

ICS Part 2 Statistics Chapter 17 Online Test

| Sr | Questions | Answers Choice |
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| 1 | Commonly used input device is | A. pen B. keyboard C. monitor D. joystick |
| 2 | 1MB equals | A. 1048576 bytes B. 1024 bytes C. 2048 bytes D. 2380 bytes |
| 3 | Screen output is considered as a | A. softcopy B. hardcopy C. screen copy D. print copy |
| 4 | CD-ROM is a type of | A. hard disk B. soft disk C. floppy disk D. optical disk |
| 5 | Which one is called as a set of electronic instructions ? | A. hardware B. software C. hardcopy D. softcopy |
| 6 | The most common type of computer memory is called | A. ROM B. REM C. RAM D. RIM |
| 7 | A high speed memory that is built in processor is called | A. built in memory B. cache memory C. internal memory D. external memory |
| 8 | RAM is called | A. primary storage B. secondary storage C. tertiary storage D. tetra storage |
| 9 | Arithmetic operations are carried out by ----- unit | A. logical B. inner C. ALU D. other |
| 10 | Keyboard, mouse and scanner are the ----- devices | A. input B. output C. logical D. mini |
| 11 | Assembly language is also known as | A. objective language B. syntax language C. character language D. symbolic language |
| 12 | Monitors, PC projectors and sound systems are | A. soft copy output devices B. real copy output devices C. raw copy output devices D. hardcopy output devices |
| 13 | Which output is permanent ? | A. hard copy B. real copy C. soft copy D. none of these |
| 14 | The most common measurement unit for describing a computer's memory is | A. bits B. mega bytes C. bytes D. kilobytes |
| 15 | Super computers can perform more than ----- calculations per second ? | A. 1 million B. 1 billion C. 1 trillion D. 1 lac |

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| 16 | Data is defined as combination of | A. character and numbers B. characters and symbols C. numbers and symbols D. characters, number and symbols |
| 17 | Machine language is in the form of | A. 1 and 2 B. 0 and 1 C. 1 and 3 D. 0 and 3 |
| 18 | Keyboard is commonly used_____device. | A. Output B. Input C. Primary D. Secondary |
| 19 | One byte equal: | A. 4 bits B. 6 bits C. 8 bits D. 12 bits |
| 20 | Drag and drop is a term associated with: | A. Mouse B. Keyboard C. Printer D. Scanner |
| 21 | 1 MB equals _____byes | A. 1,094,265 B. 1,904,265 C. 1,904,265 D. 1,048.576 |
| 22 | Screen output is considered as a _____. | A. Hardcopy B. Softcopy C. Input D. Software |
| 23 | Joystick is an example of: | A. Input devices B. Output devices C. Processing devices D. Storage devices |
| 24 | A binary digit is commonly called: | A. Byte B. Kilobyte C. Gigabyte D. Bit |
| 25 | _____ is a set of electronic instructions: | A. Hardware B. Software C. Hard disk D. Compact disk |
| 26 | The most common type of computer memory is called: | A. ALU B. ENIAC C. RAM D. ROM |
| 27 | RAM is called_____storage. | A. Primary B. Secondary C. Control D. Scanner |
| 28 | The _____ allow you to type information into the computer. | A. Mouse B. Scanner C. Printer D. Keyboard |
| 29 | Arithmetic operations are carried out by_____ units: | A. CPU B. RAM C. ALU D. ROM |
| 30 | CD-ROM is a type of _____. | A. Optical disk B. Hard disk C. Soft disk D. Compact disk |
| 31 | 1 kb = _____ bytes | A. 10 B. 100 C. 1000 D. 10,000 |
| 32 | A complete computer system has_____ parts. | A. 2 B. 3 C. 4 D. 5 |
| 33 | The first commercially available computer was: | A. ENIAC B. UNIVAC C. Mark I |

C. Mainframe
D. Analytical engine

34 Super computers can process million of instructions:

- A. Per second
- B. Per microsecond
- C. Per minute
- D. Per hour