

Physics 10th Class English Medium Unit 1 Online Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Time period is reciprocal of:	A. Frequency B. Cycle C. Wavelength D. Amplitude
2	Diffraction of wave can be observed clearly only when the size of slit or obstacle is nearly to the wavelength of the wave:	A. Two times B. Equal C. Four times D. None of these
3	The wave properties	A. Reflection B. Refraction C. Diffraction D. All of these
4	In simple Harmonic motion, the acceleration of the body is proportional to the displacement.	A. Inversely B. Directly C. Equally D. None of these
5	To get a design on the computer screen by moving a pointer with the help of mouse is called:	A. word processing B. graphic designing C. data managing D. telecommunication
6	At extreme position potential energy of the pendulum is	A. Maximum B. Miimum C. a and b D. zero
7	In there is no extension in the spring then this positon is called	A. Equilibrium position B. Unequilibrium C. Nautral equilibrium D. Stable equilibrium
8	The oscillations of a system in the presence of force are called amp oscillations:	A. Resistive force B. Attractive force C. Both of these D. None of these
9	The time period of frequency and time period is equal to:	A. v B. 1 C. 0 D. λ
10	If the length of a simple pendulum is halved its time period will become:	A. T/2 B. T = T/√2 C. √2T D. 2T
11	If a wave moves in a slinky spring with frequency of 4Hz and wave length of 0.4m, the speed of the wave will be:	A. 1.0 ms-1 B. 1.2 ms-1 C. 1.4 ms-1 D. 1.6 ms-1
12	Mathematical formula of spring constant is:	A. F/x B. X/F C. F/t D. F/m
13	If the distance is nspring is 'x' of mass 'm' attached with a spring then restoring force is:	A. F =ma B. F =kx C. F = mx D. F= m/a
14	In a vacuum all electromagnetic waves have the same:	A. Speed <o:p> </o:p> B. frequency C. amplitude D. wavelength
		A. <p class="MsoNormal">Energy<o:p> </o:p></p

15	Waves transfer:	B. <pre>class="MsoNormal">Wavelength<o:p> </o:p> C. Velocity<o:p> </o:p> D. frequency</pre>
16	The waves in which particle of the medium vibrate parallel to the direction of waves are called	A. Longitudinal waves B. Transverse waves C. Electromagnetic waves D. both b and c
17	Wave equation is defined as:	A. $f = T\lambda$ B. $f = V\lambda$ C. $V = 2f\lambda$ D. $V = f\lambda$
18	waves whose speed is equal to speed of light are:	A. X-rays B. sound rays C. electromagnetic waves D. shock waves
19	If the mass of the bob of a pendulum is increased by a factor of 3, the period of the pendulum's motion will:	A. Be increased by a factor of 2<0:p> 8. Remain the same<0:p> C. Be decreased by a factor of 2<0:p> D. Be decreased by a factor of 2<0:p> D. Be decreased by factor of 4<0:p>
20	Which is not a hardware:	A. CPU <o:p> </o:p> B. Window <o:p> </o:p> C. Keyboard <o:p> </o:p> D. Mouse <o:p> </o:p> D. Mouse <o:p> </o:p> D. Mouse <o:p> </o:p>
21	The unit of frequency is:	A. Heartz B. Vibration per second C. Cycle per second D. all a, b, c
22	The way of doing business by using web is called:	A. Sources of entertainment <o:p></o:p> B. Web business <o:p></o:p> C. E-commerce <o:p></o:p> D. E-mail <o:p></o:p>
23	It mean position kinetic energy of the ball is:	A. Minimum B. Zero C. Maximum D. None of these
24	The time period of simple pendulum can be calculated by:	A. $T = 2\pi\sqrt{L/g}$ B. $T = 2\pi\sqrt{m/k}$ C. $T = 2\pi\sqrt{g/L}$ D. $T = 2\pi\sqrt{K/m}$
25	Program up gradation refers to:	A. Program enhancement B. Program identification C. Program development D. Program implementation
26	With broadband information can be loaded:	A. In 1 min<0:p> B. In 1 sec<0:p> C. In 1 day<0:p> D. In 1 day<0:p> D. In 2 days<0:p>
27	The product of frequency (f) and wavelength λ is equal to:	A. Time period B. Amplitude C. Wave speed D. Wave energy / frequency

