

Commercial Geography Icom Part 2 English Medium Chapter 27 Online Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Electricity:	<p>A. Is invention of modern industrial era</p> <p>B. Is ages-old invention</p> <p>C. 1st invention of 20th century</p> <p>D. Is an unimportant invention</p>
2	Hydro-electricity could be produced:	<p>A. At every place</p> <p>B. At specific geographical environments</p> <p>C. Not at every place</p> <p>D. In dry areas of the world</p>
3	Out of total world electricity production, percentage of hydro-electricity is:	<p>A. Cheapest energy resource</p> <p>B. Most costly energy resource</p> <p>C. Costly energy resource</p> <p>D. Cheap energy resource</p>
4	Percentage of thermal electricity production, out of total electricity is:	<p>A. 75 percent</p> <p>B. 50 percent</p> <p>C. 30 percent</p> <p>D. 90 percent</p>
5	With the help of coal, petroleum & natural gas:	<p>A. Hydro-electricity is generated</p> <p>B. Thermal electricity is produced</p> <p>C. Nuclear electricity is generated</p> <p>D. Solar electricity is produced</p>
6	Nuclear power (electricity) is generated with the help of:	<p>A. Uranium</p> <p>B. Mineral oil</p> <p>C. Coal</p> <p>D. Natural gas</p>
7	With the help of one pound uranium, we can produce:	<p>A. 12 million Kw electricity</p> <p>B. 1 million Kw electricity</p> <p>C. Very nominal amount of electricity</p> <p>D. Very huge amount of electricity</p>
8	At present, generation of solar energy is a:	<p>A. Very costly mean of energy</p> <p>B. Very cheap mean of energy</p> <p>C. Cheap mean of energy</p> <p>D. Costly mean of energy</p>
9	During 1991, total world electricity production was:	<p>A. 300 quadrillion Bru</p> <p>B. 351 quadrillion Bru</p> <p>C. 250 quadrillion Bru</p> <p>D. 500 quadrillion Bru</p>
10	In 2000, world's total electricity generation amounted:	<p>A. 397 quadrillion Bru</p> <p>B. 400 quadrillion Bru</p> <p>C. 200 quadrillion Bru</p> <p>D. 500 quadrillion Bru</p>
11	During 1999, annual consumption of electricity in the world was:	<p>A. 12,000 billion Kw/h</p> <p>B. 12,833 billion Kw/h</p> <p>C. 10,000 billion Kw/h</p> <p>D. 15,000 billion Kw/h</p>
12	United States of America's 3,236 billion Kw electricity consumption in 1999:	<p>A. Was 25 percent of total electricity generation in the world</p> <p>B. Was 50 percent of total electricity generation in the world</p> <p>C. Was 10 percent of total electricity generation in the world</p> <p>D. Was 70 percent of total electricity generation in the world</p>
13	In 2000, total electricity generation of the world was:	<p>A. One billion Kilowatt</p> <p>B. 500 billion Kilowatt</p> <p>C. 100 billion Kilowatt</p> <p>D. 440 billion Kilowatt</p>
14	Canada, Brazil, U.S.A, China and Russian Federation together produce world'd hydro-electricity about:	<p>A. 49 percent</p> <p>B. 25 percent</p> <p>C. 70 percent</p> <p>D. 10 percent</p>

