

NAT I General Science Verbal

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Sentence Completion Fauzia presents herself as a bold journalist by asking people in politics the kinds ofquestions that other reporters do not ask	A. Controversial B. Circummutating C. Abnormal D. Irrelevant
2	Sentence Completion Ozone in the Earth's atmosphereliving organisms from damaging ultraviolet radiation.	A. Protects B. Warms C. Reflects D. Absorbs
3	Sentence Completion Sowas the sales persons tone about the qualities of the new computer system that Najam nearly missed thein its calculations in his budget.	A. Persuasiveflaw B. Adoptedaccuracy C. Harshamount D. Irritatinggreatness
4	Sentence Completion Despite his illness Inzamam wasin winning his team	A. Disappointing B. Useless C. Vigorous D. Instrumental
5	Sentence Completion Salma's home looked as though it had beenfrom a rag bin her expensive burner was her soleof luxury	A. Cleanexpensive B. Computerizedcost C. Modernizedsymbol D. Salvagedsign
6	Sentence Completion The applicant answered tough question withcandor winning over many interviews who had previously supported his rival	A. Planned B. Impatient C. Unintentional D. Disarming
7	Sentence Completion It was difficult to imagine jameela,woman as a psychiatrist listening while others talked was not her style	A. A talkative B. A cheering C. A smiling D. A aggressive
8	Sentence Completion A rumor that the corporation was close to thecaused panic among its creditors and stockholders	A. New venture B. Bankruptcy C. Dividend declaration D. Annual BOD meeting
9	Sentence Completion Sajid appears to behaveactively helping class fellows to have their home assignment done	A. Aggressively B. Cooperatively C. Rudely D. Suspiciously E. Mysteriously
10	Sentence Completion Maria forced herself to eat every piece on her plate although she found the food practically	A. Delicious B. Spicy C. Inedible D. Nourishing
11	Sentence Completion Until its defeat by Ireland Pakistani team won most of its test matches by innings and had achieved anseries of wins	A. Defeated B. Unbroken C. Difficult D. Aggressive
12	Sentence Completion The whale shark is found in equatorial deep waters around the world, it	A. Rarely B. Successfully C. Anxiously

	isericounierea by aivers.	D. Constantly
13	Sentence Completion Some of the sculptures formerlythe Hindu artist are now though to have been created by one of his Muslim students	A. Denied by B. Attributed to C. Adapted from D. Sub mitted to
14	Sentence Completion Because its chief accountant altered figures and completely fabricated other the company's financial records were entirely	A. Hidden B. Spurious C. Transparent D. taxable
15	Sentence Completion Asas she is original. Tahira has created songs for theaters classical concerts and Pakistani movies.	A. Versatile B. Old fashioned C. Sophisticated D. Solo
16	Sentence Completion The benefits of the cooperative program are with both companies acquiring new production techniques	A. Challenging B. Exclusive C. Normal D. Mutual
17	Sentence Completion The author monotonously numerates thepoints of scientific development while omitting the details that mightthe readers interest	A. Weeksell to B. Trivialboost C. Stylisticirritate D. Essentiallimit
18	Sentence Completion The final edition of the love and Cheating consists of six volumes however only a small of its full volume has ever been published	A. Edition B. Volume C. Fraction D. Chapter
19	Sentence Completion Muslim alchemists tried to attain wealth bycopper and other base metals into gold	A. Placing B. Coin aging C. Melting D. Transforming
20	Sentence Completion An editorial praised the generosity of an anonymouswho had donated over a million rupees and several priceless books to the college	A. Donor B. Benefactor C. Promoter D. Rich
21	Sentence Completion Although officials claimed that its hull wasthe Titanic sank after hitting an iceberg	A. Iron made B. Impenetrable C. Prominent D. Oval
22	Sentence Completion Misrepresentative graphs and drawingsthe real data and encourage readers to acceptarguments	A. Obscurelegitimate B. Distortspurious C. Illustratecontroversial D. Complementunresolved
23	Sentence Completion Conservative historians who represent a traditional account asbecause of its age may be guilty of taking on trust what they should have in a conscientious fashion	A. Ancientestablished B. Falsereiterated C. Mythicalfabricated D. Accurateexamined E. Suspiciouschallenged
24	Sentence Completion The art of Shehnaz Begum often presents us with an idyllic vision that is subtlyby more sinister elements.as if suggesting thebeauty of our surroundings	A. Enhancedpristine B. Invadedflawed C. Alteredunmarred D. Redeemedhallowed E. Devastatedbland
25	Sentence Completion Theworkshop had not been used in years	A. Orphan B. Advanced C. Decorated D. Renovated

Sentence Completion A. Fallacy B. Poverty 26 Producers of Punjabi films have long decried the of the Lahore movie critics C. Curelty whose reviews can determine the fate of a film in a month E. Absent mindedness Sentence Completion A Banned B. Irreverent 27 With the current wave of crime travelers on Lahore route are_ to make sure their C. Illiterate valet is secure E. Permitted A. Continually-simple **Sentence Completion** B. Carelessly-stupid 28 Rapidly-carele under time pressure Shamim didn't notice her mistake Working D. Continuously-abnormal E. Leisurely-inevitable A. Expired **Sentence Completion** B. Make lazy 29 Revived The cheerful lively sound of folk music almost everyone D. Accustomed E. Lethargy **Sentence Completion** A. A scholar-admission B. A survivor-passage 30 of the Sindh supreme selection board Allah Bachayo had free_ C. An organizer-submission D. An institution-advice Government rest houses throughout the country E. A member-entrance Sentence Completion A. Hypnotic....attractive B. Complex....affected 31 painting style made it difficult to follow his thought processes no surprise to C. Laborious.....tedious Convoluted...circumlocutory his contemporaries who were familiar with his manner of talking E. Precise...arcane A. Surprisingly Sentence Completion B. More 32 C. Unbelievably After completing her usual morning walk Salma found herself_ D. Unceasingly E. Usual A. Admiring for B. Fnigmatic to Sentence CompletionThe green supernova is still_ _cosmetologists as it has never 33 C. Dangerous to been seen clearly making it impossible to study its nature. D. Exploited by E. Famous among A. Cotton: cloth Choose a related pair of words or phrases B. Food : gourment 34 Clav: potter IRON: BLACKSMITH D. Silver: miner E. Gold: miser A. Book: papers Choose a related pair of words or phrases B. Snake : Fangs 35 FISH: SCALES D. Car: Wheels E. Cat: Claws A. Tongue: Speak Choose a related pair of words or phrases B. Foot: Hit 36 C. Hand: Finger NOSE: SMELL E. Eye: Lid A. Cement : Building Choose a related pair of words or phrases 37 C. Furniture: Sofa **COLLAGE: IMAGES** D. Grains: Tree E. Book: volumes A. Secret: confident Choose a related pair of words or phrases B. Cell: prisoner 38 C. Palette: Painter SKETCH: ARTIST E. Lawyer: Court room Choose a related pair of words or phrases A. Winter: Summer B. Sword : Sharp 39 C. Run : Fast KNIFE: CUT D. Drill: Hole

Choose a related pair of words or phrases

□. Derelict

A. Hair: Black

40	FISH: TROUT	B. Bird : Aviary C. Tiger : Carnivorous D. Mammal : Cow
41	Choose a related pair of words or phrases GILL: FIN	A. Cockroach: Antenna B. Instrument: Pencil C. Hard disk: Keyboard D. Bread: Butter
42	Choose a related pair of words or phrases FISH: SCHOOL	A. Puppy : Dog B. Novel : Story C. Cocks : Pride D. Ear : Nose
43	Choose a related pair of words or phrases COUNSELOR: ADVICE	A. Artist : musician B. Patron : Support C. Honesty : Charity D. Bank : Banker
44	Choose a related pair of words or phrases RACE: FATIGUE	A. Fasting : Hunger B. Round : boxing C. Flower : Color D. Hiking : Gangrene
45	STRUT : WALK	A. Sweating: Wrestling B. Hunter: Fire C. Speech: stage D. Stammer: talk
46	Choose a related pair of words or phrases INDUSTRIOUS : HARDWORKING	A. Sky: Blue B. Muddy: Unclear C. Book: Reading D. Pond: lake
47	Choose a related pair of words or phrases SCHOLAR: IGNORANT	A. Hardworking : Lazy B. Knife : Sword C. Courage : Bold D. Luxury : Wealth
48	Choose a related pair of words or phrases COOL: FROZEN	A. Sharp : Cut B. Warm : Hot C. Hassock : Stool D. Freedom : Liberty
49	Choose a related pair of words or phrases FROWN: GROAN	A. Stroll : amble B. Clown : crone C. Strained : Wit D. Grin : guffaw
50	Choose a related pair of words or phrases BINOCULARS : SEE	A. Spectacle : notice B. Skeptic : Idea C. Ear trumpet : hear D. Camera : aperture
51	Choose a related pair of words or phrases ANARCHY: ORDER	A. Adore : Loathe B. Sonnet : Medley C. Tent : Shelter D. Finger : Nail
52	Choose a related pair of words or phrases SUGAR: SACCHARIN	A. Slimming: fattening B. Lace: Collar C. Cotton: polyester D. Syrup: molasses
53	Choose a related pair of words or phrases EAGLE : AMERICA	A. Bath: Turkey B. john Bull: England C. Oriole: baseball D. Statue: liberty
54	Choose a related pair of words or phrases AFFLUENT: LUCKY	A. Greedy: Money B. Charitable: Stingy C. Unsuccessful: Lazy D. Rely: Retort
55	Choose a related pair of words or phrases FOODER: STEER	A. Goddess: Valentine B. Pesticide: Beetle C. Slop: Hog D. Roe: Cupid
56	Choose a related pair of words or phrases	A. Swim : Pool B. Whale : River

	AUT: STAGE	D. Fish: Trout
57	Pilfer : ROB	A. Doctor : Treatment B. Taste : Eat C. Affirm : Mtimate D. Innuendo : desperado
58	Choose a related pair of words or phrases ARCHIPELAGO: ISLAND	A. Peninsula : Strait B. Cluster : Stars C. Border : Desert D. Sun : Planet
59	Choose a related pair of words or phrases AGENDA: CONFERENCE	A. Teacher : Class B. Agency : Assignment C. Map : Trip D. Man : Woman
60	Choose a related pair of words or phrases MANACLE : MALEFACTOR	A. Juvenile : Delinquent B. Suava : maniac C. Muzzle : dog D. Pinto : tether
61	Choose a related pair of words or phrases AERIE : EAGLE	A. Venom : Rattle Snake B. Viper : Reptile C. Hawk : Falcon D. Lair : Wolf
62	Choose a related pair of words or phrases ALTIMETER: HEIGHT	A. Speedometer : Speed B. Observatory : Constellation C. Racetrack : Furlong D. Vessel : Knots
63	Choose a related pair of words or phrases SLIPSHOD : ORGANIZATION	A. Clever : Shroud B. Cringing : Obsequious C. Prodigal : generosity D. Phlegmatic : emotion
64	Choose a related pair of words or phrases CRAVAT : NECK	A. Artist: smock B. Blb: dinner C. Muzzle: biting D. Spats: ankles
65	Choose a related pair of words or phrases DIET: REGIMEN	A. Teasing: provocation B. Laughter: irrepressible C. Appraisal: army D. Revolutionaries: intrigue
66	Choose a related pair of words or phrases ARCHITECT: BLUE PRINT	A. Mason : Wall B. Knight : rider C. High : Low D. Pugilist : victory
67	Choose a related pair of words or phrases ALWAYS: NEVER	A. Often: Rarely B. Frequently: Occasionally C. Constantly: Frequently D. Intermittently: Causally
68	Choose a related pair of words or phrases ANARCHY: GOVERNMENT	A. Monarchy: Republic B. Penury: Wealth C. Verbosity: Words D. Socialism: Custom
69	Choose a related pair of words or phrases ABHOR: DISLIKE	A. Calcify: Petrify B. Rebuke: Ridicule C. Torture: Discomfort D. Fodder: cattle
70	Choose a related pair of words or phrases ARGUMENT : DEBATE	A. Violence : Peace B. Fight : Contest C. Challenge : Opponent D. Doe : Stag
71	Choose a related pair of words or phrases ANGER: INSULT	A. Business : judgement B. Admiration : Happiness C. Conduct : Behavior D. Appreciation : Kindness
72	Choose a related pair of words or phrases AUTHOR: INVENTOR	A. Copy right : patent B. Plot : Machine C. Technology : Gadget D. Book : Factory

73	Choose a related pair of words or phrases ABOLITIONIST: SLAVERY	A. Prohibitionist : Liquor B. Capitalist : Commerce C. Peace : War D. Glass : jug
74	Choose a related pair of words or phrases HORSE: STEED	A. Offspring : spawn B. Compass : Bore C. Dampness : mildew D. Girl : damsel
75	Choose a related pair of words or phrases BROOM: SWEEP	A. Rack: Leaves B. Attic: Basement C. Dove: Peace D. Give: Take
76	Choose a related pair of words or phrases LOOM: YARN	A. Vanish : tale B. Wool : sweater C. Smithy : iron D. Admire : Disdain
77	Choose a related pair of words or phrases AUTHOR: ROYALTIES	A. Archive : presidents B. Writer : monarch C. Agent : percentage D. Patron : patronage
78	Choose a related pair of words or phrases TRUCK: LORRY	A. Adobe : brick B. Crane : hoist C. Carriage : pram D. Transport : support
79	Choose a related pair of words or phrases BUTCHER: MEAT	A. Cobbler : Nail B. Juggler : Feats C. Shoes : Cobbler D. Carpenter : Wood
80	Choose a related pair of words or phrases GAUCHE: POLISHED	A. Grow: dwindle B. Warden: tower C. Moat: water D. Thickness: gauge
81	Choose a related pair of words or phrases HYMN: SERENADE	A. Ballad e : tango B. Psalm : love poem C. Encore : aria D. Rock : croon
82	Choose a related pair of words or phrases CAT: MOUSE	A. Bird: Worm B. Dog: Tail C. Trap: Attic D. Hide: Seek
83	Choose a related pair of words or phrases SPATTER: SOAK	A. Alarm: whistle B. Desert: Sahara C. Bubble: Ball D. Whisper: shout
84	Choose a related pair of words or phrases TROWEL: MORTAR	A. Wrench: twist B. Hail: dew C. Salt: recipe D. Spatula: icing
85	Choose a related pair of words or phrases LUMBER: WALK	A. Splinter : fly B. Flounder : swim C. Seed : rind D. Coal : asphalt
86	Choose a related pair of words or phrases PARROT : APE	A. Curve : are B. Wood : tree C. Crane : boar D. Alarm : fire
87	Choose a related pair of words or phrases SLICE: SCALPEL	A. Knit : gloves B. Signal : flare C. Yarn : fiber D. Air : tube
88	Choose a related pair of words or phrases STAGE: DIRECTOR	A. Choir : soprano B. Judge : lawyer C. Band : Clarinet D. Meeting : chairman
	Choose a related pair of words or phrases	A. Staircase : Elevator

