	A. 207 B. 217 C. 220 D. 225
539	What is the current strength of National Assembly?	A. 342 B. 350 C. 365 D. 370
540	Bi-Amman played her role in which of the following movements?	A. Muslim League Movement B. Partition of India C. Khilafat Movement D. The silk letter movement