

## Pak Studies English Medium 10th Class Chapter 5 Online Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Holding office of Prime Minister during the period 1985-88?	A. Shaukat Aziz B. Muhammad Khan Junejo C. Mian Nawaz Sharif D. Mir Zaffarullah jamali
2	Pakistan conducted nuclear test.	A. 1996 B. 1998 C. 1997 D. 1999
3	World trade center incident (9/11) happened.	A. In 2001 B. in 2003 C. In 2005 D. In 2007
4	Elected as president of Pakistan in 1988.	A. Chaudhry Fazal illahi B. Muhammad Rafique Tarar C. Ghulam Ishaq khan D. Sardar Farooq Ahmed Khan Laghari
5	The amendment in the constitution 1973 made floor crossing unlawful.	A. Eight B. Thirteen C. Fourteen D. Eighteen
6	After separation of East Pakistan when did yahya khan handed over teh power to the leader of Pakistan people party Zulfiqar Ali Bhutto.	A. 20 Dec 1971 B. 21 Dec 1971 C. 22 Dec 1971 D. 23 Dec 1971
7	On 20th December 1971 took the oath of President of Pakistan and Chief Martial Law Administrator.	A. Muhammad Khan Junejo B. Zulfiqar Ali Bhutto C. Beaazir Bhutto D. Muhammad Nawaz Sharif
8	Who was the first civilian Chief Martial Law Administrator.	A. Genereal Zial ul Haq B. Ch. Muhammad Ali C. Zulfiqar Ali Bhutto D. Mumtaz Bhutto
9	When were the life insurance companies nationalized during Bhtto government.	A. 19 March 1973 B. 19 March 1974 C. 19 March 1971 D. 19 March 1972
10	Pakistan Scheduled Banks were nationalized on.	A. 1st January 1974 B. 1st Aprial 1970 C. 1st May 1973 D. 1st January 1976
11	Martial law was lifted from the country.	A. 21 April 1972 B. 22 April 1972 C. 23 April 1972 D. 24 April 1972
12	Zulfiqr Ali Bhutto rein the government under interim constitution.	A. 1970 B. 1971 C. 1972 D. 1973
13	Supreme Court of Pakistan order to work on the construction of Diamir Bhasha and Mehmand dams under the supervision of chairman WAPDA. committee was consituted.	A. 4 July 2017 B. 5 July 2018 C. 6 July 2019 D. 7 July 2020
14	Zulfiqar Ali Butto introduced industrial reforms.	A. 1972 B. 1974 C. 1975 D. 1976
15	According to Zulfiqar Ali Bhutto's agricultural reform, the limit of land ownership, irrigated by canals was fixed upto.	A. 205 Acres B. 300 Acres C. 150 Acres

		D. 500 Acres
16	Allama Iqbal University was set up.	A. 1972 B. 1973 C. 1974 D. 1975
17	Zulfiqar Ali Bhutto introduced agricultural reforms.	A. First March 1972 B. Second March 1972 C. Third March 1972 D. Fourth march 1972
18	When did Zulfiqar Ali Bhutto nationalize most of the private educational institutions.	A. 1971 B. 1972 C. 1973 D. 1974
19	Zulfiqar Ali Bhutto visited Afghanistan , China and Russia.	A. 1971 B. 1972 C. 1973 D. 1974
20	During whose government Allama Iqbal open univesity was set uup.	A. Zulfifar Ali Bhutto B. Muhamamd Khan Junejo C. Mian Nawaz Sharif D. Banazir Bhutto
21	to execute delimitation of four provicnes and also FATA was declared part of Pakistan.	A. 1 amendment B. 2 amendment C. 3 amendment D. 4 amendment
22	The simla pact was held between Pakistan and India in.	A. 1971 B. 1972 C. 1967 D. 1965
23	In which country was the Second Islamic Heads conference held in 1974.	A. Morocco B. Iran C. Saudi Arabia D. Pakistan
24	When did Benazir Bhutto took oath as first Woman Prime Minister of teh Islamic World.	A. 2 Dec 1988 B. 3 Dec 1988 C. 4 Dec 1988 D. 5 Dec 1988
25	In General electrions Pakistan People Party got majority.	A. 1991 B. 1992 C. 1993 D. 1994
26	All the 9 opposition parties united to make an Alliance.	A. Pakistan National Alliance B. Pakistan Public Alliance C. Pakistan Muslim Alliance D. Pakistan People's Alliance
27	Pakistan National Alliance was headed by.	A. Maulana Muhammad Ali Johar B. Maulana Shaukat Ali C. Maulana Mufti Mahmood D. Maulana Abdul Hamid Baduni
28	When were the non -party elections held in the Era of Zia - ul- Haq	A. 1970 B. 1971 C. 1985 D. 1977
29	Muhammad Khan Junejo became the Prime Minister of the country in.	A. 1988 B. 1987 C. 1985 D. 1986
30	President Zia ul Haq dismissed the Junejo government under 58- 2b in.	A. 1986 B. 1987 C. 1988 D. 1989
31	In 1985 an amendment was made in 1973 constitution of Pakistan.	A. 4 amendment B. 5 amendment C. 7 amendment D. 8 amendment
32	Russia accepted defeat and with drew its forces from Afghanistan as Promised in.	A. 1986 B. 1987 C. 1988 D. 1989
		A. July 1988 R Mav 1987