89	SCREAM: WHISPER	B. Pedal : bicycle C. Blaze : spark D. Repel : Sheep
90	Choose a related pair of words or phrases BEEF: COW	A. Venison : Buffalo B. Sheep : Mutton C. Mutton : Sheep D. Pork : goat
91	Choose a related pair of words or phrases ENERGIZE : ACTIVE	A. Gourmet : Curry B. Sever : reckless C. Antiseptic : infection D. Hone : sharp
92	Choose a related pair of words or phrases MENDICANT: BEGGING	A. Coup: thunder B. Proponent: abstained C. Player: chess D. Charlatan: deception
93	Choose a related pair of words or phrases BOTANY: PLANTS	A. Land: sherbs B. Astronomy: Stars C. Anthropology: Thorn D. Philosophy: encyclopedia
94	Choose a related pair of words or phrases CHURCH: SPIRE	A. Temple : shrine B. Opera : stage C. Courtroom : bench D. Mosque : minaret
95	Choose a related pair of words or phrases MACHINE GUN: MUSKET	A. Tank : chain B. Frigate : cruiser C. Autumnal : vernal D. Palace : cottage
96	Choose a related pair of words or phrases LIKELY: PROBABILITY	A. Sailor : Mutineer B. Bright : radiance C. Funereal : eulogy D. Defying : enemy
97	Choose a related pair of words or phrases ICE: SWELL	A. Escape : manacles B. Cramp : stress C. Antiseptic : infect D. Regicide : ruler
98	Choose a related pair of words or phrases THEATER: HISTRIONIC	A. Slyness: stupid B. Hamlet: populous C. Number: Numberology D. Courtroom: forensic
99	Choose a related pair of words or phrases VISE: GRIPS	A. Tempers : flare B. Kiln : potter C. Spout : geysers D. Calipers : measure
100	Choose a related pair of words or phrases CAMERA: SIGHT	A. Pictures: anthology B. Type: touch C. Headphone: hearing D. Thirst: water
101	Choose a related pair of words or phrases PARCHMENT : PAPER	A. Pity: feeling B. Book: paging C. Trees: lumber D. Quill: pen
102	Choose a related pair of words or phrases DETECTIVE: INFORMER	A. Author: book B. Architect: Draftsman C. Reporter: source D. Vacancy: empty
103	Choose a related pair of words or phrases EVADE : QUESTION	A. Shirk: malingerers B. Elicit: response C. parry: blow D. Knowledge: thrust
104	Choose a related pair of words or phrases RIDDLE: SPHINX	A. Luxury : limousine B. Love : loathe C. Fire : promethus D. Scylla : ore
105	Choose a related pair of words or phrases	A. Anger : bluster B. Drizzle : downpour C. Draw : doodle

	FLURKI. DLIZZAKU	D. Simmer : cook
106	Choose a related pair of words or phrases ELECTRON: NUCLEUS	A. Electric : exciting B. Earth : sun C. Magnet : pole D. Cell : membrane
107	Choose a related pair of words or phrases ELICIT: RESPONSE	A. Religion : ethics B. Crime : arrest C. Answer : question D. Coax : smile
108	Choose a related pair of words or phrases FASTIDIOUS: VULGARITY	A. Vacillating: action B. Fade: intensity C. Security: mob D. Speeding: bourgeois
109	Choose a related pair of words or phrases APPEARANCE: SUBPOENA	A. Death : fight B. Payment : bill C. Health : game D. Applause : encore
110	Choose a related pair of words or phrases CARPENTER: VISE	A. Teller : Bank B. Golfer : Club C. Mike : speak D. Angler : fish
111	Choose a related pair of words or phrases DRAMA: STAGE	A. Disease : relapse B. Commercial : program C. Eclipse : gulf D. Movie : cinema
112	Choose a related pair of words or phrases CALIBER: RIFLE	A. Army : Ammunition B. Compass : Bore C. Quality : Shoot D. Gauge : Rails
113	Choose a related pair of words or phrases DARN: NEEDLE	A. Mill: grind B. Run: river C. Whip: processor D. Kindling: chain saw
114	Choose a related pair of words or phrases MUMBLE: SHOUT	A. Trickle: poke B. Hunger: lunch C. Provoke: tease D. Flipper: swim
115	Choose a related pair of words or phrases CORRESPONDENCE : CLERK	A. Office: Manager B. Secretary: Stenographer C. Proceeds: Accounts D. Records: Archivist
116	Choose a related pair of words or phrases STETHOSCOPE: PHYSICIAN	A. Microscope : amoeba B. Psychiatrist : couch C. Wrench : plumber D. Bat : baseball
117	Choose a related pair of words or phrases SIESTA: NAP	A. Lariat : rope B. Farm : plantation C. Sauerkraut : cabbage D. Coin : rug
118	Choose a related pair of words or phrases SLURP : SIP	A. Watch: minute B. Snipe: skirmish C. Guffaw: giggle D. Tiptoe: stumble
119	Choose a related pair of words or phrases SOPHIST: TRUTH	A. Quack : medicine B. Director : plan C. Alarmist : legend D. Actor : Shoot
120	Choose a related pair of words or phrases CAT : FELINE	A. Fate: Fortune B. Puppet: statue C. Horse: Equine D. Tiger: Lion
121	Choose a related pair of words or phrases PRICE: EXORBITANT	A. Listening: boredom B. Motion: distance C. Fire: overshoot D. Fatigue: exhaustion

122	Choose a related pair of words or phrases RETICENT: PRATTLE	A. Hedonist : war B. Phlegmatic : emote C. Ascetic : austerity D. Chasten : chide
123	Choose a related pair of words or phrases DISCREDITED : REPUTATION	A. Choleric : heat B. Stronghold : facility C. Stilted : simplicity D. Apprehensive : shyness
124	Choose a related pair of words or phrases LARVA: ADULT	A. Adam : Eve B. Cub : Deer C. Tadpole : Frog D. Grasshopper : insect
125	Choose a related pair of words or phrases MOUNTAIN :TUNNEL	E. Snake : Reptile A. Window: Frame B. Door : Handle C. Charcoal : Fire D. River : Bridge E. Wall : Height
126	Choose a related pair of words or phrases INITIATE: END	A. Enthusiasm : Euphemism B. Sum : Difference C. Malignant : Cancer D. Attend : Ignore E. Start : Begin
127	Choose a related pair of words or phrases MAUDLIN: DISPASSION	A. Dauntless: Trepidation B. Mawkish: Sentiment C. Vociferous: Predilection D. Avuncular: Kinship E. Perfunctory: Laxity
128	Choose a related pair of words or phrases BIBLIOGRAPHER: LIBRARY	A. Apple : Sheif B. Student : Examination Hall C. Goldsmith : Gold D. Teacher : Classroom E. Preacher : Road
129	Choose a related pair of words or phrases TAPESTRY: LOOM	A. Emulsion : Wall B. inflation : Poor C. Painting : Easel D. Plan : Trip E. Computer : Mouse
130	Choose a related pair of words or phrases PERORATION : ADDRESS	A. Preamble : Speech B. Orchestration : Overture C. Score : Finale D. Chapter : Fiction E. Denouement : Novel
131	Choose a related pair of words or phrases RUNE : ALPHABET	A. Range : Mountain B. Team : Player C. Suspicious : Thief D. Stream : Water E. Star : Constellation
132	Choose a related pair of words or phrases VESSEL : FLEET	A. Forest: Clearing B. Squadron: Rank C. Hound: Pack D. Wide: Trunk E. Lion: Lair
133	Choose a related pair of words or phrases TEDIOUS : BOREDOM	A. Burglar: Warning B. Witty: Rejuvenation C. Enigmatic: Uncertainty D. Square: Circle E. Cliche: Epigram
134	Choose a related pair of words or phrases SCOWL: SMILE	A. jazz : Harsh B. Acid : Vlnegar C. Tendentious : Buck D. Wine : Water E. Despair : Hope
135	Choose a related pair of words or phrases LECHER: LUST	A. Pith: Herb B. Glutton: Greed C. Business: Profit D. Showbiz: Fame E. Garrulous: Cottage
136	Choose a related pair of words or phrases LUGUBRIOUS : DOLEFUL	A. Banal : Insipid B. Tractable : Recalcitrant C. Pensive : Vacuous D. Profligate : Miserly

		E. Tangible : Illusory
137	Choose a related pair of words or phrases GROVEL : SERVILE	A. Elevator : Skyscraper B. Neglect : fortuitous C. Summary : Narration D. Foresee : Prescient
138	Choose a related pair of words or phrases CLARIFY: CONFUSION	E. Risk: Indiscriminate A. Cloud: Thunder B. Wish: Success C. Declare: Bankruptey D. Algorithm: Structure E. Mediate: Altercation
139	Choose a related pair of words or phrases ETHEREAL : EMPYREAL	A. Fetus: Offspring B. Earnest: Saccharine C. Novice: Expert D. Obsequious: Sycophantic E. jargon: Authentic
140	Choose a related pair of words or phrases MOAT : CASTLE	A. Bridge: River B. Propel: Ship C. Archer: Bow D. Cummerbund: Waist E. Shoe: Foot
141	Choose a related pair of words or phrases DOLLAR: DIME	A. Rupee : Frank B. Saleswoman : Pitch C. Retreat : Victory D. Century : Decade E. Ring : Necklace
142	Choose a related pair of words or phrases CHEFF: RECIPE	A. Celestial : Deferential B. Musician : Score C. People : Band D. Novelist : Puzzle E. Ambivalent : Dexterous
143	Choose a related pair of words or phrases OSSIFY: BONE	A. Embezzle : Account B. Refine : Crude Oil C. Pulverize : Dust D. Filter : Water E. Euphoria : Hydrophobia
144	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. PATHOLOGICAL	A. Sick B. Healthy C. Unrealizable D. Selective E. Chemicals
145	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. DETACH	A. Separate B. Pack C. Bottom line D. Scratch E. Ambulatory
146	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. SYNCHERONIZED	A. Arrhythmic B. Resonating C. Harmonized D. Bough E. Chronological
147	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. CHAOTIC	A. Immersive B. Orderly C. Hectic D. Nervous E. Embarrassing
148	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. BOMBASTIC	A. Creative B. Selfish C. Artistic D. Polite E. Overbearing
149	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. GARRULOUS	A. Barren B. Funnel C. Censored D. Deaf E. Notable
150	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. ELEVATED	A. Suspended B. Moody C. Subterranean D. Grounded E. Excited
	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word.	A. Insufficient B. Expanded

151	REDUNDANT	C. Profound D. Numberous E. Verbose
152	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. INANE	A. Bawdy B. Serious C. Mature D. Anonymous E. Opposite
153	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. TRANSPARENT	A. Coloured B. Childlike C. Opaque D. Imminent
154	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. PRIDE	A. Humility B. Shame C. Humbleness D. Debasement
155	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. ACQUISITIVE	A. Miserly B. Frugal C. Simple D. Austere
156	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. URBAN	A. Country-made B. Pastoral C. Provincial D. Rural
157	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. BLATANT	A. Noisy B. Quiet C. Barren D. Slow
158	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. PRIM	A. Rash B. Extravagant C. Foul D. Shameful
159	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. EXHIBIT	A. Conceal B. Prevent C. Withdraw D. Concede
160	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. SALVAGE	A. Outfit B. Lose C. Burn D. Remove
161	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. KEEN	A. Dull B. Rogue C. Ardent D. Shrewd
162	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. HAUGHTY	A. Pitiable B. Scared C. Humble D. Cowardly
163	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. UNDERTAKING	A. Resignation B. Trial C. Refusal D. Denial
164	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. AUDACIOUS	A. Timid B. Vulgar C. Low D. Unpractised
165	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. ENOUGH	A. Inadequate B. Scarce C. Deficit D. Less
166	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. VIRTUE	A. Vice B. Fraud C. Wickedness D. Crime
	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word.	A. Hostility

167	ZEAL	B. Diffidence C. Apathy D. Contempt
168	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. SYMPATHY	A. Enmity B. Cruelty C. Abborrence D. Apathy
169	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. ERUDITE	A. Professional B. Immature C. Unimaginative D. Ignorant
170	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. HAPLESS	A. Lucky B. Kind C. Helpful D. Futile
171	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. HAPPINESS	A. Contentment B. Grief C. Renunciation D. Beatitude
172	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. ACQUTTED	A. Entrusted B. Convicted C. Burdened D. Freed
173	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. VULGAR	A. Refined B. Cheerful C. Jolly D. Relevant
174	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. THRIFT	A. Purchase B. Destroy C. Waste D. Invest
175	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. LACONIC	A. Prolix B. Profligate C. Prolific D. Bucolic
176	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. QUESULOUS	A. Bright B. Splendid C. Smart D. Happy
177	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. ABSOLUTE	A. Scarce B. Limited C. Faulty D. Deficiet
178	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. COMIC	A. Painful B. Fearful C. Tragic D. Emotional
179	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. COMMUNICATIVE	A. Primitive B. Passive C. Dumb D. Reticent
180	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. RETAIN	A. Reject B. Renounce C. Spare D. Eject
181	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. ESCALATE	A. Lessen B. Subside C. Reduce D. Heal
182	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. TERRIBLE	A. Horrible B. Awesome C. Delightful D. Hideous
	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word.	A. Withhold

183	INTRUDE	B. Withdraw C. Accept D. Surrender
184	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. FACSIMILE	A. Reproduction B. Sincere C. Original D. Engineered
185	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. BAGGY	A. Strict B. Compact C. Firm D. Tight
186	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. ADDITION	A. Multiplication B. Subtraction C. Enumeration D. Division
187	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. LOYAL	A. Rebellious B. Courageous C. Faithful D. Friendly
188	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. SUBJUGATE	A. Liberate B. Enslave C. Enrich D. Identify
189	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. EVACUATE	A. Admit B. Emerge C. Abandon D. Invade
190	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. OUTMODED	A. Polished B. Practicable C. Stylish D. Fashionable
191	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. CONDENSE	A. Lengthen B. Expand C. Distrubute D. Interpret
192	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. BRIDGE	A. Divide B. Bind C. Release D. Open
193	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. TRANQUIL	A. Impatient B. Agitated C. Vociferous D. Noisy
194	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. INDULGE	A. Avoid B. Abstain C. Forego D. Neglect
195	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. ATTRACT	A. Repulse B. Reject C. Repel D. Distract
196	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. RESPITE	A. Tension B. Exertion C. Regularity D. Delay
197	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. BACCHANAL	A. Cautious B. Grave C. Cunning D. Sober
198	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. GRATUITY	A. Annuity B. Stipend C. Discount D. Wages
199	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. ECLIPSE	A. Shine B. Enlarge C. Goggle