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28	How many possible solutions are there for a prblem?	A. One B. Two C. Three D. Multiple
29	The part of waves at which particles of the medium are below the normal position are called:	A. Extreme positon B. Crest C. Trough D. None of these
30	Which of the following characteristics of a wave is independent of the others:	A. speed B. frequency C. amplitude D. wavelength
31	The distance between two consecutive troughs or crests is called:	A. wavelength B. Frequency C. Time period D. None of these
32	Which of the following devices can be used to produce both a transverse and longitudinal waves?	A. A string B. A ripple tank C. A helical spring D. A tuning fork
33	The displacement produced in the spring directly proportional to force is called:	A. Hook's law B. Boyle's law C. Newton's law D. both 'b' and 'c'
34	Thye Water waves obey the laws of	A. Reflection B. Refraction C. Diffraction D. All of these
35	A device which has two ways of communication is:	A. television B. radio C. hard disk D. mobile phone
36	During S.H.M acceleration of the body is maximum at:	A. Mean position B. Extreme positions C. Between mean & D. None of these
37	First voice signal was transmitted in the form of electrical signal in:	A. 1870 <o:p> </o:p> B. 1875 <o:p> </o:p> C. 1876 <o:p> </o:p> D. 1876 <o:p> </o:p> D. 1880 <o:p> </o:p>
38	The water waves after striking the hurdle will:	A. Reflect B. Refract C. Diffract D. All a , b, c
39	Formula for time period of spring mass system is represented by:	A. $T = 2\pi\sqrt{m/k}$ B. $T = 2\pi\sqrt{k/m}$ C. $T = 1/2\pi\sqrt{k/m}$ D. $T = 1/2\pi\sqrt{m/k}$
40	The speed of waves can be calculated by:	A. Vt B. d xt C. f \(\lambda \) D. Tf
41	A large ripple tank with a vibrator working at a frequency of 30 Hz produces 25 complete waves in a distance of 50 cm. The velocity of the wave is:	A. 53 cms ^{-1<0:p> B. 60 cms⁻¹ C. 750 cms⁻¹<o:p></o:p> D. 1500cms⁻¹<o:p> class="MsoNormal">1500cms⁻¹<o:p></o:p></o:p>}
42	One byte is equal to:	A. 7 bits <o:p> </o:p> B. 5 bits <o:p> </o:p> C. 8 bits <o:p> </o:p> D. 9 bits <o:p> </o:p>

43	BASIC is a:	A. High level language B. Low level language C. Assembly language D. Machine Language
44	The instrument used to study the properties of waves is called:	A. Ripple tank B. Stroboscope C. Pendulum D. None of these
45	The formula of time period of simple pendulum is:	A. $T = 2\pi \sqrt{L/g}$ B. $T = 2\pi (L/g)$ C. $T = 2\pi \sqrt{1/g}$ D. $T = 1/2\pi \sqrt{L/g}$
46	The number of wavelength of waves passing through a point in one secnd is called:	A. Time period B. Cycle C. Frequency D. None of these
47	The motion in which the friction reduces the mechanical energy of the system as times passes and the amplitude of motion reduces is called:	A. SHM B. Randum motion C. Damped motion D. None of these
48	The waves, which are used to detect the broken bones, are called:	A. Light waves B. x-rays C. Sound waves D. both b,c,
49	If the mass of a spring mass system is doubled, its time period becomes:	A. √2 T B. T/2 C. √T/2 D. T/√2
50	In CD presence of pits is indicated by:	A. 0 B. 2 C. 3 D. 1
51	Shock absorbers in automobiles are one practical application of:	A. SHM B. Random motion C. Damped motion D. None of these
52	When a body moves to and fro about a point its motion is called:	A. Random motion B. Linear motion C. Vibratory motion D. Rotatory motion
53	The ratio of external force applied on the spring to displacement is called:	A. Hook's law B. Constant C. Spring constant
54	Which of the following is an example of simple harmonic motion:	A. Motion of a simple pendulum <o:p></o:p> B. The motion of ceiling fan <o:p></o:p> C. The spinning of the earth on its axis <o:p></o:p> D. A bouncing ball on a floor <o:p></o:p>
55	Which of the following is an example of simple harmonic motion ?	A. Motion of the simple pendulum B. The motion of ceiling fan C. The spining of the Earth on its axis D. A bouncing ball on a floor
56	Which of the following devices can be used to produce both a transverse and longitudinal waves:	A. A string<0:p> B. A ripple tank<0:p> C. A helical spring (slinky)<0:p> D. A tuning fork<0:p>
57	The vacuum all electromagnetic wave have the same	A. speed B. frequency C. amplitude D. wavelength
58	The S.I unit of Spring constant is:	A. Nm B. N C. Nm-1 D. Ns
		A T = 2==/L/a