D. 500 Acres

33	Geneva accord was agreed upon between American and Russia in.	C. Apri 1988 D. September 1986
34	How many Afghan Refugees came to Pakistan.	A. 10 Lac B. 20 Lac C. 30 Lac D. 40 Lac
35	Pakistan got separated from common wealth in.	A. 1971 B. 1972 C. 1973 D. 1974
36	Pakistan rejoined " commonwealth" in	A. 1960 B. 1989 C. 1970 D. 1979
37	Bait -ul-Maal was set up in Pakistan in.	A. 1990 B. 1991 C. 1992 D. 1997
38	Nawaz Government constituted privatization commission in	A. 1991 B. 1995 C. 1996 D. 1997
39	Nawz Sharif was elected as the Prime Minister for the second timein.	A. 1989 B. 1997 C. 1999 D. 2009
40	The act of changing loyality from a party is said.	A. Partying B. Floor crossing C. Fellowship D. Flooring
41	Overseas Pakistanis got the right to cast vote in Pakistan in.	A. 1997 B. 1998 C. 19999 D. 2001
42	Indian Prime Minister Atal Bihari Vajpayee visited Pakistan in.	A. 1989 B. 1999 C. 2001 D. 2003
43	Which communique was signed by Nawas Sharif and Vajpayee.	<ul><li>A. Tashkent Declaration</li><li>B. Simla Declaration</li><li>C. Lahore Declaration</li><li>D. Brussets declaration</li></ul>
44	Pakistan is Atomic Power of the world	A. 4th B. 5th C. 6th D. 7th
45	Who tried to introduce the concept of enlightenment.	A. General Waheed B. General Raheel Sharif C. General Aslam Baig D. General Pervez Musharaf
46	Who was the first lady Governor of the State Bank of Pakistan.	A. Fatima Jinnah B. Khalida Zia C. Dr. Shamshad Akhatar D. Begum Musharaf
47	Zakat is deducted from the Muslim account holders every year on first Ramadan at the percentage of.	A. 2.2 % B. 2.3 % C. 2.4 % D. 2.5 %
48	In parliamentary system head of the State is.	A. Prime Minister B. President C. Governor D. Chief Minister
49	According to 1973 constitution the parliament will consist of.	A. One house B. Two houses C. Three Houses D. Four Houses
50	Zulfiqar Ali Bhutto announced educational policy.	A. 1971 B. 1972 C. 1973 D. 1974
		A 00 1 1