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204 JEER Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. BEAUTFUL Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. ADEQUATE Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. ADEQUATE Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. PLACATE Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. PLACATE Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. EARING Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. EARING Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. PROHIBIT Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. EMBRACE Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. EMBRACE Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. EMBRACE Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. EMBRACE Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. EMBRACE Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. EMBRACE Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. EARING Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. EXONERATE Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. EXONERATE Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. EXONERATE Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. EXONERATE Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. EXONERATE Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. EXONERATE Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. EXONERATE Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. EXONERATE Choose the w	203	B. Cooperation C. Persuasion
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PROHIBIT C. Agree D. Grant Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. EMBRACE Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. EMBRACE Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. BASHFUL Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. ROUGHLY Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. EXONERATE Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. EXONERATE Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. LIBERALISM Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. A Humaniam B. Dynamism C. Sectarianism D. Totalitarianism Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. A Generous B. Liberal C. Spend thrift	208	B. Strength C. Health
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212 ROUGHLY Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. EXONERATE Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. EXONERATE Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. LIBERALISM Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. MISERLY A. Generous B. Liberal C. Spend thrift	211	 B. Boastful C. Upright
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214 LIBERALISM Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. MISERLY B. Dynamism C. Sectarianism D. Totalitarianism A. Generous B. Liberal C. Spend thrift	213	B. Accuse C. Imprison
215 B. Liberal C. Spend thrift	214	B. Dynamism C. Sectarianism
	215	B. Liberal C. Spend thrift

216	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. WONDER	A. Stock B. Amusement C. Expect action D. Surprise
217	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. MALICE	A. Honour B. Ecstasy C. Goodwill D. Happiness
218	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. DENSITY	A. Brightness B. Clarity C. Intelligence D. Rarity
219	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. COMMODIOUS	A. Limited B. Expensive C. Numerous D. Leisurely
220	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. APPOINTMENT	A. Disappointment B. Suspension C. Dismissal D. Discharge
221	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. CONTENTED	A. Rash B. Narrow-minded C. Gloomy D. Disappointed
222	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. MAMMOTH	A. Dull B. Weak C. Tiny D. Bright
223	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. CONCEAL	A. Unfold B. Reveal C. Open D. Discover
224	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. EXTENSION	A. Condensation B. Subtraction C. Deletion D. Weakening
225	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. KILL	A. Azure B. Relief C. Execute D. Animate
226	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. SELDOM	A. Rarely B. Daily C. Often D. Never
227	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. PERTINENT	A. Indifferent B. Detached C. Determined D. Irrelevant
228	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. ACUMEN	A. Intelligence B. Imbecility C. Potentiality D. Unfamiliarity
229	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word.	A. Inspiring B. Plain C. Invigorating D. Implied
230	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. VIRULENT	A. Harmless B. Malignant C. Hostile D. Vicious
231	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. DEFICIT	A. Superfluous B. Surplus C. Explicit D. Implicit
	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word.	A Colm

232	FRANTIC	B. Hopeful C. Active D. Bitter
233	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. REDOLENT	A. Pesticised B. Sticky C. Yellowish D. Stinking
234	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. TURBULENT	A. Turbid B. Violent C. Steady D. Critical
235	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. ADVERSITY	A. Enmity B. Severity C. Prosperity D. Calamity
236	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. MUSTY	A. Fresh B. Expensive C. Clean D. Fine
237	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. PROPEL	A. Hide B. Shove C. Hesitate D. Check
238	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. PATCHY	A. Clear B. Simple C. Uniform D. Attractive
239	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. VANITY	A. Modesty B. Kindness C. Compassion D. Moderation
240	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. STRENUOUS	A. Unfaltering B. Irresolute C. Unwavering D. Lazy
241	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. WANE	A. Swell B. Prosper C. Fatten D. Widen
242	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. ILLEGIBLE	A. Clear B. Imitable C. Clean D. Readable
243	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. ROBUST	A. Thin B. Emaciated C. Light D. Strong
244	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. CARNAL	A. Sensuous B. Spiritual C. Visionary D. Imaginary
245	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. FLEXIBLE	A. Brittle B. Rigid C. Hard D. Solid
246	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. DEVOUT	A. Irreverent B. Sincere C. Homely D. Magnificent
247	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. RELINQUISH	A. Withdraw B. Attack C. Assume D. Conquer
248	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word.	A. Indifferent B. Harmless C. Insignificant

	CONSPICUOUS	D. Unknown
249	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. $LEV\PiY$	A. Stupidity B. Gravity C. Lofty D. Absurdity
250	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. GLUT	A. Dearth B. Limit C. Drain D. Supply
251	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. AROMATIC	A. Tart B. Disagreeable C. Sour D. Odorous
252	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. VIVACIOUS	A. Quarrelsome B. Sober C. Notorious D. Drunken
253	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. UNREALISTIC	A. Natural B. Visionary C. Reasonable D. Actual
254	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. DEPRAVED	E. Intelligent A. Great B. Enhanced C. Moral D. Prosperous
255	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. METICULOUS	A. Slovenly B. Meretricious C. Shaggy D. Mutual
256	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. AMICABLE	A. Cunning B. Shy C. Hostile D. Crazy
257	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. CLARITY	A. Exaggeration B. Candour C. Confusion D. Reserve
258	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. OPULENT	A. Wealthy B. Poor C. Sumptuous D. Drooping
259	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. SANCTIFY	A. Dedicate B. Patronise C. Venerate D. Pollute
260	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. CHALLENGE	A. Admire B. Accept C. Favour D. Praise
261	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. TEDIOUS	A. Pleasant B. Lovely C. Lively D. Gay
262	Choose the words or phrases that is most opposite in meaning to the word. COMMEND	A. Censure B. Condemn C. Defy D. Defame
263	The history of literature really began was the earliest of the arts. Man danced for joy round his primitive camp fire after the defeat and slaughter of his enemy. He yelled and shouted as he danced and gradually the yells and shouts became coherent and caught the measure of the coherent and caught the measure of the dance and thus the first war song was sung. As the idea of God developed prayers were framed. The songs and prayers became traditional and were repeated from one generation to another each generation something of its own. As man slowly grew more civilized he was compelled to invent some method of writing by three urgent necessities. There were certain things that it was dangerous to forget and which therefore had to be recorded it was necessary to protect one's property by making tools	A. Literature was passed on by word of month B. Prayers were considered literature C. Literature was just singing and dancing D. There was no literature

cattle and 50 on in some distinctive mainter 50 main taught himsen to write and having D. THELE WAS NO INCIDENCE learned to write purely for utilitarian reasons he used this new method for preserving his war songs and his prayers of course among these ancient peoples there were only a very few individuals who learned to write and only a few could read what was written.a.Before man invented writing The history of literature really began was the earliest of the arts. Man danced for joy round his primitive camp fire after the defeat and slaughter of his enemy. He yelled and shouted as he danced and gradually the yells and shouts became coherent and caught the measure of the coherent and caught the measure of the dance and thus the first war song was sung. As the idea of God developed prayers were framed. The songs and prayers became traditional A. Added something of its own to the B. Blindly repeated the songs and and were repeated from one generation to another each generation something of its own. As man slowly grew more civilized he was compelled to invent some method of writing by three prayers urgent necessities. There were certain things that it was dangerous to forget and which C. Composed its own songs and therefore had to be recorded it was necessary to protect one's property by making tools cattle and so on in some distinctive manner so man taught himself to write and having D. Repeated what has handed down learned to write purely for utilitarian reasons he used this new method for preserving his war songs and his prayers of course among these ancient peoples there were only a very few individuals who learned to write and only a few could read what was written.b. As for the war songs and prayers each generation. The history of literature really began was the earliest of the arts. Man danced for joy round his primitive camp fire after the defeat and slaughter of his enemy. He yelled and shouted as he danced and gradually the yells and shouts became coherent and caught the measure of the coherent and caught the measure of the dance and thus the first war song was sung. As A. Was inspired by God the idea of God developed prayers were framed. The songs and prayers became traditional B. Developed spontaneously and were repeated from one generation to another each generation something of its own. As C. Was a song traditionally handed man slowly grew more civilized he was compelled to invent some method of writing by three urgent necessities. There were certain things that it was dangerous to forget and which down D. Was composed by leading dancers therefore had to be recorded it was necessary to protect one's property by making tools cattle and so on in some distinctive manner so man taught himself to write and having learned to write purely for utilitarian reasons he used this new method for preserving his war songs and his prayers of course among these ancient peoples there were only a very few individuals who learned to write and only a few could read what was written.c. The first war-The history of literature really began was the earliest of the arts. Man danced for joy round his primitive camp fire after the defeat and slaughter of his enemy. He yelled and shouted as he danced and gradually the yells and shouts became coherent and caught the measure of the coherent and caught the measure of the dance and thus the first war song was sung. As the idea of God developed prayers were framed. The songs and prayers became traditional and were repeated from one generation to another each generation something of its own. As A. Creative inspiration man slowly grew more civilized he was compelled to invent some method of writing by three B. There was no literature urgent necessities. There were certain things that it was dangerous to forget and which C. Artistic urge therefore had to be recorded it was necessary to protect one's property by making tools D. Yelling and shouting cattle and so on in some distinctive manner so man taught himself to write and having learned to write purely for utilitarian reasons he used this new method for preserving his war songs and his prayers of course among these ancient peoples there were only a very few individuals who learned to write and only a few could read what was written.d. The war song evolved out of The history of literature really began was the earliest of the arts. 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To write literature therefore had to be recorded it was necessary to protect one's property by making tools To record and communicate cattle and so on in some distinctive manner so man taught himself to write and having learned to write purely for utilitarian reasons he used this new method for preserving his war songs and his prayers of course among these ancient peoples there were only a very few individuals who learned to write and only a few could read what was written.e. Man invented writing because he wanted The history of literature really began was the earliest of the arts. Man danced for joy round his primitive camp fire after the defeat and slaughter of his enemy. He yelled and shouted as he danced and gradually the yells and shouts became coherent and caught the measure of the coherent and caught the measure of the dance and thus the first war song was sung. As the idea of God developed prayers were framed. The songs and prayers became traditional and were repeated from one generation to another each generation something of its own. As A. Weight man slowly grew more civilized he was compelled to invent some method of writing by three B. Rhythm urgent necessities. There were certain things that it was dangerous to forget and which C. Size therefore had to be recorded it was necessary to protect one's property by making tools D. Quantity cattle and so on in some distinctive manner so man taught himself to write and having learned to write purely for utilitarian reasons he used this new method for preserving his war songs and his prayers of course among these ancient peoples there were only a very few individuals who learned to write and only a few could read what was written.f. The word_measure in the context of the passage means Democratic societies from the earliest times have expected their governments to protect the

Democratic societies from the earliest times have expected their governments to protect the weak against the strong no era good feeling can justify discharging the police force or giving up the idea of public control over concentrated private wealth on the other hand it is obvious that a spirit of self-denial and moderation on the part of those who hold economic power will greatly soften the demand for absolute equality men are more interested in freedom and security than in an equal distribution of wealth the extent to which Government must interfere with business therefore is not exactly measured by the extent to which economic power is concentrated into a few hands the required degree of government interference depends mainly on whether economic powers are oppressively used and on the necessity of

A. Freedom of people

B. Tyranny of the political paries

C. Powers of the government

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keeping economic factors in a tolerable state of balanceHowever with the necessity of meeting all these dangers and threats to liberty the powers of government are unavoidable increased whichever political party may be in office the growth of government is necessary result of the growth of technology and of the problems that go with the use of machines and science since the Government in our nation must take on more powers to meet is problem there is no way to preserve freedom except by making democracy more powerful.a.The advent of science and technology has increase the

D. Chances of economic inequality

Democratic societies from the earliest times have expected their governments to protect the weak against the strong no era good feeling can justify discharging the police force or giving up the idea of public control over concentrated private wealth on the other hand it is obvious that a spirit of self-denial and moderation on the part of those who hold economic power will

greatly soften the demand for absolute equality men are more interested in freedom and security than in an equal distribution of wealth the extent to which Government must interfere with business therefore is not exactly measured by the extent to which economic power is concentrated into a few hands the required degree of government interference depends mainly on whether economic powers are oppressively used and on the necessity of keeping economic factors in a tolerable state of balanceHowever with the necessity of meeting all these dangers and threats to liberty the powers of government are unavoidable increased whichever political party may be in office the growth of government is necessary result of the growth of technology and of the problems that go with the use of machines and science since the Government in our nation must take on more powers to meet is problem there is no way to preserve freedom except by making democracy more powerful.b.A spirit of moderation on the economically sound people would make the less privileged

A. Unhappy with the rich people B. More interested in freedom and security

C. Unhappy with their lot

Clamourlage

Democratic societies from the earliest times have expected their governments to protect the weak against the strong no era good feeling can justify discharging the police force or giving up the idea of public control over concentrated private wealth on the other hand it is obvious that a spirit of self-denial and moderation on the part of those who hold economic power will greatly soften the demand for absolute equality men are more interested in freedom and security than in an equal distribution of wealth the extent to which Government must interfere with business therefore is not exactly measured by the extent to which economic power is concentrated into a few hands the required degree of government interference depends mainly on whether economic powers are oppressively used and on the necessity of keeping economic factors in a tolerable state of balanceHowever with the necessity of meeting all these dangers and threats to liberty the powers of government are unavoidable increased whichever political party may be in office the growth of government is necessary result of the growth of technology and of the problems that go with the use of machines and science since the Government in our nation must take on more powers to meet is problem there is no way to preserve freedom except by making democracy more powerful.c. The growth of government is necessitated to

A. Make the rich and the poor happy

- B. Curb the accumulation of wealth in a few hands
- C. Monitor science and technology

D. Deploy the police force wisely

Democratic societies from the earliest times have expected their governments to protect the weak against the strong no era good feeling can justify discharging the police force or giving up the idea of public control over concentrated private wealth on the other hand it is obvious that a spirit of self-denial and moderation on the part of those who hold economic power will greatly soften the demand for absolute equality men are more interested in freedom and security than in an equal distribution of wealth the extent to which Government must interfere with business therefore is not exactly measured by the extent to which economic power is concentrated into a few hands the required degree of government interference depends mainly on whether economic powers are oppressively used and on the necessity of keeping economic factors in a tolerable state of balanceHowever with the necessity of meeting all these dangers and threats to liberty the powers of government are unavoidable increased whichever political party may be in office the growth of government is necessary result of the growth of technology and of the problems that go with the use of machines and science since the Government in our nation must take on more powers to meet is problem there is no way to preserve freedom except by making democracy more powerful.d. Era of good feeling in the paragraph refers to

A. Time of prosperity

B. Time of adversity

C. Time without government D. Time of police altrocities

Democratic societies from the earliest times have expected their governments to protect the weak against the strong no era good feeling can justify discharging the police force or giving up the idea of public control over concentrated private wealth on the other hand it is obvious that a spirit of self-denial and moderation on the part of those who hold economic power will greatly soften the demand for absolute equality men are more interested in freedom and security than in an equal distribution of wealth the extent to which Government must interfere with business therefore is not exactly measured by the extent to which economic power is concentrated into a few hands the required degree of government interference depends mainly on whether economic powers are oppressively used and on the necessity of keeping economic factors in a tolerable state of balance-However with the necessity of meeting all these dangers and threats to liberty the powers of government are unavoidable increased whichever political party may be in office the growth of government is necessary result of the growth of technology and of the problems that go with the use of machines and

science since the Government in our nation must take on more powers to meet is problem there is no way to preserve freedom except by making democracy more powerful.e.