59	The time period of mass attached with a spring can be calculated by:	B. $T = 1/T$ C. $T = 2\pi \sqrt{g/L}$ D. $T = 2\pi \sqrt{m/k}$
60	If the mass of the bob of a pendulum is increased by a factor of 3. The period of the pendulum's motion will:	A. Be increased by a factor 2 B. Remain the same C. Be decreased by a factor of 2 D. Be decresaed by a facro of 4
61	Typographical errors in BASIC statements are:	A. Runtime errors B. Logical Errors C. Syntax errors D. Execution errros
62	The waves in which particles of the medium vibrate perpendicular to the directions waves are:	A. Electromagnetic waves B. Sound waves C. bothe a and b D. Transverse waves
63	Which rays are used to send or receive digital information along aptical fibre:	A. infrared B. alpha rays C. beta rays D. mechanical
64	The maximum displacement from mean position is called:	A. Maximum height B. Time period C. Amplitude D. Intervel
65	The time required to complete one round trip (vibration) abut mena position is called:	A. Time period B. Freqency C. Amplitude D. None of these
66	Which of the following characteristic of a wave is independent of the others .	A. speed B. frequency C. amplitude D. wavelength
67	The disturbance travelling in a medium is called:	A. Wave motion B. Simple harmonic motion C. Motion D. both a ,b
68	Which of the following tasks are performed by most of the algorithms?	A. Input B. Out put C. Processing D. All of these
69	Which of the following is a method of energy transfer.	A. Conduction B. Reatiation C. wave motion D. all of these
70	It mass of bob o a simple pendulum is doubled, its time period.	A. is doubled B. become four times C. remains same D. none of the above
71	At mean position of pendulum, the potential energy of the pendulum is:	A. Maximum B. Minimum C. Much more D. Both a and c
72	Wave transfer	A. Energy B. Frequency C. Wavelength D. Velocity
73	The relation between v,f andλ of a wave is:	A. $vf=\lambda$ B. $f\lambda = v$ C. $v\lambda = f$ D. $v=\lambda/f$
74	The energy is transferred from one place to another:	A. Through matter B. Thouth waves C. both a and b D. None of these
75	The force applied on the mass attached with a spring is represented by:	A. F _a B. F _c C. F _{ext} D. F _s
76	The unit of spring constnat is:	A. m B. kg C. Nm ² D. Nm ⁻¹

Floppy has a storage capacity	A. 4-5 MB B. 3-4 MB C. 1-3 MB D. 3-6 MB
A large ripple tank with a vibrator working at a frequency of 30 Hz produces 25 complete wae in distance of 50 cm. The velocity of the wave is:	A. 54 cms ⁻¹ B. 60 cms ⁻¹ C. 750 cms ⁻¹ D. 1500 cms ⁻¹
The value of acceleration in simple harmonic motion at mean position is	A. Maximum B. Zero C. 10 N D. Both a , b
Which of the following is a method of energy transfer:	A. <pre>A. <pcclass="msonormal">Conduction<o:p <="" o:p=""> B. <pcclass="msonormal">Radiation<o:p></o:p> C. <pclass="msonormal">Wave motion<o:p></o:p> D. <pclass="msonormal">All of these<o:p></o:p></pclass="msonormal"></pclass="msonormal"></pcclass="msonormal"></o:p></pcclass="msonormal"></pre>
The waves in which particles of the medium vibrate perpendicular to the direction of propagation of waves are called:	A. Transverse waves B. Longitudinal waves C. Electromagnetic waves D. None of these
	A large ripple tank with a vibrator working at a frequency of 30 Hz produces 25 complete wae in distance of 50 cm. The velocity of the wave is: The value of acceleration in simple harmonic motion at mean position is Which of the following is a method of energy transfer: The waves in which particles of the medium vibrate perpendicular to the direction of