

Commercial Geography Icom Part 2 English Medium Chapter 33 Online Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Upper layer of Earth's crust, in which vegetation grows:	A. Is called soil B. Is called crust C. Is called upper layer D. Is called upper crust
2	Upper layer of the earth crust formation:	A. Is due to disintegration B. Is due to decomposition of vegetation C. Is due to disintegration of rocks D. Is due to disintegration agents
3	The soil of desert regions is always:	A. Very fertile B. Very very fertile C. In-fertile D. Absolutely infertile
4	Areas with high temperature and low rainfall:	A. Possesses poor vegetation B. Possesses dense vegetation C. Possesses absolutely no vegetation D. Cannot support vegetation
5	Colour of soil possessing excessive iron particles:	A. Is always brown B. Is always red C. Is always grey D. Is always white
6	Soil, possessing minute particles is called:	A. Clayey soil B. Sandy soil C. Loamy soil D. Silty soil
7	Mixture of sandy sand clayey soil is called:	A. Loamy soil B. Clayey soil C. Sandy soil D. Silty soil
8	Soil with excessive organic matter is always:	A. Black in colour B. Silty in colour C. Red in colour D. White in colour
9	What do you mean by neutral soil:	A. Soil with pH value 7.0 B. Soil with pH value below 7.0 C. Soil with pH value above 7.0 D. Soil with pH value zero
10	Soil with pH value, 4-7 is called:	A. Acidic soil B. Basic soil C. Neutral soil D. Alkaline soil
11	Soil possessing pH value from 7-11 is called?	A. Alkaline soil B. Acidic soil C. Neutral soil D. Fertile soil
12	If after disintegration of rocks, soil particle remain at its original place:	A. It is known as residual soil B. It is known as transported soil C. It is known as fertile soil D. It is known as sandy soil
13	Residual soil is often found:	A. In plateau and mountainous region B. Everywhere in the world C. Nowhere in the world D. In the river valleys
14	If parent material has been transported and deposited, often far from its original source:	A. It is known as transported soil B. It is known as residual soil C. Mountainous soil D. Local soil
15	In Pakistan, transported soil is found:	A. In plain areas B. Plateau areas C. Mountainous regions

		D. Desert regions
16	Among soil forming factors:	<p>A. Climate is most important</p> <p>B. Physical features are important</p> <p>C. Natural vegetation is very important</p> <p>D. Time factor is important</p>
17	In Pakistan, north-eastern mountainous regions soil colour is:	<p>A. Dark brown</p> <p>B. Reddish</p> <p>C. Brown</p> <p>D. White</p>
18	In north-eastern mountainous regions soil:	<p>A. Lime is very excessive</p> <p>B. Iron is in large amount</p> <p>C. Organic matter is excessive</p> <p>D. Organic matter is less</p>
19	Colour of northwestern & western mountainous region soil is:	<p>A. Red</p> <p>B. Brown</p> <p>C. Dark Brown</p> <p>D. Gray</p>
20	Region of Potwar plateau is composed of:	<p>A. Loess soil</p> <p>B. Sandy soil</p> <p>C. Clayey soil</p> <p>D. Transported soil</p>
21	Human intervention and others factors:	<p>A. Affect on the growth of forests</p> <p>B. Do not affect the growth of forests</p> <p>C. May affect the growth of forests</p> <p>D. Limit the growth of forests</p>
22	For sound economy of an agricultural country:	<p>A. 80 percent area must be under forest</p> <p>B. 50 percent area must be under forests</p> <p>C. At least 25 percent must be under forests</p> <p>D. Forest do not play any role</p>
23	At the time of independence, Pakistan's:	<p>A. 1.4 million hectares area was under forests</p> <p>B. 2.0million hectares area was under forests</p> <p>C. 5million hectares area was under forests</p> <p>D. 10million hectares area was under forests</p>
24	Including grasslands, how much area of Pakistan is under forests ?	<p>A. 15 million hectares</p> <p>B. 5million hectares</p> <p>C. 10.5million hectares</p> <p>D. 20million hectares</p>
25	How many percent forests are under private sector:	<p>A. 25 percent</p> <p>B. 50percent</p> <p>C. 15 percent</p> <p>D. 33percent</p>
26	Annual production of timber in Pakistan in:	<p>A. Much less than demand</p> <p>B. More than demand</p> <p>C. According to our demand</p> <p>D. Not according to our demand</p>
27	In Pakistan, every year during monsoon and spring;	<p>A. Tree plantation is done</p> <p>B. Tree plantation is not done</p> <p>C. Plantation weeks are celebrated</p> <p>D. Plantation weeks are not celebrated</p>
28	How much area of punjab province in under forests ?	<p>A. 3.3 million hectares</p> <p>B. 5.0million hectares</p> <p>C. 10.0million hectares</p> <p>D. Very small area</p>
29	How much area of KPK is under forests:	<p>A. 2.0million hectares</p> <p>B. 1.4million hectares</p> <p>C. 5.0million hectares</p> <p>D. Very small area</p>
30	In the province of Sindh:	<p>A. Very small area is under forests</p> <p>B. Large area is under forests</p> <p>C. 1.3 millionhectares is under forests</p> <p>D. Very very small area is under forests</p>