Tolerable state of balance in the last sentence may mean

A. An adequate level of police force B. A reasonable level of economic equality

C. A reasonable amount of government interference

D. A reasonable check on economic power

Educational planning should aim at meeting the educational needs of the entire population of all age groups while the traditional structure of education as a three hierarchy from the primary stage to the university represents the core we should not overlook the periphery which is equally important under modern conditions workers need to rewind or renew their enthusiasm or strike out in a new direction or improve their skills as much as any university professor the retired and the aged have their needs as well Educational planning in their words should take care of the needs of everyone. Our structures of education have been built up on the assumption that there is a terminal point to education This basic defect has become all the more harmful today A UNESCO report entitled Learning to Be prepared by Edgar Faure and others in 1973 asserts that the education of children must prepare the future adult for various form of self-learning A viable education system of the future should consist of modules with different kinds of functions serving a diversity of constituents And performance not the period of study should be the basis for credentials The writing is

A. Traditional systems should be strengthened

B. Formal education is more important than non-formal

C. One should never cease to learn

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already on the wall. In view of the fact that the significance of a commitment of lifelong learning and lifetime education is being discussed only in recent years even in educationally advanced countries the possibility of the idea becoming an integral part of educational thinking seems to be a far cry for to move in that direction means such more than some

simple rearrangement of the present organization of education but a good beginning can be made by developing Open University programs for older learners of different categories and introducing extension services in the conventional colleges and schools Also these institutions should learn to cooperate with the numerous community organizations such as libraries museums municipal recreational programs health services etc.a. What is the main thrust of the author?

D. It is impossible to meet he needs of everyone

Educational planning should aim at meeting the educational needs of the entire population of all age groups while the traditional structure of education as a three hierarchy from the primary stage to the university represents the core we should not overlook the periphery which is equally important under modern conditions workers need to rewind or renew their enthusiasm or strike out in a new direction or improve their skills as much as any university professor the retired and the aged have their needs as well Educational planning in their words should take care of the needs of everyone. Our structures of education have been built up on the assumption that there is a terminal point to education This basic defect has become all the more harmful today A UNESCO report entitled Learning to Be prepared by Edgar Faure and others in 1973 asserts that the education of children must prepare the future adult for various form of self-learning A viable education system of the future should consist of modules with different kinds of functions serving a diversity of constituents And performance not the period of study should be the basis for credentials The writing is already on the wall. In view of the fact that the significance of a commitment of lifelong learning and lifetime education is being discussed only in recent years even in educationally advanced countries the possibility of the idea becoming an integral part of educational thinking seems to be a far cry for to move in that direction means such more than some simple rearrangement of the present organization of education but a good beginning can be made by developing Open University programs for older learners of different categories and introducing extension services in the conventional colleges and schools Also these institutions should learn to cooperate with the numerous community organizations such as libraries museums municipal recreational programs health services etc.b. Which of the following best describes the purpose of the author

A. To criticize the present educational system

B. To strengthen the present educational practices

C. To support non-conventional educational organizations

D. To present a pragmatic point of view

Educational planning should aim at meeting the educational needs of the entire population of all age groups while the traditional structure of education as a three hierarchy from the primary stage to the university represents the core we should not overlook the periphery which is equally important under modern conditions workers need to rewind or renew their enthusiasm or strike out in a new direction or improve their skills as much as any university professor the retired and the aged have their needs as well Educational planning in their words should take care of the needs of everyone. Our structures of education have been built up on the assumption that there is a terminal point to education This basic defect has become all the more harmful today A UNESCO report entitled Learning to Be prepared by Edgar Faure and others in 1973 asserts that the education of children must prepare the future adult for various form of self-learning A viable education system of the future should consist of modules with different kinds of functions serving a diversity of constituents And performance not the period of study should be the basis for credentials The writing is already on the wall. In view of the fact that the significance of a commitment of lifelong learning and lifetime education is being discussed only in recent years even in educationally advanced countries the possibility of the idea becoming an integral part of educational thinking seems to be a far cry for to move in that direction means such more than some simple rearrangement of the present organization of education but a good beginning can be made by developing Open University programs for older learners of different categories and introducing extension services in the conventional colleges and schools Also these institutions should learn to cooperate with the numerous community organizations such as libraries museums municipal recreational programs health services etc.c. According to the passage the present education structures assume which of the following

A. All people can be educated as per their needs

B. Present educational planning is very much practical

C. Education is a one time process

D. Simple rearrangement of the present educational system is a must

Educational planning should aim at meeting the educational needs of the entire population of all age groups while the traditional structure of education as a three hierarchy from the primary stage to the university represents the core we should not overlook the periphery which is equally important under modern conditions workers need to rewind or renew their enthusiasm or strike out in a new direction or improve their skills as much as any university professor the retired and the aged have their needs as well Educational planning in their words should take care of the needs of everyone. Our structures of education have been built up on the assumption that there is a terminal point to education This basic defect has become all the more harmful today A UNESCO report entitled Learning to Be prepared by Edgar Faure and others in 1973 asserts that the education of children must prepare the future adult for various form of self-learning A viable education system of the future should consist of modules with different kinds of functions serving a diversity of constituents And performance not the period of study should be the basis for credentials The writing is already on the wall. In view of the fact that the significance of a commitment of lifelong learning and lifetime education is being discussed only in recent years even in educationally advanced countries the possibility of the idea becoming an integral part of educational thinking seems to be a far cry for to move in that direction means such more than some simple rearrangement of the present organization of education but a good beginning can be made by developing Open University programs for older learners of different categories and introducing extension services in the conventional colleges and schools Also these institutions should learn to cooperate with the numerous community organizations such as libraries museums municipal recreational programs health services etc.d. What should be the major characteristic of the future educational systems

A. Different modules with same function

B. Same module for different groups

C. No modules but standard compulsory program for all

D. None of these

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primary stage to the university represents the core we should not overlook the periphery which is equally important under modern conditions workers need to rewind or renew their enthusiasm or strike out in a new direction or improve their skills as much as any university professor the retired and the aged have their needs as well Educational planning in their

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- A. Train the people at the core
- B. Encourage conventional schools and colleges
- C. Decide a terminal point to education
- D. Fulfill the educational needs of everyone

Educational planning should aim at meeting the educational needs of the entire population of all age groups while the traditional structure of education as a three hierarchy from the primary stage to the university represents the core we should not overlook the periphery which is equally important under modern conditions workers need to rewind or renew their enthusiasm or strike out in a new direction or improve their skills as much as any university professor the retired and the aged have their needs as well Educational planning in their words should take care of the needs of everyone. Our structures of education have been built up on the assumption that there is a terminal point to education This basic defect has become all the more harmful today A UNESCO report entitled Learning to Be prepared by Edgar Faure and others in 1973 asserts that the education of children must prepare the future adult for various form of self-learning A viable education system of the future should consist of modules with different kinds of functions serving a diversity of constituents And performance not the period of study should be the basis for credentials The writing is already on the wall. In view of the fact that the significance of a commitment of lifelong learning and lifetime education is being discussed only in recent years even in educationally advanced countries the possibility of the idea becoming an integral part of educational thinking seems to be a far cry for to move in that direction means such more than some simple rearrangement of the present organization of education but a good beginning can be made by developing Open University programs for older learners of different categories and introducing extension services in the conventional colleges and schools Also these institutions should learn to cooperate with the numerous community organizations such as libraries museums municipal recreational programs health services etc.f. According to the author what measures should Open University adopt to meet modern conditions

- A. Develop various programs for adult learners
- B. Open more colleges on traditional lines
- C. Cater to the needs of those who represent core
- D. Primary education should be under the control of open universities

Educational planning should aim at meeting the educational needs of the entire population of all age groups while the traditional structure of education as a three hierarchy from the primary stage to the university represents the core we should not overlook the periphery which is equally important under modern conditions workers need to rewind or renew their enthusiasm or strike out in a new direction or improve their skills as much as any university professor the retired and the aged have their needs as well Educational planning in their words should take care of the needs of everyone. Our structures of education have been built up on the assumption that there is a terminal point to education This basic defect has become all the more harmful today A UNESCO report entitled Learning to Be prepared by Edgar Faure and others in 1973 asserts that the education of children must prepare the future adult for various form of self-learning A viable education system of the future should consist of modules with different kinds of functions serving a diversity of constituents And performance not the period of study should be the basis for credentials The writing is already on the wall. In view of the fact that the significance of a commitment of lifelong learning and lifetime education is being discussed only in recent years even in educationally advanced countries the possibility of the idea becoming an integral part of educational thinking seems to be a far cry for to move in that direction means such more than some simple rearrangement of the present organization of education but a good beginning can be made by developing Open University programs for older learners of different categories and introducing extension services in the conventional colleges and schools Also these institutions should learn to cooperate with the numerous community organizations such as libraries museums municipal recreational programs health services etc.g. According to the author what should be the basis for a awarding credentials?

- A Duration of the course
- B. Competence of the course teachers
- C. Diversity of the topics covered
- D. Real grasp of matter or skill

Educational planning should aim at meeting the educational needs of the entire population of all age groups while the traditional structure of education as a three hierarchy from the primary stage to the university represents the core we should not overlook the periphery which is equally important under modern conditions workers need to rewind or renew their enthusiasm or strike out in a new direction or improve their skills as much as any university professor the retired and the aged have their needs as well Educational planning in their words should take care of the needs of everyone. Our structures of education have been built up on the assumption that there is a terminal point to education This basic defect has become all the more harmful today A UNESCO report entitled Learning to Be prepared by Edgar Faure and others in 1973 asserts that the education of children must prepare the future adult for various form of self-learning A viable education system of the future should

A. Lifelong learning is a recent concept

B. Worker's knowledge and skills also

need to be updated constantly C. Learning to Be defends that there is a terminal point to aducation

D. Schools and colleges should open extension services

consist of modules with different kinds of functions serving a diversity of constituents And performance not the period of study should be the basis for credentials The writing is already on the wall. In view of the fact that the significance of a commitment of lifelong learning and lifetime education is being discussed only in recent years even in educationally advanced countries the possibility of the idea becoming an integral part of educational thinking seems to be a far cry for to move in that direction means such more than some simple rearrangement of the present organization of education but a good beginning can be made by developing Open University programs for older learners of different categories and introducing extension services in the conventional colleges and schools Also these institutions should learn to cooperate with the numerous community organizations such as libraries museums municipal recreational programs health services etc.h. Which of the

following is not true in context of the given passage?

Educational planning should aim at meeting the educational needs of the entire population of all age groups while the traditional structure of education as a three hierarchy from the primary stage to the university represents the core we should not overlook the periphery which is equally important under modern conditions workers need to rewind or renew their enthusiasm or strike out in a new direction or improve their skills as much as any university professor the retired and the aged have their needs as well Educational planning in their words should take care of the needs of everyone. Our structures of education have been built up on the assumption that there is a terminal point to education This basic defect has become all the more harmful today A UNESCO report entitled Learning to Be prepared by Edgar Faure and others in 1973 asserts that the education of children must prepare the future adult for various form of self-learning A viable education system of the future should consist of modules with different kinds of functions serving a diversity of constituents And performance not the period of study should be the basis for credentials The writing is already on the wall. In view of the fact that the significance of a commitment of lifelong learning and lifetime education is being discussed only in recent years even in educationally advanced countries the possibility of the idea becoming an integral part of educational thinking seems to be a far cry for to move in that direction means such more than some simple rearrangement of the present organization of education but a good beginning can be made by developing Open University programs for older learners of different categories and introducing extension services in the conventional colleges and schools Also these institutions should learn to cooperate with the numerous community organizations such as libraries museums municipal recreational programs health services etc.i. According to the author the concept of lifetime education is

- A. As old as traditional education
- B. Still in formative stages
- C. In vogue in advanced countries
- D. Not practical

Educational planning should aim at meeting the educational needs of the entire population of all age groups while the traditional structure of education as a three hierarchy from the primary stage to the university represents the core we should not overlook the periphery which is equally important under modern conditions workers need to rewind or renew their enthusiasm or strike out in a new direction or improve their skills as much as any university professor the retired and the aged have their needs as well Educational planning in their words should take care of the needs of everyone. Our structures of education have been built up on the assumption that there is a terminal point to education This basic defect has become all the more harmful today A UNESCO report entitled Learning to Be prepared by Edgar Faure and others in 1973 asserts that the education of children must prepare the future adult for various form of self-learning A viable education system of the future should consist of modules with different kinds of functions serving a diversity of constituents And performance not the period of study should be the basis for credentials The writing is already on the wall. In view of the fact that the significance of a commitment of lifelong learning and lifetime education is being discussed only in recent years even in educationally advanced countries the possibility of the idea becoming an integral part of educational thinking seems to be a far cry for to move in that direction means such more than some simple rearrangement of the present organization of education but a good beginning can be made by developing Open University programs for older learners of different categories and introducing extension services in the conventional colleges and schools Also these institutions should learn to cooperate with the numerous community organizations such as libraries museums municipal recreational programs health services etc.j. Integrating the concepts of lifelong learning with the educational structure would imply

- A. Closing down conventional schools and colleges
- B. Longer duration's for all formal courses
- C. Simple rearrangement of present educational organizations
- D. More weight for actual performance than real understanding

Educational planning should aim at meeting the educational needs of the entire population of all age groups while the traditional structure of education as a three hierarchy from the primary stage to the university represents the core we should not overlook the periphery which is equally important under modern conditions workers need to rewind or renew their enthusiasm or strike out in a new direction or improve their skills as much as any university professor the retired and the aged have their needs as well Educational planning in their words should take care of the needs of everyone. Our structures of education have been built up on the assumption that there is a terminal point to education This basic defect has become all the more harmful today A UNESCO report entitled Learning to Be prepared by Edgar Faure and others in 1973 asserts that the education of children must prepare the future adult for various form of self-learning A viable education system of the future should consist of modules with different kinds of functions serving a diversity of constituents And performance not the period of study should be the basis for credentials The writing is already on the wall. In view of the fact that the significance of a commitment of lifelong learning and lifetime education is being discussed only in recent years even in educationally advanced countries the possibility of the idea becoming an integral part of educational thinking seems to be a far cry for to move in that direction means such more than some simple rearrangement of the present organization of education but a good beginning can be made by developing Open University programs for older learners of different categories and introducing extension services in the conventional colleges and schools Also these

A. Everything is uncertain now-a-days B. Changes have already taken place

- C. The signs of change are already visible
- D. You cannot change the future

institutions should learn to cooperate with the numerous community organizations such as libraries museums municipal recreational programs health services etc.k. In the context of the passage what is the meaning of the sentence The writing is already on the wall

Educational planning should aim at meeting the educational needs of the entire population of all age groups while the traditional structure of education as a three hierarchy from the primary stage to the university represents the core we should not overlook the periphery which is equally important under modern conditions workers need to rewind or renew their enthusiasm or strike out in a new direction or improve their skills as much as any university professor the retired and the aged have their needs as well Educational planning in their words should take care of the needs of everyone. Our structures of education have been built up on the assumption that there is a terminal point to education This basic defect has become all the more harmful today A UNESCO report entitled Learning to Be prepared by Edgar Faure and others in 1973 asserts that the education of children must prepare the future adult for various form of self-learning A viable education system of the future should consist of modules with different kinds of functions serving a diversity of constituents And performance not the period of study should be the basis for credentials The writing is already on the wall. In view of the fact that the significance of a commitment of lifelong learning and lifetime education is being discussed only in recent years even in educationally advanced countries the possibility of the idea becoming an integral part of educational thinking seems to be a far cry for to move in that direction means such more than some

A. Approaching

B. ContactingC. Introducing

D. Satisfying

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simple rearrangement of the present organization of education but a good beginning can be made by developing Open University programs for older learners of different categories and introducing extension services in the conventional colleges and schools Also these institutions should learn to cooperate with the numerous community organizations such as libraries museums municipal recreational programs health services etc.l. Which of the following is most nearly the same in meaning as the word meeting as used in the passage?