		D. 40 percent
15	In 2000, world's nuclear power generation was:	A. 500 billion Kw B. 442 billion Kw C. 1000 billion Kw D. 100 billion Kw
16	U.S.A, France, and Japan produce world's:	A. 50 percent nuclear power B. 30 percent nuclear power C. 25 percent nuclear power D. 70 percent nuclear power
17	In the world, solar energy is a:	A. Limited source of energy B. Unlimited source of energy C. Most important source of energy D. Nominal source of energy
18	Invention of hydro--turbine, provided:	A. Unlimited chance of hydro-power generation B. Limited chance of hydro-power generation C. Easiest chance for hydro-power generation D. Very limited chance of hydro-power generation
19	Hydro-electricity is:	A. Cheapest energy resource B. Most costly energy resource C. Costly energy resource D. Cheap energy resource
20	United States America's 3,236 billion Kw electricity consumption in 1999:	A. Was 25 percent of total electricity generation in the world B. Was 50 percent of total electricity generation in the world C. Was 10 percent of total electricity generation in the world D. Was 70 percent of total electricity generation in the world
21	During 1999, China's rank in electricity generation in the world was:	A. 1st in the world B. Second in the world C. Fifth in the world D. Tenth in the world
22	In 2015, total electricity generation of the world was:	A. One billion kilowatt B. 500 billion kilowatt C. 100 billion kilowatt D. 5.699 billion kilowatt
23	Canada, Brazil, U.S.A, China, India and Russian Federation together produce world's hydro-electricity about:	A. 59.16 percent B. 25 percent C. 70 percent D. 40 percent
24	In 2015, world's nuclear power generation was:	A. 500 billion Kw B. 391.7 billion Kw C. 1000 billion Kw D. 100 billion Kw
25	U.S.A, France and Japan produce world's:	A. 52.3 percent nuclear power B. 30 percent nuclear power C. 25 percent nuclear power D. 70 percent nuclear power
26	Invention of hydro-turbine, provided:	A. Unlimited chance of hydro-power generation B. Limited chance of hydro-power generation C. Easiest chance of hydro-power generation D. Very limited chance of hydro-power generation
27	For hydro-electricity generation:	A. Physical factors must be suitable B. Physical factors suitability is not necessary C. Physical factors do not affect D. Physical factors affect is nominal
28	For hydro-power generation, equatorial region's potential is:	A. Very limited B. Unlimited C. More than 60% of world's hydro-power D. Unlimited
		A. 25% hydro-power generation potential B. 41.4% hydro-power generation potential

29	Continent of Africa's hydro-power potential is world's:	<p>potential</p> <p>C. Very limitedhydro-power generation potential</p> <p>D. Very largehydro-power generation potential</p>
30	World's about one fourth hydro-electricity is produced in the continent of:	<p>A. Asia</p> <p>B. Europe</p> <p>C. Australia</p> <p>D. Antarctica</p>
31	In the continent of Australia, hydro-power generation potential is:	<p>A. Very limited</p> <p>B. Very huge</p> <p>C. Very very huge</p> <p>D. Nominal</p>
32	In the continent of North America, potential of hydro-power generation is:	<p>A. 10% of total hydro-power generation</p> <p>B. 13.2%of total hydro-power generation</p> <p>C. 25%of total hydro-power generation</p> <p>D. 50%of total hydro-power generation</p>
33	World's 13.2 percent hydro-power is generated in the continent of:	<p>A. Europe</p> <p>B. Australia</p> <p>C. Africa</p> <p>D. Asia</p>
34	Which continent is largest produce of hydro-power in the world ?	<p>A. Europe</p> <p>B. North America</p> <p>C. Africa</p> <p>D. Australia</p>
35	Which continent is smallest producer of hydro-electricity ?	<p>A. Africa</p> <p>B. Australia</p> <p>C. South America</p> <p>D. Asia</p>
36	Which country, fulfills its 99 percent hydro-electricity needs with the hyro-electricity:	<p>A. Norway</p> <p>B. Canada</p> <p>C. Australia</p> <p>D. New Zealand</p>
37	New Zealand fulfils, how much its electricity needs by hydro-electricity ?	<p>A. 50 percent</p> <p>B. 25percent</p> <p>C. 75percent</p> <p>D. 80percent</p>
38	Which country produces largest amount of electricity in the world ?	<p>A. China</p> <p>B. United States of America</p> <p>C. Japan</p> <p>D. Russian Federation</p>
39	China's rank in electricity production in the world is:	<p>A. First</p> <p>B. Fifth</p> <p>C. Second</p> <p>D. Tenth</p>
40	Which country ranks second in electricity generation in the world ?	<p>A. Russian Federation</p> <p>B. Japan</p> <p>C. United Kingdom</p> <p>D. U.S.A</p>
41	United States of America's installed electricity generation capacity is:	<p>A. 1,110 billion Kw</p> <p>B. 10,000billion Kw</p> <p>C. 5,000billion Kw</p> <p>D. 675.104billion Kw</p>