51	Through which amendment FATA become part of Khyber Pakhtunkwa.	A. 22 amendment B. 23 amendment C. 24 amendment D. 25 amendment
52	Who became the president of Pakistan in 1997.	A. Rafiq Tarar B. Ghula Ishaq khan C. Farooq Ahmed Khan Leghari D. Aftab shaban
53	When did first tiem Benazir Bhutto was elected as prime minister.	A. Decemebr 1988 B. August 1990 C. October 1988 D. October 1990
54	Who was the first women Prime Minister of the Islamic World.	A. Fatima Jinnah B. Benazir Bhutto C. Fahmida Mirza D. Khalida Zia
55	When did Nawz government annoucne an Agricultural policy during his fist tenure.	A. 1990 B. 1991 C. 1992 D. 1993
56	Indian Prime Minister participated in the fourth SAARC conference.	A. Indra Gandhi B. Rajiv Gandhi C. atal Bihari Vajpayee D. Mann Mohan Singh
57	Who did first Government of Benazir Bhutto dismiss.	A. Ghulam Ishaq Khan B. Rafiq Tarar C. Farooq Ahmed Khan Laghari D. Aftab Shaban
58	When was second time Benazir Bhutto was elected as Prime Minister.	A. December 1988 B. October 1993 C. August 1990 D. Noverber 1996
59	Who dismiss the second gover of Banazir Bhutto.	A. Ghulam Ishaq Khan B. Rafiq Tarar C. Aftab shaban D. Farooq Ahmed Laghari
60	Nawaz Shrif took oath as the rime minister for the first time in.	A. 1990 B. 1992 C. 1993 D. 1996
61	Pakistan become atomic poer of Islamic world.	A. 5th B. 6th C. 1st D. 4th
62	In 1993 the governemnt of Banazir Bhutto started five year plan.	A. Fifth B. Sixth C. Seventh D. Eight
63	Mian Nawaz Sharif himself inaugurted the motorway at its completion ceremony in.	A. 1998 B. 1996 C. 1994 D. 1995
64	In the history of Pakistan enjoyed longest term as prime minister.	A. Mir Zafar Ullah Jamali B. Aftab Shaban C. Farooq Ahmed Khan Laghari D. Yousaf Raza Gillani
65	What was the pospulation of the country inthe census of 1998.	A. 9 crores B. 11 crores C. 13 crores D. 15 crores
66	When Prime Mininster ended 58 -2-B through 'Thirteen' amendment.	A. Zulifiqar Ali Bhutto B. Banazir Bhutto C. Nawaz Sharif D. Muhamamd Khan Junejo
67	when did General Pervez Musharraf took ove rthe control of country.	A. 1999 B. 1979 C. 1989 D. 1969
68	In which eelction was graduation made conditional for the candidate.	A. 1977 B. 1985 C. 1988 D. 2002

69	Syed Yousaf Raza Gilani became the Prime Minister of Pakistan. in.	A. 2003 B. 2004 C. 2013 D. 2018
70	Nawaz Sharif became Third the Prime Minister of Pakistan. in.	A. 2003 B. 2008 C. 2013 D. 2018
71	For the first time women were appointed as fighter pilots in Air force in traffic wardns in the Era of.	A. Pervez Musharraf B. Banazir Bhutto C. Nawas Sharif D. Asif Zardari
72	How much increase in G.D.P was recorded in General Pervez Musharraf government.	A. 12% B. 13% C. 15% D. 18%
73	Who became the president of Pakistan 2001.	A. Ghulam Ishaq Khan B. Rafiq Tarar C. Pervez Musharraf D. Farooq Khan Laghari
74	When did General Zial ul Haq declare Martial Law in the country.	A. 5 July 1977 B. 7 July, 1977 C. 15 July 1977 D. 25 July 1977
75	According to 1973 constitution President Election is made by.	A. provincial Assemblies     B. National and Provincial assemblies     C. Senate and Provincial assembly     D. Electral college
76	When was the objectives resolution made a regular part of 1973 constitution.	A. 1970 B. 1975 C. 1980 D. 1985
77	Under which article president has the power to dissolved natinal assembly.	A. 56-2B B. 56-3B C. 58-2B D. 58-3B
78	WAPDA hander over to Army	A. 1993 B. 1994 C. 1997 D. 1999
79	The person from Baluchistan who beame prime minister of Pakistan after the general election of 2002.	A. Ghulam Ishaq Khan B. Rafiq tarar C. Mir Zaffar ulah khan jamali D. Pervez Musharraf
80	teh organization of common wealth came into existence.	A. 1923 B. 1924 C. 1925 D. 1926
81	United Nations came into being on.	A. October 24, 1944 B. April 14, 1945 C. October 24, 1945 D. November 24, 1946
82	Islamic Conference organization was founded in 1969 in city.	A. Tehran B. Lahore C. Jeddah D. Rabat
83	People's republic of China came into being on.	A. 1947 B. 1949 C. 1951 D. 1953
84	Pakistan got membership which organization on Sep 30, 1947	A. OIC B. ECO C. UNO D. SAARC
85	First Country to recognize Pakistan was.	A. America B. Afghanistan C. China D. Iran
86	Pakistan is situated to the south of whihc continent.	A. Africa B. Austrialia