Educational planning should aim at meeting the educational needs of the entire population of all age groups while the traditional structure of education as a three hierarchy from the primary stage to the university represents the core we should not overlook the periphery which is equally important under modern conditions workers need to rewind or renew their enthusiasm or strike out in a new direction or improve their skills as much as any university professor the retired and the aged have their needs as well Educational planning in their words should take care of the needs of everyone. Our structures of education have been built up on the assumption that there is a terminal point to education This basic defect has become all the more harmful today A UNESCO report entitled Learning to Be prepared by Edgar Faure and others in 1973 asserts that the education of children must prepare the future adult for various form of self-learning A viable education system of the future should consist of modules with different kinds of functions serving a diversity of constituents And performance not the period of study should be the basis for credentials The writing is already on the wall. In view of the fact that the significance of a commitment of lifelong learning and lifetime education is being discussed only in recent years even in educationally advanced countries the possibility of the idea becoming an integral part of educational thinking seems to be a far cry for to move in that direction means such more than some simple rearrangement of the present organization of education but a good beginning can be made by developing Open University programs for older learners of different categories and introducing extension services in the conventional colleges and schools Also these institutions should learn to cooperate with the numerous community organizations such as libraries museums municipal recreational programs health services etc.m. Which of the following is most opposite in meaning to the word integral as used in the passage?

- A. Essential
- B. Independent
- C. Major
- D. Minor

Educational planning should aim at meeting the educational needs of the entire population of all age groups while the traditional structure of education as a three hierarchy from the primary stage to the university represents the core we should not overlook the periphery which is equally important under modern conditions workers need to rewind or renew their enthusiasm or strike out in a new direction or improve their skills as much as any university professor the retired and the aged have their needs as well Educational planning in their words should take care of the needs of everyone. Our structures of education have been built up on the assumption that there is a terminal point to education This basic defect has become all the more harmful today A UNESCO report entitled Learning to Be prepared by Edgar Faure and others in 1973 asserts that the education of children must prepare the future adult for various form of self-learning A viable education system of the future should consist of modules with different kinds of functions serving a diversity of constituents And performance not the period of study should be the basis for credentials The writing is already on the wall. In view of the fact that the significance of a commitment of lifelong learning and lifetime education is being discussed only in recent years even in educationally advanced countries the possibility of the idea becoming an integral part of educational thinking seems to be a far cry for to move in that direction means such more than some simple rearrangement of the present organization of education but a good beginning can be made by developing Open University programs for older learners of different categories and introducing extension services in the conventional colleges and schools Also these institutions should learn to cooperate with the numerous community organizations such as libraries museums municipal recreational programs health services etc.n. Which of the following is most opposite in meaning to the phrase-a far cry as used in the passage?

A. A reality

- B. A theoretical suggestion
- C. Very funny
- D. Next to impossible

Recent advance in science and technology have made it possible for geneticists to find out abnormalities in the unborn foetus and take remedial action to rectify some defects which would otherwise prove to be fatal to the child Though genetic engineering is still at its infancy scientists can now predict with greater accuracy a genetic disorder it is not yet an exact science since they are not in a position to predict when exactly a genetic disorder will

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A. Catching

B. Expounding

C. Sustaining D. Restraining

Recent advance in science and technology have made it possible for geneticists to find out abnormalities in the unborn foetus and take remedial action to rectify some defects which would otherwise prove to be fatal to the child Though genetic engineering is still at its infancy scientists can now predict with greater accuracy a genetic disorder it is not yet an exact science since they are not in a position to predict when exactly a genetic disorder will set in While they have not yet been able to change the genetic order of the germs they are optimistic and are holding out that in the near future they might be successful in achieving this feat They have however acquired the ability in manipulating tissue cells. However genetic mis-information can sometimes be damaging for it may adversely affect people psychologically Genetic information can therefore be abused and its application in deciding the sex of the foetus and its subsequent abortion is now hotly debated on ethical lines but on this issue geneticists cannot be squarely blamed though this charge has often been leveled at them it is mainly a societal problem At present genetic engineering is a costly process of detecting disorder but scientists hope to reduce the costs when technology

A. Ignored

- B. Hotly debated
- C. Unanswered
- D. Left to the scientists to decide

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becomes more advanced. This is why much progress in this area has been possible in scientifically advanced and rich countries like the U.S.A, U.K and Japan. It remains to be seen if in the future this science will lead to the development of a race of supermen or will be able to obliterate disease from this world. b. According to the passage the question of abortion is

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- A. It has become popular to abort female fetuses
- B. Human beings are extremely interested in heredity
- C. Economically sound and scientifically advanced countries can provide the infrastructure for such research
- D. Poor countries desperately need genetic information

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A. Wipe off

- B. Eradicate
- C. Give birth to
- D. Wipe out

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- A. Calm
- B. Disturbed
- C. Discharged D. Settled

Recent advance in science and technology have made it possible for geneticists to find out abnormalities in the unborn foetus and take remedial action to rectify some defects which would otherwise prove to be fatal to the child Though genetic engineering is still at its infancy scientists can now predict with greater accuracy a genetic disorder it is not yet an exact science since they are not in a position to predict when exactly a genetic disorder will set in While they have not yet been able to change the genetic order of the germs they are optimistic and are holding out that in the near future they might be successful in achieving this feat They have however acquired the ability in manipulating tissue cells. However genetic mis-information can sometimes be damaging for it may adversely affect people psychologically Genetic information can therefore be abused and its application in deciding the sex of the foetus and its subsequent abortion is now hotly debated on ethical lines but on this issue geneticists cannot be squarely blamed though this charge has often been leveled at them it is mainly a societal problem At present genetic engineering is a costly process of detecting disorder but scientists hope to reduce the costs when technology becomes more advanced. This is why much progress in this area has been possible in scientifically advanced and rich countries like the U.S.A, U.K and Japan.lt remains to be seen if in the future this science will lead to the development of a race of supermen or will be able to obliterate disease from this world.g. Which of the following is not true of the genetic engineering movement?

- A. Possibility of abuse
- B. It is confronted by ethical problems
- C. Increased tendency to manipulate gene cells
- D. Acquired ability to detect genetic disorders in unborn babies

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Recent advance in science and technology have made it possible for geneticists to find out abnormalities in the unborn foetus and take remedial action to rectify some defects which would otherwise prove to be fatal to the child Though genetic engineering is still at its

infancy scientists can now predict with greater accuracy a genetic disorder it is not yet an exact science since they are not in a position to predict when exactly a genetic disorder will set in While they have not yet been able to change the genetic order of the germs they are optimistic and are holding out that in the near future they might be successful in achieving this feat They have however acquired the ability in manipulating tissue cells. However genetic mis-information can sometimes be damaging for it may adversely affect people psychologically Genetic information can therefore be abused and its application in deciding the sex of the foetus and its subsequent abortion is now hotly debated on ethical lines but on this issue geneticists cannot be squarely blamed though this charge has often been leveled at them it is mainly a societal problem At present genetic engineering is a costly process of detecting disorder but scientists hope to reduce the costs when technology becomes more advanced. This is why much progress in this area has been possible in scientifically advanced and rich countries like the U.S.A, U.K and Japan.lt remains to be seen if in the future this science will lead to the development of a race of supermen or will be able to obliterate disease from this world.h. Which of the following is the same in meaning as the word feat as used in the passage?

Recent advance in science and technology have made it possible for geneticists to find out

A. Process

B. Focus

C. Fact D. Goal

abnormalities in the unborn foetus and take remedial action to rectify some defects which would otherwise prove to be fatal to the child Though genetic engineering is still at its infancy scientists can now predict with greater accuracy a genetic disorder it is not yet an exact science since they are not in a position to predict when exactly a genetic disorder will set in While they have not yet been able to change the genetic order of the germs they are optimistic and are holding out that in the near future they might be successful in achieving this feat They have however acquired the ability in manipulating tissue cells. However genetic mis-information can sometimes be damaging for it may adversely affect people psychologically Genetic information can therefore be abused and its application in deciding the sex of the foetus and its subsequent abortion is now hotly debated on ethical lines but on this issue geneticists cannot be squarely blamed though this charge has often been leveled at them it is mainly a societal problem At present genetic engineering is a costly process of detecting disorder but scientists hope to reduce the costs when technology becomes more advanced. This is why much progress in this area has been possible in scientifically advanced and rich countries like the U.S.A, U.K and Japan.lt remains to be seen if in the future this science will lead to the development of a race of supermen or will be able to obliterate disease from this world i. Why according to the author is genetic misinformation severely damaging?

A. The cost involved is very high

B. Some people are unjustly branded as inferio

C. Both A and B

D. Neither A nor B

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Recent advance in science and technology have made it possible for geneticists to find out abnormalities in the unborn foetus and take remedial action to rectify some defects which would otherwise prove to be fatal to the child Though genetic engineering is still at its infancy scientists can now predict with greater accuracy a genetic disorder it is not yet an exact science since they are not in a position to predict when exactly a genetic disorder will set in While they have not yet been able to change the genetic order of the germs they are optimistic and are holding out that in the near future they might be successful in achieving this feat They have however acquired the ability in manipulating tissue cells. However genetic mis-information can sometimes be damaging for it may adversely affect people psychologically Genetic information can therefore be abused and its application in deciding the sex of the foetus and its subsequent abortion is now hotly debated on ethical lines but on this issue geneticists cannot be squarely blamed though this charge has often been leveled at them it is mainly a societal problem At present genetic engineering is a costly process of detecting disorder but scientists hope to reduce the costs when technology becomes more advanced. This is why much progress in this area has been possible in scientifically advanced and rich countries like the U.S.A, U.K and Japan.It remains to be seen if in the future this science will lead to the development of a race of supermen or will be able to obliterate disease from this world.j. In the passage abused means

A. Insulted

B. Talked about

C. Killed

D. Misused

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A. Yes B. No

It can do so only in some cases

D. Study of genetic disorders are out of scope of genetics

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A. There is a lack of advance technology to explore hidden areas of human brain

B. Technicians have not been able to manipulate germ cell

C. Ordinary microscope is unable to observe nerve cells

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D. Genetics is too complex to resolve some useful information

becomes more advanced. This is why much progress in this area has been possible in scientifically advanced and rich countries like the U.S.A, U.K and Japan. It remains to be seen if in the future this science will lead to the development of a race of supermen or will be able to obliterate disease from this world. I. Which of the following according to the author could be the short-comings of genetics in becoming an exact science?

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- A. Rigidly
- B. Firmly
- C. Directly
- D. At right angle

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A. Society is not affected by the research in genetic engineering

- B. Genetic engineers are not able to say some things with certainty
- C. If genetic information is not properly handled it will create problems
- D. Manipulation of genes is presently done only in tissue cell

psychologically Genetic information can therefore be abused and its application in deciding the sex of the foetus and its subsequent abortion is now hotly debated on ethical lines but on this issue geneticists cannot be squarely blamed though this charge has often been leveled at them it is mainly a societal problem At present genetic engineering is a costly process of detecting disorder but scientists hope to reduce the costs when technology becomes more advanced. This is why much progress in this area has been possible in scientifically advanced and rich countries like the U.S.A, U.K and Japan.lt remains to be seen if in the future this science will lead to the development of a race of supermen or will be able to obliterate disease from this world.n. which of the following is not true according to the passage?

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A. IntrospectiveB. Accusative

C. Arrogant

D. Optimistic

Recent advance in science and technology have made it possible for geneticists to find out abnormalities in the unborn foetus and take remedial action to rectify some defects which would otherwise prove to be fatal to the child Though genetic engineering is still at its infancy scientists can now predict with greater accuracy a genetic disorder it is not yet an exact science since they are not in a position to predict when exactly a genetic disorder will set in While they have not yet been able to change the genetic order of the germs they are optimistic and are holding out that in the near future they might be successful in achieving this feat They have however acquired the ability in manipulating tissue cells. However genetic mis-information can sometimes be damaging for it may adversely affect people psychologically Genetic information can therefore be abused and its application in deciding the sex of the foetus and its subsequent abortion is now hotly debated on ethical lines but on this issue geneticists cannot be squarely blamed though this charge has often been leveled at them it is mainly a societal problem At present genetic engineering is a costly process of detecting disorder but scientists hope to reduce the costs when technology becomes more advanced. This is why much progress in this area has been possible in scientifically advanced and rich countries like the U.S.A, U.K and Japan.lt remains to be seen if in the future this science will lead to the development of a race of supermen or will be able to obliterate disease from this world.p. What is the tone of the author in the last sentence of the passage?

A. Resignation

B. Cautious

C. Relief

D. Concert

The public distribution system which provides food at low prices is a subject of vital concern there is a growing realization that though Pakistan has enough food to feed its masses three square meals a day the monster of starvation and food insecurity continues to haunt the

poor in our country. Increasing the purchasing power of the poor through providing productive employment leading to rising income and thus good standard of living is the ultimate objective of public policy however till then there is a need to provide assured supply of food through a restructured more efficient and decentralized public distribution system (PDS). Although the PDS is extensive it is one of the largest such system in the world it has yet to reach the rural poor and the far off places it remains an urban phenomenon with the majority of the rural poor still out of its reach due to lack of economic and physical access the poorest in the cities and the migrants are left out for they generally do not possess rations cards. The allocation of PDS urgently needs to be streamlined in addition considering the large food grams dismal poverty of the rural population on the other there is a strong case for making PDS target group oriented. The growing salaried class is provided job security regular income and percent insulation against inflation these gains of development have not percolated down to the vast majority of our working population if one compares only dearness allowance to the employees in public and private sector and looks at its growth in the past few years the rising food subsidy is insignificant to the point of inequity the food subsidy is a kind D.A to the poor the self employed and those in the unorganized sector of the economy However what is most unfortunate is that out of the large budget of the so-called food subsidy the major part of it is administrative cost and wastage's a small portion of the above budget goes to the real consumer and an even lesser portion to the poor who are in real need. It is true that subsidies should not become a permanent feature except for the destitute disabled widows and the told It is also true that subsidies often create a psychology of dependence and hence is habit-forming killing the general initiative of the people by making PDS target group oriented not only the poorest and needlest would be reached without additional cost but it will actually cut overall costs incurred on large cities and for better off localities when the food and food subsidy are limited the rural and urban poor should have the priority in the PDS supplies The PDS should be closely linked with programs of employment generation and nutrition improvement.a. Which of the following is

A. Mismanagement of food stocks

B. Absence of proper public distribution system

C. Production of food is less than the demand

D. Government apathy towards the poor

the main reason for insufficient supply of enough food to the poorest?

passage is be the main purpose of public policy in the long run?

