

Commercial Geography Icom Part 2 English Medium Chapter 38 Online Test

Qr.	Questions	Anguage Chaica
Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	For economic planning of a country:	A. Knowledge of population statistics is compulsory B. Knowledge of agri-statistics is necessary C. Knowledge of mineral production is necessary D. Knowledge of industrial statistics is necessary
2	Like all other countries, in Pakistan also:	A. After every 10 years population census took place B. After every five years population census took place C. After every 15 years population census took place D. After every 20 years population census took place
3	In 1901, present area of Pakistan had population of present area's population was:	A. One crore 65 lakh 76 thousand persons B. Only one crore persons C. More than 2 crore persons D. 5 crore persons
4	According to 1961 population census, Pakistan ranks:	A. First largest Islamic country B. Second largest Islamic country C. Fifth largest Islamic country D. Not any prominent country
5	According to govt. statistics of 2003, population of Pakistan was:	A. 150 million persons B. 145 million persons C. 170 million persons D. 200 million persons
6	Out of total population of the world, percentage of Pakistan's population is:	A. 2.3 percent B. 5 percent C. 10 percent D. 7 percent
7	Population growth rate of Pakistan is:	A. 2.10 percent per annum B. 3 percent per annum C. 10 percent per annum D. 7 percent per annum
8	According to present growth rate, in 2020, population of Pakistan will be:	A. 222 million persons B. 170 million persons C. 250 million persons D. 200 million persons
9	In 1947, population of West Pakistan was:	A. 3.25 crore persons B. 4 crore persons C. 5 crore persons D. 4.5 crore persons
10	In which year, population of Pakistan was 42.9 million persons?	A. 1961 B. 1972 C. 1951 D. 1981
11	According to 1972 census, population of Pakistan was:	A. 65.3 million persons B. 100 million persons C. 75.9 million persons D. 105 million persons
12	According to 1981 population census of Pakistan was:	A. 84.25 million persons B. 90.5 million persons C. 75.5 million persons D. 110.2 million persons
13	According to 1981 population census of Pakistan percentage of urban population was:	A. 28.3 percent B. 25 percent C. 20.5 percent D. 35 percent
		A. 71.7 percent

14	According to 1981 population census of Pakistan, percentage of rural population was:	B. 75.0 percent C. 70.0 percent D. 65.0 percent
15	According to 1998 population census of Pakistan, percentage of urban population was:	A. 23.5 percent B. 35.0 percent C. 40.5 percent D. 45.5 percent
16	According to 1998 population census of Pakistan, percentage of rural population was:	A. 67.5 percent B. 70.2 percent C. 75.5 percent D. 78.0 percent
17	According to populated census of 1998 of Pakistan, which province possesses highest urban population ratio?	A. Sindh province B. Baluchistan province C. Punjab province D. N.W.F province
18	According to population census of 1998, rural population highest ratio is:	A. In N.W.F province B. In Sindh province C. In Punjab province D. In Baluchistan province
19	According to population census of 1998, urban population ratio of Islamabad is:	A. 65.6 percent B. 70.2 percent C. 50.5 percent D. 90.3 percent
20	After transplanting rice plants in the field:	A. rice crop ripen in about 100 days B. rice crop ripen in about 50 days C. rice crop ripen in very short time D. rice crop ripen in 150 days
21	Rice grains possesses protein:	A. about 8 percent B. 10 percent C. in nominal amount D. in huge quantity
22	Rice crop can be cultivated up to altitude of:	A. 7 thousand feet B. 3thousand feet C. not very high latitude D. 10thousand feet
23	About 3.1 percent earnings of agriculture sector:	A. comes from rice crop B. comes from wheat crop C. comes from cotton D. comes from maize crop
24	Out of total GNP, what percentage we earn from rice crop?	A. 1.6 percent B. 0.6percent only C. 5.0percent D. 10.0percent only
25	Husk of rice is a:	A. Very useful product B. Not any valuable product C. Absolutely not any useful thing D. Valuable to some extent
26	Warm and humid climate is:	A. Most suitable for rice crop B. Not suitable for rice crop C. Suitable for rice to some extent D. May be suitable for rice crop
27	For vegetative growth of rice crop:	A. 21°C temperature is most suitable B. 35°C temperature is suitable C. Low temperature remains suitable D. High temperature is suitable
28	For successful rice crop 45 inches rainfall is necessary, otherwise:	A. Rice cultivation is not possible B. Irrigation facility must be provided C. No need of irrigation D. Rice crop may be affected
29	In Pakistan, without irrigation facility, rice crop cultivation is:	A. Not possible B. Easily possible C. Very easily possible D. Being cultivated
30	In the world, for rice cultivation, monsoon region is:	A. Most important B. Not important C. Important to some extent D. Not veryimportant
31	In Pakistan, rice cultivation is limited:	A. Up to irrigated regions B. To un-irrigated regions C. To rain-fed regions D. Being cultivated in all regions

32	In Pakistan, amount of rainfall in rice cultivation areas is:	A. Not enough B. Absolutely absent C. Very small D. Not up to requirement
33	Rice crop (plant) does best:	A. In standing water B. In excessive water C. In shortage of water D. In dry conditions
34	For rice cultivation clayey soil is:	A. Best suitable B. Not suitable C. Suitable to some extent D. Absolutely not suitable
35	For cultivation of one acre of rice crop:	A. 5 to 10 Kg seed is enough B. 20Kg seed is enough C. at least 40Kg seed is required D. 15Kg seed is more than enough
36	Basmati rice of Pakistan:	A. Is world reputed B. Is not world famous C. Has not any importance D. Is very famous
37	Pakistan's 65 percent rice cultivated area is:	A. In Punjab provinceB. In BaluchistanprovinceC. In mountainous regionD. In northern region
38	Which province of Pakistan producers 40 percent rice crop ?	A. Sindhprovince B. Baluchistanprovince C. Punjabprovince D. N.W.Fprovince
39	Punjab & Sindhprovince together, produce what percentage of rice?	A. About 92 percent B. 50percent C. 70percent D. 30percent
40	Which division of Punjab province produces maximum rice:	A. Gujranwala B. Lahore C. Sargodha D. Multan
41	In 1947-48, area under rice cultivation in Pakistan was:	A. 850 thousand hectare B. 500thousand hectare C. 100thousand hectare D. 250thousand hectare
42	At the time of independence, rice production in Pakistan was:	A. Eight thousand metric tons B. 5 lakhmetric tons C. 10 lakhmetric tons D. 20 lakhmetric tons
43	In 1947-48, per hectare yield of rice was:	A. 880 Kg B. 500Kg C. 1000Kg D. 1500Kg
44	During 2014-15, per hectare rice yield in Pakistan was:	A. 2050 Kg B. 4477Kg C. 2500Kg D. 3500Kg
45	During 2014-15, area under rice cultivation in Pakistan was:	A. More than 2.89 million hectare B. 5million hectare C. 10million hectare D. 15million hectare
46	During 2014-15, production of rice in Pakistan was:	A. More than 7million tons B. About 10million tons C. About 15million tons D. 20million tons
47	Maximum per hectare yield of rice in the world is in:	A. Chad B. Japan C. China D. Phipippines