

MDCAT Physics Chapter 7 Current Electricity Online Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Two wires of same material have lengths L and $2L$ and cross-sectional area $4A$ and A respectively. the ratio of their specific resistance would be:	A. 1: 1 B. 1: 8 C. 8: 1 D. 1: 2
2	The product of resistance and conductance of a resistors is equal to:	A. 1 B. Conductivity C. Resistivity D. Zero
3	An electric room radiator, which operates at $50V$ has resistance of $50\ \Omega$. Power of the radiator is approximately:	A. 100W B. 50W C. 450W D. 1000W
4	There are two electric bulbs of $40\ W$ and $100\ W$. They are first connected in series and then in parallel across a source:	A. 40W bulb will be brighter in series and 100W in parallel B. 100W bulb will be brighter in series and 40W in parallel C. 40W bulb will be brighter in both the cases D. 100W bulb will be brighter in both the cases
5	A total charge of $100C$ flows through $12W$ bulb in a time of 50 second. Which is the potential difference across the bulb during this time?	A. $0.12V$ B. $6.0V$ C. $2.0V$ D. $24V$
6	The 'emf' is always even when no current is drawn through the battery of the cell:	A. Zero B. Present C. Absent D. Maximum
7	The specific resistance of a wire varies with its:	A. Length B. Cross-section C. Mass D. Material
8	A piece of Aluminium (Al) and a piece of Germanium (Ge) are cooled $T_1\ K$ to $T_2\ K$. The resistance of:	A. Each of them increases B. Each of them decreases C. Al increases and Ge decreases D. Al decreases and that of Ge increases
9	The rate at which the battery is supplying the electrical energy is the:	A. Power output B. Electrical power C. Power input D. Both A and C
10	When the length and area of cross-section both are doubled, then its resistance:	A. Will become half B. Will remain the same C. Will be doubled D. Will become four times
11	Electric current is defined as:	A. Flow of charges through conductor B. Rate of flow of charges through conductor C. Flow of electrons D. Flow of protons
12	A charge is $90C$ passes through a wire in 1 hour and 15 minutes. Wat is the current in the wire?	A. $10mA$ B. $20mA$ C. $15mA$ D. $25mA$
13	If a source of emf is traversed from positive to negative the potential change will be:	A. Positive B. Negative C. Zero D. Constant
14	Resistance of 60 watt bulbs in $120V$ line is:	A. $20\ ohms$ B. $240\ ohms$ C. $0.15\ ohms$ D. $1200\ ohms$

		D. 180 ohms
15	A 100W, 220V bulb is operated on a 110V line, the power consumed is:	A. 25W B. 75W C. 50W D. 100W
16	The emf of a cell of negligible internal resistance is 2V. It is connected to the series combination of $\square\square$, $\square\square$ $\square\square\square$ $\square\square$ resistance. The potential difference across $\square\square$ resistance will be in volt:	A. 0.6 B. 2/3 C. 3 D. 6
17	Which of the Following bulb will glow Brightest?	A. 100W B. 200W C. 300W D. 400W
18	Which combination of 7 identical resistors of 3-ohm will give 12/13 ohm:	A. 3 series, 4 parallel B. 5 series, 2 parallel C. 2 series, 5 parallel D. 4 series, 3 parallel
19	When resistances are connected in Parallel, the effective resistance will be	A. Product of the reciprocals of the individual resistances B. Product of the individual resistances C. Sum of the reciprocals of the individual resistances D. Sum of the individual resistances
20	A cell of negligible resistance and e.m.f 2 V is connected across a series combination of 2,3 and 5 ohms. The p.d. across the 3 Ω resistor is	A. 0.6 V B. 1/3 V C. 2/3 V D. 4/3 V
21	A steady current is flowing in a conductor of non-uniform cross-section. The charge passing through any cross-section per unit time is	A. Directly proportional to the area of cross-section B. Inversely proportional to the area of cross-section C. Proportional to square of the area of cross-section D. Independent of the area of cross-section