		C. ASIA D. Europe
87	The set of fundamental principles and objectives which a country has to follow to establish relations with other countries is called.	A. Foreign policy B. Reformer policy C. Internal pooicy D. Welfare policy
88	The biggest issue between Pakistan and India is.	A. River Water issue B. Kashmir issue C. Border issue D. Afghanistan issue
89	Indus water treaty between india and Pakistan was signed in.	A. 1960 B. 1970 C. 1940 D. 1950
90	After which was, Simla Pact was done betwene Pakistan and India.	A. 1946 B. 1965 C. 1971 D. 1998
91	The length of common border between Pakistan and India.	A. 2163 km B. 2164 km C. 2165 km D. 2166 km
92	Pakistan supported for the permanent membership of Security councell.	A. Britain B. Russia C. China D. France
93	In January 2004, in whihc city of Pakistan, SAARC Conference was held	A. Karachi B. Islamabad C. Lahore D. Rawalpindi
94	the defence Pact between Pakistan , Iran, Turkey and Britain is called.	A. Baghdad Pact  B. Istanbul pact C. Tashkent pact D. Geneva Accord
95	when did Revolution come in Iraq.	A. 1950 B. 1958 C. 1979 D. 1982
96	When Iraq was out of the Baghdad pact.	A. 1950 B. 1958 C. 1979 D. 1982
97	After withdrawal of Iraq, Baghdad Pact was said.	A. CENTO B. RCD C. ECO D. OIC
98	Total memebrs of E.C.O. are.	A. Four B. Three C. Seven D. Ten
99	Durand Line was demarcated in.	A. 1881 B. 1883 C. 1893 D. 1897
100	The length of Durand Line between Pakistan and Afghanistan is.	A. 2610 km B. 2611 km C. 2612 km D. 2613 km
101	The length of common border between Pakistan and China is.	A. 598 km B. 599 km C. 597 km D. 596 km
102	At the time of creation of Pakistan the Dogra Raja of Kashmir was.	A. Hari Singh B. Gulab singh C. Partab singh D. Ranbeer singh
103	Kashmir issue was presented in the United Nations is.	A. 1947 B. 1948 C. 1949 D. 1950
		A. 1967

104	The targed of Aqsa Mosque fire took place in.	в. 1989 С. 1966 D. 1932
105	The organization of the Islamic Countries is.	A. UNO B. NAM C. ALO D. OIC
106	The formation of OIC wassuggested in.	A. Makkah B. Madina C. Rabat D. Riyadh
107	The head quarter of O.I.C. IS IN.	A. Riyadh B. Jaddah C. Madina D. Damam
108	Who got built the Faisal Mosque and internationa Islamic Unviersity Islamabad.	A. Shah Faisal B. Qaddafi C. King of Iran D. Husni Mubarak
109	The second Islamic Summmit conference was held in Pakistan in.	A. 1979 B. 1970 C. 1974 D. 1969
110	Regional cooperation for Develoment was established in.	A. 1966 B. 1964 C. 1974 D. 1980
111	E.C.O. was established in.	A. 1987 B. 1988 C. 1999 D. 1985
112	Central Asian States separted from Union of Soviet Sociallist Republic in.	A. 1991 B. 1994 C. 1932 D. 1960
113	The length of common border between Pakistan and Iran is.	A. 907 km B. 909 km C. 906 km D. 908 km
114	SAARC was established in.	A. 1960 B. 1990 C. 1945 D. 1985
115	How many countries are there in SAARC.	A. 5 B. 6 C. 7 D. 8
116	When was the first meeting of heads of SAARC held.	A. 1985 B. 1986 C. 1987 D. 1988
117	Where was the first meeting of heads of SAARC held.	A. Bangladesh B. Pakistan C. Nepal D. India
118	When was the seventh meeting of heads of SAARC held.	A. 1985 B. 1993 C. 2005 D. 2008
119	According to the agreement signed in 1993, how many tractors were to be supplied to Bangladesh by Pakistan.	A. 200 B. 300 C. 400 D. 500
120	When was the thirteenth meeting of heads of SAARC held.	A. Nepal B. India C. Pakistan D. Bangladesh
121	Which lady was elected as a Chairperson for the next year in SAARC conference of 2005.	A. Benazir Bhutto B. Indra Ghandi C. Haseena Wajid D. Khalida Zia