A. Large area is under forests

31	In the Baluchistan province:	<p>A. Large area is under forests</p> <p>B. Small area is under forests</p> <p>C. 2.0million hectares area is under forests</p> <p>D. 1.1million hectares is under forests</p>
32	In Pakistan, how much plantation is done annually ?	<p>A. 40 thousand hectares</p> <p>B. 47thousand hectares</p> <p>C. 30thousand hectares</p> <p>D. 50thousand hectares</p>
33	In any region of Pakistan, equatorial forests:	<p>A. Does not exist</p> <p>B. Are at enough area</p> <p>C. Does not grow in any area</p> <p>D. Cannot grow in any area</p>
34	In Pakistan, semi-arid sub-tropical forest are found at the elevation of:	<p>A. Up to 13,000 feet</p> <p>B. Only up to 3,000 feet</p> <p>C. Near about sea level</p> <p>D. Up to 5,000 feet</p>
35	In Pakistan, from 1,000 - 3,000 meters from sea level:	<p>A. Coniferous forests are found</p> <p>B. Evergreenforests are found</p> <p>C. Very smallforests are found</p> <p>D. Deciduousforests are found</p>
36	In Pakistan's north and north-east region, from 5,000 - 15,000 ft from sea level:	<p>A. Coniferousforests are found</p> <p>B. Monsoonforests are found</p> <p>C. Semi-desertforests are found</p> <p>D. Evergreenforests are found</p>
37	In Pakistan, Deodar, Kail, Supruce and Fur forests are:	<p>A. Found everywhere</p> <p>B. Found at some places</p> <p>C. In north and north-eastern mountainous region</p> <p>D. Found nowhere</p>
38	In Pakistan, deciduous forests are found in mountainous region up to:	<p>A. Altitude of 3,000 - 5,000 feet</p> <p>B. Does not exists</p> <p>C. At large area</p> <p>D. At very small area</p>
39	Tropical deciduous plain forests are found in:	<p>A. Plain area</p> <p>B. The flood plains & banks of the major rivers</p> <p>C. Lower plain area</p> <p>D. Bar region of upper ludus</p>
40	Pakistan's those area, where rainfall is upto 10 inches:	<p>A. Natural vegetation is grass</p> <p>B. Natural vegetation is not grass</p> <p>C. Xerophytes vegetation is found</p> <p>D. Forest does not exist</p>
41	In Pakistan, mangrove forests are found:	<p>A. In the Punjab province</p> <p>B. Along the Sindh coastal area</p> <p>C. Nowhere in the country</p> <p>D. In KPK at some places</p>
42	Mangrove forests along the coast of Sindh are:	<p>A. 97% of the total mangrove forests</p> <p>B. 50% of the total mangrove forests</p> <p>C. Only 10% of the total mangrove forests</p> <p>D. Not found</p>
43	Pakistan's three percent mangrove forests are found:	<p>A. Along the Sindh coast</p> <p>B. Along the Baluchistan coast</p> <p>C. In the N.W.F province</p> <p>D. In the southern Punjab</p>
44	In Pakistan, Bela forests are found:	<p>A. Along the banks of the major rivers</p> <p>B. In mountain areas</p> <p>C. Along the coast of the sea</p> <p>D. In the areas of Pakistan</p>