The public distribution system which provides food at low prices is a subject of vital concern there is a growing realization that though Pakistan has enough food to feed its masses three square meals a day the monster of starvation and food insecurity continues to haunt the poor in our country. Increasing the purchasing power of the poor through providing productive employment leading to rising income and thus good standard of living is the ultimate objective of public policy however till then there is a need to provide assured supply of food through a restructured more efficient and decentralized public distribution system (PDS). Although the PDS is extensive it is one of the largest such system in the world it has yet to reach the rural poor and the far off places it remains an urban phenomenon with the majority of the rural poor still out of its reach due to lack of economic and physical access the poorest in the cities and the migrants are left out for they generally do not possess rations cards. The allocation of PDS urgently needs to be streamlined in addition considering the large food grams dismal poverty of the rural population on the other there is a strong case for making PDS target group oriented. The growing salaried class is provided job security regular income and percent insulation against inflation these gains of development have not percolated down to the vast majority of our working population if one compares only dearness allowance to the employees in public and private sector and looks at its growth in the past few years the rising food subsidy is insignificant to the point of inequity the food subsidy is a kind D.A to the poor the self employed and those in the unorganized sector of the economy However what is most unfortunate is that out of the large budget of the so-called food subsidy the major part of it is administrative cost and wastage's a small portion of the above budget goes to the real consumer and an even lesser portion to the poor who are in real need. It is true that subsidies should not become a permanent feature except for the destitute disabled widows and the told It is also true that subsidies often create a psychology of dependence and hence is habit-forming killing the general initiative of the people by making PDS target group oriented not only the poorest and neediest would be reached without additional cost but it will actually cut overall costs incurred on large cities and for better off localities when the food and food subsidy are limited the rural and urban poor should have the priority in the PDS supplies The PDS should be closely linked with programs of employment generation and nutrition improvement.b. What according to the

A. Reducing the cost of living index by increasing supplies

B. Providing enough food to all the citizens

C. Good standard of living through productive employment

D. Equalizing per capita income across different strata of society

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A. It has improved its effectiveness over the years

B. It has remained effective only in the cities

C. It is the unique in the world because of its effectiveness D. It has reached the remotest corner of the country

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programs of employment generation and nutrition improvement.c.Which of the following is true of public distribution system?

The public distribution system which provides food at low prices is a subject of vital concern there is a growing realization that though Pakistan has enough food to feed its masses three square meals a day the monster of starvation and food insecurity continues to haunt the poor in our country. Increasing the purchasing power of the poor through providing productive employment leading to rising income and thus good standard of living is the ultimate objective of public policy however till then there is a need to provide assured supply of food through a restructured more efficient and decentralized public distribution system (PDS). Although the PDS is extensive it is one of the largest such system in the world it has yet to reach the rural poor and the far off places it remains an urban phenomenon with the majority of the rural poor still out of its reach due to lack of economic and physical access the poorest in the cities and the migrants are left out for they generally do not possess rations cards. The allocation of PDS urgently needs to be streamlined in addition considering the large food grams dismal poverty of the rural population on the other there is a strong case for making PDS target group oriented. The growing salaried class is provided job security regular income and percent insulation against inflation these gains of development

- A. Rich
- B. Sumptuous
- D. Quality
- have not percolated down to the vast majority of our working population if one compares only dearness allowance to the employees in public and private sector and looks at its growth in the past few years the rising food subsidy is insignificant to the point of inequity the food subsidy is a kind D.A to the poor the self employed and those in the unorganized sector of the economy However what is most unfortunate is that out of the large budget of the so-called food subsidy the major part of it is administrative cost and wastage's a small portion of the above budget goes to the real consumer and an even lesser portion to the poor who are in real need. It is true that subsidies should not become a permanent feature except for the destitute disabled widows and the told It is also true that subsidies often create a psychology of dependence and hence is habit-forming killing the general initiative of the people by making PDS target group oriented not only the poorest and neediest would be reached without additional cost but it will actually cut overall costs incurred on large cities and for better off localities when the food and food subsidy are limited the rural and urban poor should have the priority in the PDS supplies The PDS should be closely linked with programs of employment generation and nutrition improvement.d.The word square as used in the passage means

The public distribution system which provides food at low prices is a subject of vital concern there is a growing realization that though Pakistan has enough food to feed its masses three square meals a day the monster of starvation and food insecurity continues to haunt the poor in our country. Increasing the purchasing power of the poor through providing productive employment leading to rising income and thus good standard of living is the ultimate objective of public policy however till then there is a need to provide assured supply of food through a restructured more efficient and decentralized public distribution system (PDS). Although the PDS is extensive it is one of the largest such system in the world it has yet to reach the rural poor and the far off places it remains an urban phenomenon with the majority of the rural poor still out of its reach due to lack of economic and physical access the poorest in the cities and the migrants are left out for they generally do not possess rations cards. The allocation of PDS urgently needs to be streamlined in addition considering the large food grams dismal poverty of the rural population on the other there is a strong case for making PDS target group oriented. The growing salaried class is provided job security regular income and percent insulation against inflation these gains of development have not percolated down to the vast majority of our working population if one compares only dearness allowance to the employees in public and private sector and looks at its growth in the past few years the rising food subsidy is insignificant to the point of inequity the food subsidy is a kind D.A to the poor the self employed and those in the unorganized sector of the economy However what is most unfortunate is that out of the large budget of the so-called food subsidy the major part of it is administrative cost and wastage's a small portion of the above budget goes to the real consumer and an even lesser portion to the poor who are in real need. It is true that subsidies should not become a permanent feature except for the destitute disabled widows and the told It is also true that subsidies often create a psychology of dependence and hence is habit-forming killing the general initiative of the people by making PDS target group oriented not only the poorest and neediest would be reached without additional cost but it will actually cut overall costs incurred on large cities and for better off localities when the food and food subsidy are limited the rural and urban poor should have the priority in the PDS supplies The PDS should be closely linked with programs of employment generation and nutrition improvement.e. Which of the following words is the same in meaning as power as used in the passage?

A. VigorB. EnergyC. InfluenceD. Capacity

The public distribution system which provides food at low prices is a subject of vital concern there is a growing realization that though Pakistan has enough food to feed its masses three square meals a day the monster of starvation and food insecurity continues to haunt the poor in our country. Increasing the purchasing power of the poor through providing productive employment leading to rising income and thus good standard of living is the ultimate objective of public policy however till then there is a need to provide assured supply of food through a restructured more efficient and decentralized public distribution system (PDS). Although the PDS is extensive it is one of the largest such system in the world it has yet to reach the rural poor and the far off places it remains an urban phenomenon with the majority of the rural poor still out of its reach due to lack of economic and physical access the poorest in the cities and the migrants are left out for they generally do not possess rations cards. The allocation of PDS urgently needs to be streamlined in addition considering the large food grams dismal poverty of the rural population on the other there is a strong case for making PDS target group oriented. The growing salaried class is provided job security regular income and percent insulation against inflation these gains of development have not percolated down to the vast majority of our working population if one compares only dearness allowance to the employees in public and private sector and looks at its growth in the past few years the rising food subsidy is insignificant to the point of inequity the food subsidy is a kind D.A to the poor the self employed and those in the unorganized sector of the economy However what is most unfortunate is that out of the large budget of the so-called food subsidy the major part of it is administrative cost and wastage's a small portion of the above budget goes to the real consumer and an even lesser portion to the

A. It has not been able to develop confidence in the people at large B. It has not been able to utilize the entire food grains stock available C. It has effectively channelized the food grains to all sectors

D. It has not been able to provide sufficient food to the poorer section of the society

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poor who are in real need, it is true that subsidies should not become a permanent reature except for the destitute disabled widows and the told It is also true that subsidies often create a psychology of dependence and hence is habit-forming killing the general initiative of the people by making PDS target group oriented not only the poorest and neediest would be reached without additional cost but it will actually cut overall costs incurred on large cities and for better off localities when the food and food subsidy are limited the rural and urban poor should have the priority in the PDS supplies The PDS should be closely linked with programs of employment generation and nutrition improvement.f. What according to the passage is the main concern about the PDS?

The public distribution system which provides food at low prices is a subject of vital concern there is a growing realization that though Pakistan has enough food to feed its masses three square meals a day the monster of starvation and food insecurity continues to haunt the poor in our country. Increasing the purchasing power of the poor through providing productive employment leading to rising income and thus good standard of living is the ultimate objective of public policy however till then there is a need to provide assured supply of food through a restructured more efficient and decentralized public distribution system (PDS). Although the PDS is extensive it is one of the largest such system in the world it has yet to reach the rural poor and the far off places it remains an urban phenomenon with the majority of the rural poor still out of its reach due to lack of economic and physical access the poorest in the cities and the migrants are left out for they generally do not possess rations cards. The allocation of PDS urgently needs to be streamlined in addition considering the large food grams dismal poverty of the rural population on the other there is a strong case for making PDS target group oriented. The growing salaried class is provided job security regular income and percent insulation against inflation these gains of development have not percolated down to the vast majority of our working population if one compares only dearness allowance to the employees in public and private sector and looks at its growth in the past few years the rising food subsidy is insignificant to the point of inequity the food subsidy is a kind D.A to the poor the self employed and those in the unorganized sector of the economy However what is most unfortunate is that out of the large budget of the so-called food subsidy the major part of it is administrative cost and wastage's a small portion of the above budget goes to the real consumer and an even lesser portion to the poor who are in real need. It is true that subsidies should not become a permanent feature except for the destitute disabled widows and the told It is also true that subsidies often create a psychology of dependence and hence is habit-forming killing the general initiative of the people by making PDS target group oriented not only the poorest and neediest would be reached without additional cost but it will actually cut overall costs incurred on large cities and for better off localities when the food and food subsidy are limited the rural and urban poor should have the priority in the PDS supplies The PDS should be closely linked with programs of employment generation and nutrition improvement.g. What should be an appropriate step to make the PDS effective?

A. To make it target group oriented

B. To increase the amount of food grains per ration card

- C. To decrease the allotment of food grains per ration card
- D. To reduce administrative cost

The public distribution system which provides food at low prices is a subject of vital concern there is a growing realization that though Pakistan has enough food to feed its masses three square meals a day the monster of starvation and food insecurity continues to haunt the poor in our country. Increasing the purchasing power of the poor through providing productive employment leading to rising income and thus good standard of living is the ultimate objective of public policy however till then there is a need to provide assured supply of food through a restructured more efficient and decentralized public distribution system (PDS). Although the PDS is extensive it is one of the largest such system in the world it has yet to reach the rural poor and the far off places it remains an urban phenomenon with the majority of the rural poor still out of its reach due to lack of economic and physical access the poorest in the cities and the migrants are left out for they generally do not possess rations cards. The allocation of PDS urgently needs to be streamlined in addition considering the large food grams dismal poverty of the rural population on the other there is a strong case for making PDS target group oriented. The growing salaried class is provided job security regular income and percent insulation against inflation these gains of development have not percolated down to the vast majority of our working population if one compares only dearness allowance to the employees in public and private sector and looks at its growth in the past few years the rising food subsidy is insignificant to the point of inequity the food subsidy is a kind D.A to the poor the self employed and those in the unorganized sector of the economy However what is most unfortunate is that out of the large budget of the so-called food subsidy the major part of it is administrative cost and wastage's a small portion of the above budget goes to the real consumer and an even lesser portion to the poor who are in real need. It is true that subsidies should not become a permanent feature except for the destitute disabled widows and the told It is also true that subsidies often create a psychology of dependence and hence is habit-forming killing the general initiative of the people by making PDS target group oriented not only the poorest and neediest would be reached without additional cost but it will actually cut overall costs incurred on large cities and for better off localities when the food and food subsidy are limited the rural and urban poor should have the priority in the PDS supplies The PDS should be closely linked with programs of employment generation and nutrition improvement.h. Which of the following according to the passage is compared with dearness allowance?

A. Food for work program

B. Unemployment allowance

D. Procurement price of food grains

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A. Sense of insecurity

B. Increased dependence

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only dearness allowance to the employees in public and private sector and looks at its growth in the past few years the rising food subsidy is insignificant to the point of inequity the food subsidy is a kind D.A to the poor the self employed and those in the unorganized sector of the economy However what is most unfortunate is that out of the large budget of the so-called food subsidy the major part of it is administrative cost and wastage's a small portion of the above budget goes to the real consumer and an even lesser portion to the poor who are in real need. It is true that subsidies should not become a permanent feature except for the destitute disabled widows and the told It is also true that subsidies often create a psychology of dependence and hence is habit-forming killing the general initiative of the people by making PDS target group oriented not only the poorest and neediest would be reached without additional cost but it will actually cut overall costs incurred on large cities and for better off localities when the food and food subsidy are limited the rural and urban poor should have the priority in the PDS supplies The PDS should be closely linked with programs of employment generation and nutrition improvement.i. Food subsidy leads to

C. Snortage or rood grains

D. Decrease in food grains production

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A. It will abolish the imbalance of urban and rural sector

B. It will remove poverty

C. It will give food to the poorest without additional cost

D. It will motivate the target group population to work more

A great deal of discussion continues as to the real extent of global environmental degradation and its implications What few people challenge however is that the renewable natural resources of developing countries are today subject to stresses of unprecedented magnitude these pressures are brought about in part by increased population and the quest for an ever expanding food supply Because the health nutrition and general well-being of the poor majority are directly depends on the integrity and productivity of their natural resources the capability of governments to manage them effectively over the long term becomes of paramount importance. Developing countries are becoming more aware of the ways in which present and future economic development must build upon a sound and sustainable natural resource base some are looking at our long tradition in environmental protection and are receptive to US assistance which recognizes the uniqueness of the social and ecological systems in these tropical countries Developing countries recognize the need to improve their capability to analyze issues and their own natural resource management in February 1981 for example AID funded a national Academy of Sciences panel to advise Nepal on their severe natural resource degradation problems Some countries such as Senegal India, Indonesia and Thailand, are now including conservation concerns in their economic development planning process. Because so many government of developing nations have recognized importance of these issues the need today is not merely one of raising additional consciousness but for carefully designed and sharply focused activities aimed at management regimes that are essential to the achievement of sustained development.a. Some of the developing countries of Asia and Africa have

A. Formulated very ambitious plans of protecting habitat in the region B. Laid a great stress on the conservation of natural resources in their educational endeavour

C. Carefully dovetailed environmental conservation with the overall strategy of planned economic development

D. Sought the help of US experts in solving the problem of environmental degradation

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A. Cannot be easily assimilated by the technocrats of the developing countries

B. Can be properly utilized on the

basis of developing countries being able to launch an in-depth study of their specific problems

C. Can be easily borrowed by the developing countries to solve the problem of environmental degradation

case for making PDS target group oriented. The growing salaried class is provided job security regular income and percent insulation against inflation these gains of development have not percolated down to the vast majority of our working population if one compares only dearness allowance to the employees in public and private sector and looks at its growth in the past few years the rising food subsidy is insignificant to the point of inequity the food subsidy is a kind D.A to the poor the self employed and those in the unorganized

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which of the following?

sector of the economy However what is most unfortunate is that out of the large budget of the so-called food subsidy the major part of it is administrative cost and wastage's a small portion of the above budget goes to the real consumer and an even lesser portion to the poor who are in real need. It is true that subsidies should not become a permanent feature except for the destitute disabled widows and the told It is also true that subsidies often create a psychology of dependence and hence is habit-forming killing the general initiative of the people by making PDS target group oriented not only the poorest and neediest would be reached without additional cost but it will actually cut overall costs incurred on large cities and for better off localities when the food and food subsidy are limited the rural and urban poor should have the priority in the PDS supplies The PDS should be closely linked with programs of employment generation and nutrition improvement.b. Technical know-how developed in the USA

D. Can be very effective in solving the problem of resource management in tropical countries

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- A. Rigorous operation of the Malthusian principle
- B. Unprecedented urbanization and dislocation of self contained rural communities
- C. Optimum degree of industrialization in the developing countries
- D. Large scale deforestation and desertification

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A. There is a North-South dialogue and aid flows freely to the developing world

B. Industries based on agriculture are widely developed

C. Economic development takes place within the ambit of conservation of natural resources

D. There is an assured supply of food and medical care

developing world can lead a happy and contented life if

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A. There has been a marginal pollution of environment in the developed world and extensive damage in the developed world.

