

## Commercial Geography Icom Part 2 English Medium Chapter 8 Online Test

Cr.	Ougations	Anguara Cheise
Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	In old days, cotton textile manufacturing was:	A. A cottage industry     B. Done by machines     C. Much larger industry     D. Europe's important industry
2	Cotton textile manufacturing is a:	A. Primary economic activity     B. Secondary economic activity     C. Quinary economic activity     D. Quarternary economic activity
3	Manufacturing cloth with the help of weaving fibres is:	A. Called a cloth industry B. An important industry C. Is not an important industry D. Is a modern industry
4	In South Asian region, cotton textile manufacturing is:	A. Being done sine 1500 B.C B. Being done since 2700 B.C C. Being done from ages-old D. Is a modern industry
5	Cotton textile manufacturing industry started/ began:	A. During fifteenth century A.D     B. During seventeenth century     C. Before Christ     D. During eighteenth century
6	Modern cotton textile manufacturing industry stated from:	A. United States of America B. Japan C. United Kingdom D. India
7	Ginning Machine was invented in U.K in:	A. 1893 A.D B. 1793 A.D C. 1920 A.D D. 1950 A.S
8	In 1764 A.D., spinning machine was invented in:	A. United States of America B. Germany C. United Kingdom D. India
9	Automatic power loom was invented in U.K in:	A. 1843 A.D B. 1943 A.D C. 1902 A.D D. 2000 A.D
10	In cotton textile manufacturing industry, such mills called composite:	A. Where only thread is prepared B. Where dyeing is done C. Where thread is not prepared D. Where thread, cloth and dyeing are done at one unit
11	Among lint producing countries, China, India, U.S.A and Pakistan:	A. Stands no where     B. Stands at top position     C. Absolutely stands no-where     D. Stand at normal position
12	In the development of an industry, modern means of transportation:	A. Play a vital role     B. Does not play any vital role     C. Have not any important position     D. Play a little role
13	For manufacturing modern machinery of cotton textile, Japan, U.K, Germany and U.S.A:	A. Have not any position     B. Stands at the top     C. Have not any importance     D. Have a little importance
14	During nineteenth century, in cotton textile manufacturing U.K:	A. Was sole manufacturing B. Was not an important country C. Stands at lower level D. Stands no where
15	Manchester (U.K) has world fame for which industry?	A. Woollen textile industry     B. Silk textile industry     C. Cotton textile industry

		D. Steel industry
16	In 1790 A.D., U.S.A's first cotton textile mill was established at:	A. California B. Rhode Islands C. Washington D. Miame
17	Russian Federation's most important cotton textile center near Moscow.	A. Is at Ivanovo B. Stalinabad C. Tashkent D. Leningrad
18	Japan's first cotton textile mill was established in southern Kyushu in:	A. 1968 A.D B. 1868 A.D C. 1950 A.D D. Fifteenth century
19	First cotton textile mill od India was established at:	A. Kolcata B. Solapur C. Jamshedpur D. Telangana
20	Which region of India is most important for cotton textile:	A. East Punjab B. Assam C. Uttar Pradesh D. Mumbai
21	In Brazil, Rio-de-Janeiro is famous for which industry?	A. Cotton textile industry B. Iron and steel industry C. Rubber industry D. Sugar industry
22	First cotton textile mill at karachi was named as:	A. Valika cotton textile B. Ayesha cotton textile C. Gulshan cotton textile D. Ali cotton textile
23	Which city of Pakistan is called as Manchester:	A. Hyderabad B. Rawalpindi C. Peshawar D. Faisalabad
24	Which country produces best lint in the world?	A. Sudan B. Brazil C. Egypt D. Pakistan
25	In 1948, where Valika cotton textile mill was established:	A. Hyderabad B. Peshawar C. Karachi D. Faisalabad
26	Pakistan, China, India and Japan are cotton textile:	A. Exporting countries B. Importing countries C. Not exporting countries D. Not importing countries
27	During nineteenth century, U.K was biggest lint:	A. Importing country B. Exporting country C. Consuming country D. Manufacturing country
28	According to Sir Dadly Stamp, who introduced cotton to Europe:	A. Chinese B. Indians C. Arabs D. Portugese
29	Spinning yields the yarn and weaving fileds:	A. Cloth B. Lint C. Thread D. Clothes
30	Lint is basic raw material for manufacturing:	A. Cotton textile B. Silk textile C. Woollen textile D. Jute textile
31	During nineteenth century, in cotton textile manufacturing U.K.	A. Was sole manufacturer B. Was not an important country C. Stands at lower level D. Stands no where