

## Principles of Economics Icom Part 1 English Medium Chapter 8 Online Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
OI .	Questions	
1	MPP stand is	A. Marginal price product     B. Marginal Physical Product     C. Marginal Physical Price     D. Marginal Perfect Price
2	Marginal productivity theory was presented by	A. Adam Smith and Malthus B. Marshall and J.B Clark C. Robbins and Keyness D. Pigou and Cannon
3	According to which theory every factor of production gets the reward of its services equal to its marginal product	A. Demand and supply theory B. Liquidity preference theory C. Marginal productivity theory D. Uncertainty theory
4	According to which economist, it is difficult to find marginal product	A. Robbins and Keynes B. Marshall and pigou C. Adam Smith and Mathuls D. Taussing and Davenport
5	According to which economist, some factors are indivisble	A. Adam Smith B. Marshall C. Davenport D. Hobson
6	Marginal revenue product curve is called	A. Demand curve of the firm B. Supply curve of the firm C. Demand curve of the industry D. Supply curve of industry
7	Which law is applicable on production process under marginal productivity theory	A. Law of increasing return     B. Law of constant return     C. Law of decreasing return     D. Law of decreasing cost
8	Cost of a firm on the optimum combination of factors of production is	A. Minimum B. Maximum C. Reasonable D. Positive
9	Amount of money attained by selling marginal product is called	A. Average revenue product     B. Marginal revenue product     C. Total revenue product     D. None of three
10	Demand for factors of production is	A. Direct B. Derived C. Positive D. Negative
11	Production of the last unit of a factor of production is called	A. Total product B. Average product C. Marginal product D. Positive product
12	Tendency of demand curve of a factor of production is	A. Positive B. Negative C. Zero D. Horizontal
13	According to which economist, it is difficult to find marginal product of a factor of production	A. Marshall and pigou B. Adam Smith and Malthus C. Keynes D. Taussing and Davenport
14	Marginal revenue product curve is called	A. Demand curve of firm  B. Supply curve of firm C. Demand curve of industry D. Supply curve of industry
15	Marginal revenue product is the amount of money attained by selling	A. Average product B. Marginal product C. Total product D. None of these

		A. Market period
16	At least one factor is fixed in:	B. Long period C. Short period D. All of three
17	All factors of production are variable in the:	A. Market period B. Long period C. Short period D. All of these
18	Firm's cost depends upon:	A. Revenue B. Supply C. Price D. Output
19	Fixed cost consists of:	A. Rent B. Salaries C. Interest D. All of them
20	If a firm does not produce anything then its variable cost is:	A. Minimum B. Negative C. Maximum D. Zero
21	With the increase of output, which cost of production increases:	A. VC B. AC C. FC D. MC
22	TC = TFC +:	A. MC B. AR C. TVC D. TAC
23	The rate change in total cost is:	A. TR B. MC C. MR D. TC
24	When AC is falling then:	A. MC = AC B. AVC = MC C. MC > AC D. MC < AC
25	When Ac is rising:	A. AC = MC B. MC > AC C. MC < AC D. Both (b) and (c)
26	MC cuts AC at:	A. Maximum point B. Minimum point C. Increasing point D. Decreasing point
27	In short average cost curve is:	A. Saucer shaped B. Negative slope C. U shaped D. Flatter
28	Long run average cost curve is:	A. Planning curve B. Envelope curve C. Flatter curve D. All of three
29	Under perfect competition average revenue is equal to:	A. Average cost B. Price C. Marginal revenue D. Both b and c
30	Next best alternative use of resources is known as:	A. Implicit cost B. Explicit cost C. Opportunity cost D. Sunk cost
31	Under monopoly the slopes of AR and MR are:	A. Zero B. Positive C. Negative D. None of three
32	AR curve is also called:	A. Supply curve B. Demand curve C. Utility curve D. Cost curve
33	Under perfect competition:	A. AR > MR B. AR < MR C. AR = MR

		D. All of three
4	Self owned resources are known as:	A. Implicit cost B. Explicit cost C. Opportunity cost D. Sunk cost
35	Wages of temporary labourers are:	A. Fixed cost B. Marginal cost C. Total cost D. Variable cost
86	Wages of permanent labourers are:	A. Fixed cost B. Marginal cost C. Total cost D. Variable cost