B. There has been a considerable

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317	case for making PDS target group oriented. The growing salaried class is provided job security regular income and percent insulation against inflation these gains of development have not percolated down to the vast majority of our working population if one compares only dearness allowance to the employees in public and private sector and looks at its growth in the past few years the rising food subsidy is insignificant to the point of inequity the food subsidy is a kind D.A to the poor the self employed and those in the unorganized sector of the economy However what is most unfortunate is that out of the large budget of the so-called food subsidy the major part of it is administrative cost and wastage's a small portion of the above budget goes to the real consumer and an even lesser portion to the poor who are in real need. It is true that subsidies should not become a permanent feature except for the destitute disabled widows and the told It is also true that subsidies often create a psychology of dependence and hence is habit-forming killing the general initiative of the people by making PDS target group oriented not only the poorest and neediest would be reached without additional cost but it will actually cut overall costs incurred on large cities and for better off localities when the food and food subsidy are limited the rural and urban poor should have the priority in the PDS supplies The PDS should be closely linked with programs of employment generation and nutrition improvement.e. How much environmental pollution has taken place in the developing and the developed world?	pollution of environment all over the globe C. There has been an extensive environmental degradation both in the developed and the developing world. D. The environmental pollution that has taken place all over the globe continues to be a matter of speculation and enquiry
318	Select the choice closest in meaning to the main word. FRAGILE:	A. Strong B. Grave C. Weak D. Showy
319	Select the choice closest in meaning to the main word. ESOTERIC	A. Fair B. Popular C. Alluring D. Private
320	Select the choice closest in meaning to the main word. He used to regale us with anecdotes:	A. Flatter B. Bore C. Fix D. Entertain
321	Select the choice closest in meaning to the main word. He is believed to be a very industrious worker:	A. Successful B. Sensible C. Punctual D. Diligent
322	Select the choice closest in meaning to the main word. He had the nerve to suggest that I was cheating.	A. Strength B. Capacity C. Audacity D. Courage
323	Select the choice closest in meaning to the main word. He had the nerve to face the robbers all alone.	A. Strength B. Capacity C. Audacity D. Courage
324	Select the choice closest in meaning to the main word. WANE:	A. Decline B. Tired C. Dead D. Shine
325	Select the choice closest in meaning to the main word. BAPTIZE	A. Christen B. Holy C. Dehumanize D. Something that had been ostracized
326	Select the choice closest in meaning to the main word. BENEDICTION	A. Rise B. Blessing C. Curse D. Prayer
327	Select the choice closest in meaning to the main word. AFFLUENT	A. Prosperous B. Poor C. Talkative D. Close
328	Select the choice closest in meaning to the main word. LIMP	A. Kneel B. Bend C. Falter D. Stoop
329	Select the choice closest in meaning to the main word. INFREQUENT	A. Never B. Usual C. Rare D. Sometime
330	Select the choice closest in meaning to the main word. MASSACRE	A. Stab B. Slaughter C. Murder D. Assassinate

331	Select the choice closest in meaning to the main word. BELITTLE	A. Diminish B. Mock C. Disparage D. Scoff
332	Select the choice closest in meaning to the main word. REVISE	A. Edit B. Alter C. Connect D. Reconsider
333	Select the choice closest in meaning to the main word. DISTINGUISH	A. Darken B. Abolish C. Differentiate D. Confuse
334	Select the choice closest in meaning to the main word. ACCUSE	A. Absolve B. Exonerate C. Vindicate D. Impeach
335	Select the choice closest in meaning to the main word. RECOVER	A. Recoup B. Revive C. Heal D. Return
336	Select the choice closest in meaning to the main word. ADMONISH	A. Threaten B. Praise C. Appeal D. Support
337	Select the choice closest in meaning to the main word. GRATIFY	A. Frank B. Appreciate C. Pacify D. Indulge
338	Select the choice closest in meaning to the main word. PENCHANT	A. Like B. Eagerness C. Disability D. Dislike
339	Select the choice closest in meaning to the main word. BARTER	A. Deal B. Return C. Lend D. Exchange
340	Select the choice closest in meaning to the main word. UNCONSCIONABLE	A. Distasteful B. Unmanageable C. Excessive D. Unmindful
341	Select the choice closest in meaning to the main word. TERMINATE	A. Suspend B. Dismiss C. End D. Interrupt
342	Select the choice closest in meaning to the main word. DANK	A. Dangerous B. Ugly C. Plunder D. Damp
343	Select the choice closest in meaning to the main word. BOUNTY	A. Donation B. Gift C. Pleasure D. Reward
344	Select the choice closest in meaning to the main word. DIVVY	A. Selfless B. Foolish C. Follower D. Pioneer
345	Select the choice closest in meaning to the main word. OBJECT	A. Disobey B. Challenge C. Deny D. Disapprove
346	Select the choice closest in meaning to the main word. RANGE	A. Level B. Expanse C. Grade D. Standing
	Select the choice closest in meaning to the main word.	A. Strike

347	BASH	B. Neglect C. Ignore
		D. Embrace
348	Select the choice closest in meaning to the main word. HAGGLE	A. Postpone B. Accept C. Bargain D. Reject
349	Select the choice closest in meaning to the main word. ABSTRUSE	A. Awful B. Irrelevant C. Shallow D. Profound
350	Select the choice closest in meaning to the main word. YOB	A. Annoyed B. Intelligent C. Humble D. Aggressive
351	Select the choice closest in meaning to the main word. APOGEE	A. Climax B. Beginning C. Middle D. Bottom
352	The history of literature can be traced to the earliest forms of the arts. Man danced for joy round his primitive camp fire after the defeat and slaughter of his enemy. He yelled and shouted as he danced and gradually the yells and shouts became coherent and caught the measure of the dance and thus the first war song was sung. As the idea of God developed, prayers were framed. The songs and prayers became traditional and were repeated from one generation to another, each generation adding something of its own. As man slowly grew more civilized, he was compelled to invent some method of writing due to three urgent necessities. There were certain things that it was dangerous to forget and which, therefore, had to be recorded. It was often necessary to communicate with persons who were some distance away and it was necessary to safeguard one's property by making appropreiate tools and taking protective measure in a distinctive manner. So man taught himself to write and having learned to write, purely for utilitarian reasons, he used this new method for preserving his war songs and his prayers. Of course, among these ancient peoples, there were only a very few individuals who learned to write, and only a few could read what was written. Q: Before man invented writing,	A. Literature was passed on by word of mouth B. Prayers were considered literature C. Literature was just singing and dancing D. There was no literature
353	The history of literature can be traced to the earliest forms of the arts. Man danced for joy round his primitive camp fire after the defeat and slaughter of his enemy. He yelled and shouted as he danced and gradually the yells and shouts became coherent and caught the measure of the dance and thus the first war song was sung. As the idea of God developed, prayers were framed. The songs and prayers became traditional and were repeated from one generation to another, each generation adding something of its own. As man slowly grew more civilized, he was compelled to invent some method of writing due to three urgent necessities. There were certain things that it was dangerous to forget and which, therefore, had to be recorded. It was often necessary to communicate with persons who were some distance away and it was necessary to safeguard one's property by making appropreiate tools and taking protective measure in a distinctive	A. Added something of its own to the stock B. Blindly repeated the songs and prayers C. Composed its own songs and prayers D. Repeated what was handed down to it

property by making appropreiate tools and taking protective measure in a distinctive manner. So man taught himself to write and having learned to write, purely for utilitarian reasons, he used this new method for preserving his war songs and his prayers. Of course, among these ancient peoples, there were only a very few individuals who learned to write, and only a few could read what was written.

Q: As for the was songs and prayers each generation

to it

The history of literature can be traced to the earliest forms of the arts. Man danced for joy round his primitive camp fire after the defeat and slaughter of his enemy. He yelled and shouted as he danced and gradually the yells and shouts became coherent and caught the measure of the dance and thus the first war song was sung. As the idea of God developed, prayers were framed. The songs and prayers became traditional and were repeated from one generation to another, each generation adding something of its own.

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- A. Was inspired by God
- B. Developed spontaneously
- C. Was a song traditionally handed
- D. Was composed by leading dancers

manner. So man taught himself to write and having learned to write, purely for utilitarian reasons, he used this new method for preserving his war songs and his prayers. Of course, among these ancient peoples, there were only a very few individuals who learned to write, and only a few could read what was written.

Q: The first war-song

The history of literature can be traced to the earliest forms of the arts. Man danced for joy round his primitive camp fire after the defeat and slaughter of his enemy. He yelled and shouted as he danced and gradually the yells and shouts became coherent and caught the measure of the dance and thus the first war song was sung. As the idea of God developed, prayers were framed. The songs and prayers became traditional and were repeated from one generation to another, each generation adding something of its own.

As man slowly grew more civilized, he was compelled to invent some method of writing due to three urgent necessities. There were certain things that it was dangerous to forget and which, therefore, had to be recorded. It was often necessary to communicate with persons who were some distance away and it was necessary to safeguard one's property by making appropreiate tools and taking protective measure in a distinctive manner. So man taught himself to write and having learned to write, purely for utilitarian reasons, he used this new method for preserving his war songs and his prayers. Of course, among these ancient peoples, there were only a very few individuals who learned to write, and only a few could read what was written.

Q: The war song evolved out of

A. Creative inspiration

B. Necessary for protective measures

C. Artistic urge

D. Yelling and shouting

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Q: Man invented writing because he wanted

A. To be artistic

B. To write war song

D. To record and communicate

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Q: The word "measure" in the context of the passage means

A. Weight

B. Rhythm C. Size

D. Quantity

Democratic societies from the earliest times have expected their governments to protect the weak against the strong. No 'era of good feeling' can justify discharging the police force or giving up the idea of public control over concentrated private wealth. On the other hand, it is obvious that a spirit of self-denial and moderation on the part of those who hold economic power will greatly soften the demand for absolute equality. Men are more interested in freedom and security than in an equal distribution of wealth. The extent to which Government must interfere with business, therefore, is not exactly measured by the

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extent to which economic power is concentrated into a few hands. The required degree of government interference depends mainly on whether economic powers are oppressively used, and on the necessity of keeping economic factors in a tolerable state of balance.

B. Tyranny of the political parties

owers of the governmen D. Chances of economic inequality

A. Freedom of people

However, with the necessity of meeting all these dangers and threats to liberty, the powers of government are unavoidably increased, regardless of the political party in power. The growth of government is a necessary result of the growth of technology and of the problems that go with the use of machines and science. Since the government must take on more powers to meet the problems of the nations, there is no way to preserve freedom except by making democracy more powerful.

Q: The advent of science and technology has increased the

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Q: A spirit of moderation on the part of economically sound people would make the less privileged

A. Unhappy with rich people

B. More interested in freedom and

C. Unhappy with their lot

D. clamourless for absolute equality

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Q: The growth of government is necessitated to

A. Make the rich and the poor happy

B. Curb the accumulation of wealth in a few hands

C. Monitor science and technology

D. Deploy the police force wisely

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Q: 'Era of good feeling' in the paragraph refers to

Time of prosperity

B. Time of adversity

C. Time without government

D. Time of police atrocities

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Q: "Tolerable state of balance" in the last sentence of the first paragraph may mean

A. An adequate level of police force B. A reasonable level of economic equality

C. A reasonable amount of government interference

D. A reasonable check on economic power

Educational planning should aim at meeting the educational needs of the entire population of all age groups. While the traditional structure of education as a three layer hierarchy from the primary stage to the university represents the core, we should not overlook the periphery which is equally important. Under modern conditions, workers need to rewind, or renew their enthusiasm, or strike out in a new direction, or improve their skills as much as any university professor. The retired and the aged have their needs as well. Educational planning, in their words, should take care of the needs of everyone.

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Q: What is the main thrust of the author?

A. Traditional systems should be strengthened.

B. Formal education is more important than non-formal.

C. One should never cease to learn.

D. It is impossible to meet the needs of everyone.

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Q: Which of the following best describes the purpose of the author?

A. To criticize the present educational system

B. To strengthen the present educational practices

C. To support non-conventional educational organizations

D. To present a pragmatic point of

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Q: According to the passage, the present education structures assume which of the following?

A. All people can be educated as per their needs.

B. Present educational planning is very much practical.

C. Education is a one time process.

D. Simple rearrangement of the present educational system is a must.

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Q: What should be the major characteristic of the future educational?

A. Different modules with same function

B. Same module for different groups

C. No modules but standard compulsory program for all D. None of these.

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A. Train the people at the core.
 B. Encourage conventional schools and colleges

C. Decides a terminal point to education

D. Fulfill the educational needs of everyone

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institutions should learn to cooperate with the numerous community organizations such as libraries, museums, municipal recreational programs, health services etc. Q: According to the author, educational planning should attempt to

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A. Develop various programs for adult learners.

- B. Open more colleges on traditional lines.
- C. Cater to the needs of those who represent "core"
- D. Primary education should be under the control of open universities.

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Q: According to the author, what should be the basis for awarding credentials?

