

Computer Science Ics Part 2 Chapter 13 Online Test

C-	Overtions	Anguara Chaica
Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Which of the following is type of function available in C language?	A. User-defined B. Build-in C. Subprogram D. Both a and b
2	Another name for build-in function is:	A. User-defined function B. Arithmetic function C. Library function D. Both a and b
3	A type of function that is available as part of language is known as:	A. User-defined function B. Library function C. Sun-program D. Both a and b
4	Function prototype for built-in-function are specified in:	A. Source file B. Header file C. Object file D. Image files
5	Global variable are created in:	A. RAM B. ROM C. Hard Disk D. Cache
6	Memory is allocated to a local variable at the time of the :	A. Declaration B. Destruction C. Definition D. First reference
7	The name of actual and formal parameters:	A. May or may not be same B. Must be same C. Must be different D. Must be in lower case
8	Formal arguments are also called:	A. Actual arguments B. Dummy arguments C. Original arguments D. Referenced arguments
9	The printf is a :	A. Build-in function B. User-defined function C. Local function D. Keyword
10	A build-in function:	A. Cannot be redefine B. Can be redefined C. Cannot return a value D. Should be redefined
11	Function declaration consists of:	A. Function name B. Function return type C. Number and types of parameters D. All of these
12	In a C program, two function can have:	A. Same name B. Same parameters C. Same name & Same parameters D. Same name but different parameters
13	Which of the following is NOT a valid function declaration?	A. int ave3(int a, int b, int c) B. int 3ave(int a, int b, int c) C. int ave3(int, int, int) D. int ave_3(int a1, int b2, int c3)
14	Function define can be written:	A. Before main() function B. After main() function C. in a separate file D. All of these
15	A value that can be sent to a function is known as:	A. Return value B. Indicator C. Argument

		D. Automatic variable
16	Th process of sending an argument to a function is called:	A. Sending B. Filtering C. Delivering D. Passing
17	The function definition consists of:	A. Function header or function declaration B. Function body C. Both a and b D. None
18	The first line of function definition is known as:	A. Function header B. Function body C. Arguments D. Return type
19	The statement that activities a function is known as:	A. Function call B. Function output C. Function design D. Function definition
20	Which of the following steps takes place when function is called:	A. The control moves to the function that is called B. All statements in the function body are executed C. The control returns back to the calling funciton D. All of these
21	What is the variable name that is used by a function to receive passed values?	A. Funciton B. Parameter C. Expression D. Constant
22	Which of the following is incorrect?	A. A function can call another function B. A function can be called many times in a program C. A function can return values input by the user D. A function must at least one variable parameter
23	The parameters in function declaration are called:	A. Formal parameters B. Actual parameters C. Both a and b D. Returned parameters
24	Multiple arguments to a function are separated by:	A. Comments B. Semicolons C. Colons D. Commas
25	Which statement is used by a function use to return a value?	A. Give B. Return C. Continue D. Send
26	The scope of a variable refers to its:	A. Lengh B. Name C. Accessibility D. Data type
27	A variable declared inside a function is known as:	A. Local variable B. Global variable C. Automatic variable D. A and C
28	A variable declaration outside any function is known as:	A. Global variable B. Local variable C. External variable D. Static variable
29	Which of the following is true about a function call?	A. Stops the execution of the program B. Transfer control to the called function C. Transfer control to the main function D. Resumes the execution of the function
30	Which of the following looks for the prototypes of function used in a program?	A. Linker B. Loader C. Compiler D. Parser

31	Local variables are also called:	A. Automatic variables B. Normal variables C. Global variables D. Basic variables
32	A type of functions written by the programmer is known as:	A. User-defined B. Subprograms C. Subroutines D. Built-in function
33	Which of the following is true for return statement in a function?	A. It can return one value only B. It can return integer value C. It cannot return any value D. It cannot be used in a function