A. Duration of the course B. Competence of the course teachers

C. Diversity of the topics covered

D. Real grasp of matter or skill

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concept.

- B. Worker's knowledge and skills also need to be updated constantly.
- C. "Learning to Be" defends that there is a terminal point to education.
- D. Schools and colleges should open extension services.

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A. as old as traditional education

- B. still in formative stages
- C. in vogue in advanced countries
- D. not practica

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A. Closing down conventional schools and colleges

B. Longer durations for all formal courses

C. Simple rearrangement of present educational organizations

D. More weight for actual performance than real understanding

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A. Everything is uncertain now-adays.

B. Changes have already taken place.

C. The signs of change are already visible.

D. You cannot change the future.

made by developing Open University programs for older learners of different categories and introducing extension services in the conventional colleges and schools. Also, these institutions should learn to cooperate with the numerous community organizations such as libraries, museums, municipal recreational programs, health services etc. Q: In the context of the passage, what is the meaning of the sentence "The writing is already on the wall"?

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Q: Which of the following is most nearly the same in meaning as the word "meeting" as used in the passage?

A. Approaching B. Contacting

C. Introducing

D. Satisfying

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A. Essential

B. Independent

C. Maior

Which of the following is most opposite in meaning to the phrase "a far cry" as used in the 376 passage?

A. A reality

B. A theoretical suggestion

C. Very funny

D. Next to impossible

Doctor is related to Patient in the same way as Lawyer is related to......

A. Customer B. Accused

C. Magistrate

D. Client

A. Manager

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374

3/8	Museum is related to <u>curator</u> in the same way as <u>Prison</u> is related to	C. Monitor D. Wardon
379	Soap is related to wash in the same way as broom is related to	A. Clean B. Curd C. Ghee D. Protein
380	<u>Bread</u> is related to <u>Bakery</u> in the same way as <u>Brick</u> is related to	A. Mint B. Klin C. Furnace D. Mine
381	Sword is related to Slaughter in the same way as Scalpel is related to	A. Murder B. Slab C. Surgery D. Chopping
382	<u>Life</u> is related to <u>Autobigraphy</u> in the same way as <u>Witness</u> is related to	A. Papers B. Truth C. Documents D. Acceptance
383	<u>Chef</u> is related to <u>Restaurant</u> in the same way as <u>Druggist</u> is related to	A. Medicine B. Pharmacy C. Store D. Chemist
384	<u>Jade</u> is related to <u>Green</u> in the same way as <u>garnet</u> is related to	A. Blue B. Orange C. Red D. Yellow
385	<u>Dancer</u> is related to <u>stage</u> in the same was as <u>Priest</u> is related to	A. Pulpit B. Assembly C. Parliament D. State
386	Ecology is related to Environment in the same way as Histology is related to	A. Fossils B. History C. Tissues D. Hormones
387	<u>Life</u> is related to <u>Death</u> in the same way as <u>Hope</u> is related to	A. Sad B. Despair C. Pain D. Cry
		A. Carbohydrates B. Minerals
388	<u>Hooke</u> is related to <u>Cells</u> in the same way as <u>Mulder</u> is related to	C. Vitamins D. Proteiins
388	Hooke is related to <u>Cells</u> in the same way as <u>Mulder</u> is related to Needle is related to <u>Thread</u> in the same way as <u>Pen</u> is related to	C. Vitamins
		C. Vitamins D. Proteiins A. Ink B. Cap C. Paper
389	Needle is related to Thread in the same way as Pen is related to	C. Vitamins D. Proteiins A. Ink B. Cap C. Paper D. Word A. Sculptor B. Cobbler C. Chef
389	Needle is related to Thread in the same way as Pen is related to Auger is related to Carpenter in the same way as Awl is related to.	C. Vitamins D. Proteiins A. Ink B. Cap C. Paper D. Word A. Sculptor B. Cobbler C. Chef D. Mason A. Aquarium B. hive C. Brewery
389 390 391	Needle is related to Thread in the same way as Pen is related to Auger is related to Carpenter in the same way as Awl is related to. Birds is related to Aviary in the same way as Bees is related to	C. Vitamins D. Proteiins A. Ink B. Cap C. Paper D. Word A. Sculptor B. Cobbler C. Chef D. Mason A. Aquarium B. hive C. Brewery D. Apiary A. Prince B. King C. Realm
389 390 391	Needle is related to Thread in the same way as Pen is related to Auger is related to Carpenter in the same way as Awl is related to. Birds is related to Aviary in the same way as Bees is related to	C. Vitamins D. Proteiins A. Ink B. Cap C. Paper D. Word A. Sculptor B. Cobbler C. Chef D. Mason A. Aquarium B. hive C. Brewery D. Apiary A. Prince B. King C. Realm D. Throne A. Wood B. Steel C. Grass
389 390 391 392	Needle is related to Thread in the same way as Pen is related to Auger is related to Carpenter in the same way as Awl is related to. Birds is related to Aviary in the same way as Bees is related to Resign is related to Politician in the same way as Abdicate is related to Scissors is related to Cloth in the same way as Sythe is related to	C. Vitamins D. Proteiins A. Ink B. Cap C. Paper D. Word A. Sculptor B. Cobbler C. Chef D. Mason A. Aquarium B. hive C. Brewery D. Apiary A. Prince B. King C. Realm D. Throne A. Wood B. Steel C. Grass D. Paper A. Saw B. Scissors C. Sneakers

396	Cub is related to Tiger in the same way as Fawn is related to?	A. Stag B. monkey C. ass D. Sheep
397	<u>Sirlus</u> is related to <u>Star</u> in the same way as <u>Cygnus</u> is related to	A. Constellation B. Asteroid C. Galaxy D. Meteor
398	Radical is related to Mooderate in the same way as Revolution is related to	A. Change B. Peace C. Chaos D. Reformation
399	<u>Mathematics</u> is related to <u>Numbers</u> in the same way as <u>History</u> is related to	A. People B. Events C. Dates D. Wars
400	Bag is related to <u>Luggage</u> in the same way as <u>Ship is</u> related to?	A. coal B. Cargo C. Stock D. Weight
401	Anthropology is related to Man in the same way as Anthology is related to	A. Nature B. Trees C. Apes D. Poems
402	What is related to <u>Leaves</u> in the same way as <u>Chatter</u> is related to <u>Teeth</u> .	A. Whislie B. Rustle C. Ripple D. Cackle
403	Lion is related to Prowl in the same way as Bear is related to	A. Frisk B. Lumber C. Stride D. Bound
404	<u>Mirror</u> is related to <u>Reflection</u> in the same way as <u>Water</u> is related to	A. Conduction B. Dispersion C. Immersion D. Refraction
405	Firm is related to Flabby in the same way as Piguant is related to	A. Bland B. Salty C. Pleasant D. Small
406	Wood is related to Charcoal in the same way as coal is related to	A. Fire B. Smoke C. Coke D. Ash
407		
107	Betal is related to Chew in the same way as football is related to	A. Play B. Run C. Roll D. Kick
408	Betal is related to Chew in the same way as football is related to Motorcycle is related to Battery in the same way as Life is related to	B. Run C. Roll
		B. Run C. Roll D. Kick A. Earth B. Sun C. Moon
408	Motorcycle is related to Battery in the same way as Life is related to	B. Run C. Roll D. Kick A. Earth B. Sun C. Moon D. Star A. Devastation B. Havoc C. River
408	Motorcycle is related to Battery in the same way as Life is related to Cyclone is related to Anticyclone in the same way as Flood is related to	B. Run C. Roll D. Kick A. Earth B. Sun C. Moon D. Star A. Devastation B. Havoc C. River D. Drought A. Hardship B. Poverty C. Rest
408 409 410	Motorcycle is related to Battery in the same way as Life is related to Cyclone is related to Anticyclone in the same way as Flood is related to Happiness is related to Sorrow in the same way as Comfort is related to?	B. Run C. Roll D. Kick A. Earth B. Sun C. Moon D. Star A. Devastation B. Havoc C. River D. Drought A. Hardship B. Poverty C. Rest D. Difficulty A. Crime B. Gullit C. Allegation

		D. Adoption
414	Drummer is related to Orchestra in the same way as Minister is related to/	A. Voter B. Constituency C. Cabinet D. Department
415	<u>Sugar</u> is related <u>Molasses</u> in the same way as <u>Gasoline</u> is related to?	A. Mine B. Quary C. Drill D. Petroleum
416	<u>Stravation</u> is related to <u>Nutrition</u> in the same way as <u>Exhaustion</u> is related.	A. Energy B. Bravery C. Freshness D. Courage
417	Ballworm is related to Cotton in the same way as Ghundibug is related to?	A. Wheat B. Rice C. Millet D. Tomato
418	Accident is related to Carefulness in the same way as Disease is related to?	A. Sanitation B. Treatment C. Medicine D. Doctor
419	Annotate is related to Text in the same way as Caption is related to?	A. Novel B. Law C. Film D. Photograph
420	Physiology is related to Biology in the same way as Metaphysics is related to?	A. Physics B. Statistics C. Mathematics D. Philosophy
421	<u>Highbrow</u> is related to <u>Cultivated</u> in the same way as <u>Suave</u> is related to?	A. Elegant B. Urbane C. Stylish D. Broad minded
422	Affirm is related to Hint in the same way as Charge is related to?	A. Insinuate B. Reject C. Convince D. Deny
423	Author is related to Book in the same way as Choreographer is related to.	A. Drama B. Ballet C. Masque D. Opera
424	Thick is related to Thin in the same way as idle is related to?	A. Viriouous B. Business C. Industrious D. Activity
425	Bread is related to Wheat in the same way as Brick is related to?	A. Clay B. Fire C. Cement D. Building
426	Scrupulous is related to principles in the same way as Ethical is related to	A. Morals B. Virtues C. Religions D. Profits
427	Wince is related to pain in the same way as prostration is related to	A. Discomfiture B. Frustration C. Submissiveness D. Strained
428	Choerent is related consistent in the same way as Irate is related to	A. Unreasonable B. Unhappy C. Irritated D. Angry
429	Book is related to Magazine in the same way as Newspaper is related to	A. Journal B. News C. Article D. Headline
430	<u>Tungstan</u> is related to <u>Filament</u> in the same way as <u>Bronze</u> is related to	A. Copper B. Ships C. Tin D. Ornaments
404	Olevenson is related to Owned in the common or Brooks in related to	A. Club B. Axe

431	<u>Ciaymore</u> is related to <u>Sword</u> in the same way as <u>Beretta</u> is related to	C. Knife D. Gun
432	Indolence is related to Work in the same way as Taciturn is related to	A. Observe B. Speak C. Cheat D. Act
433	Aflatoxin is related to Food Poisoning in the same way as Histamine is related to	A. Allergy B. Headache C. Anthrax D. Contamination
434	Bald is related to Blond in the same way as Barren is related to?	A. Vegetation B. Fertile C. Farm D. Inhabited
435	Catalogue is related to Library Books in the same way as Index in related to?	A. Chapters B. Books C. preface D. Contents
436	<u>Tobacco</u> is related is <u>Nerves</u> in the same way as <u>Alcohol</u> is related to/	A. Liver B. Liquor C. Intoxication D. Head
437	Man is related to shout in the same way as crow is related to/	A. Caw B. Chirp C. Mutter D. Mob
438	Gill is related to Lamellae in the same way as Lung is related to?	A. Ribs B. Treachea C. Alveoil D. Pharynx
439	<u>Dwell</u> is related to <u>Danizen</u> in the same way as <u>inherit</u> is related to?	A. Acquire B. Successor C. Outcast D. Helr
440	Solicitous is related to Concern in the same way as Verbose is related to	A. Tiredness B. Wordiness C. Speech D. Deafness
441	Mouse is related to cat in the same way as fly is related to?	A. Animal B. Horse C. Spider D. Rat
442	Brain is related to Cranium in the same way as pearl is related to	A. Box B. Oyster C. Sand D. Shore
443	Swerve is related to Veer in the same way as Rotate is related to?	A. Deviate B. Gyrate C. Sway D. Fluctuate
444	<u>Victory</u> is related to <u>Happiness</u> in the same way as <u>Failure</u> is related to	A. Defeat B. Anger C. Frustration D. Sadness
445	Snowfall is related to Precipitation in the same way as Grotto is related to	A. Throat B. Cave C. Castle D. Fort
446	Kilogram is related to Quintal in the same way as Paisa is related to	A. Rupee B. Coin C. Wealth D. Mony
447	Condolence is related to Loss in the same way as Congratulation is related to	A. Praise B. Achievement C. Accusation D. Reward
448	Horse is related to Hay in the same way as cow is related to	A. Leaves B. Fodder C. Milk D. Straw
		A. Theff

449	Abduction is related to Kidnapping in the same way as Larceny is related to/	B. Crime C. Blackmall D. Sin
450	Street is related to <u>Lane</u> in the same way as <u>Road</u> is related to?	A. Footpath B. Junction C. Avenue D. Highway
451	Concert is related to Theatre in the same way as Banquet is related to?	A. Hotel B. Partu C. Feast D. Supper
452	Statute is related to Shape in the same way as song is related to	A. Beauty B. Sing C. Tune D. Poetry
453	Laugh is related to joy in the same way as cry is related to/	A. Child B. Sad C. punishment D. Sorrow
454	Gravity is related to Pull in the same way as Magnetism is related to?	A. Repulsion B. Attraction C. Separation D. Push
455	<u>Cat</u> is related to <u>Kitten</u> in the same way as <u>fish</u> is related to?	A. Fry B. Fawn C. Fin D. Foat
456	Earth is related to Axis in the same way as Wheel is related to/	A. Tyre B. Car C. Road D. Hub
457	<u>Indiscreet</u> is related to <u>imprudent</u> in the same way as <u>indisposed</u> is related to	A. Cocnerned B. Crucial C. Clear D. Reluctant
458	Estonia is related to Rouble in the same way as Chile is related to?	A. Dinar B. Peso C. Peseta D. France
459	Neck is related to Tie in the same way as Waist is related to?	A. Watch B. Belt C. Ribbon D. Shirt
460	Kashmiri is related to Kashmir in the same way as Sindhi is related to	A. Punjab B. KP C. GB D. Sindh
461	Nadeem is related to films in the same way as Picasso is related to	A. Literature B. Darama C. Poetry D. Painting
462	Borrower is related to Loan in the same way as Beggar is related to	A. Alms B. Mercy C. Money D. Gift
463	<u>Institute</u> is related is <u>Academy</u> in the same way as <u>Decree</u> is related to	A. Blame B. Court C. Judge D. Mandate
464	Hygienic is related to polluted int he same way as Knowing is related to	A. Inge nous B. Uncommon C. Secret D. Segacious
465	<u>Jesus</u> is related to <u>Christians</u> in the same way as <u>Zoroaster</u> is related to.	A. Jews B. Parsis C. Tribals D. Catholics
466	Palm is related to Hand in the same way as sole is related to	A. Leg B. Ankle C. Knee D. Foot

A. Wind B. Water C. Air D. Bird