122	The capital of sri lanka .	A. Male B. Kathmindu C. Colombus D. Thimpu
123	When was the sixth meeting of heads of SAARC Held.	A. 1985 B. 1991 C. 1993 D. 1998
124	Where was the sixth meetingof heads of SAARC held.	A. Pakistan B. Bangladesh C. Maldives D. Sri Lanka
125	CENTO treaty was signed.	A. 1954 B. 1955 C. 1956 D. 1957
126	Dzongkha is the official language of.	A. Bangladesh B. Sri Lanka C. Maldives D. Bhutan
127	The capital of Nepal.	A. Male B. Khathmando C. Colombo D. Dhaka
128	When was the third meeting of heads of SAARC held.	A. 1985 B. 1987 C. 1990 D. 2002
129	Where was thethird meeting of heads of SAARC Held.	A. Pakistan B. Maldives C. Nepal D. Bhutan
130	Where was the Eleventh meeting of heads of SAARC Held.	A. Pakistan B. Maldives C. Nepal D. Bhutan
131	When was the eleventh meeting of heads of SAARC held.	A. 1985 B. 1987 C. 1990 D. 2002
132	The republic of maldives consisting of about islands with human populations.	A. 200 B. 300 C. 400 D. 500
133	The capital of maldives is.	A. Agra B. Thimpu C. Male D. Colombo
134	When was the fifth meeting of heads of SAARC held.	A. 1985 B. 1987 C. 1990 D. 2002
135	Where was the fifth meeting of heads of SAARC held.	A. Pakistan B. Maldives C. Nepal D. Bhutan
136	The Capital of Bhutan	A. Thimphu B. Islamabad C. Male D. Dhaka
137	Teh official language of Bhutan is	A. Urdu B. sanskrit C. Dzongkha D. Persian
138	On which American President's invitation, Liaqat Ali Khan visited America.	A. Reagan B. Bill Clinton C. Truman D. Kennedy
139	When did first Prime Minister of Pakistan Liaquat Ali Khan visited America.	A. 1956 B. 1958 C. 1950 D. 1955

140	Which Pakistani politician announced that Pakistan had withdrawn from CENTO and SEATO treaties.	A. Ayub Khan B. Zia ul Haq C. Zulfiqar Ali Bhutto D. Pervez Musharraf
141	In 1989, Pakistan rejoined common wealth durint hr period of whihc Prime Minister.	A. Muhammad Khan Junejo B. Zulfiqar Ali Bhutto C. Nawaz Sharif D. Banazir Bhutto
142	Teh country that is called " land of the Rising Sun"	A. Nepal B. India C. Malaysia D. Japan
143	Capital of Japan is.	A. Moscow B. Male C. Tokyo D. Dhaka
144	United Nations Organization was establshed in.	A. 1946 B. 1948 C. 1945 D. 1956
145	the permanent memebrs of Security Council are.	A. 4 B. 5 C. 6 D. 7
146	When did first war broke out between Pakistan and India.	A. 1946 B. 1948 C. 1956 D. 1945
147	In 1947,the first country to recognize Pakistan is.	A. Nepal B. Bangladesh C. Iran D. Japan
148	After establishment of Pakistan Afghanistan accepted Pakistan.	A. 1946 B. 1948 C. 1945 D. 1956
149	Security council passed a resolution in which appeal for ceasefire in Kashmir.	A. 1946 B. 1948 C. 1949 D. 1945
150	When did United Nation sent a representative to India and Pakistan to review the Kashmir issue.	A. 1946 B. 1948 C. 1956 D. 1957
151	When did on the land of Palestine , a state of Israel was established.	A. 1946 B. 1948 C. 1945 D. 1949
152	Pakistan and Nepal have agreed to set up a joint economic commission.	A. 1983 B. 1984 C. 1985 D. 1986
153	The South Asian Association for Regional Cooperation SAARC has made Afghanistan its memebr.	A. 2006 B. 2007 C. 2008 D. 2009
154	Pakistan with the alliance of America signed a SEATO treaty.	A. 1953 B. 1954 C. 1955 D. 1956
155	Pakistan also become an alliance with American in CENTO treaty.	A. 1953 B. 1954 C. 1955 D. 1956
156	Russian Deputy Prime Minister visitted Pakistan.	A. 1953 B. 1954 C. 1955 D. 1956
157	Prime Minister of Pakistan and Japan visited to each other country.	A. 1974 B. 1975

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158	From the diplomatic realtions are established between Pakistan and Japan.	A. 1952 B. 1953 C. 1954 D. 1955
159	The relation between Pakistan and European Union were established in.	A. 1968 B. 1986 C. 1976 D. 1956
160	The agreement of Durand Line was done between Sir Durand and Afghanistan King.	A. Ameer Abdur Rehman B. Ameer Abdullah C. Ameer Abdul Kareem D. Ameer Saifullah
161	Head Islam has been constructed on.	A. On the Indus River B. On the River Chenab C. On the River Ravi D. On the River Sutlej
162	Karachi Port was founded in.	A. In 1832 B. In 1842 C. In 1852 D. In 1862
163	To speed up economic growth whihc plan was started in 1960/	A. 2nd five year plan B. 3rd five year plan C. 4th five year plan D. 5th five year plan
164	Vast Salt Deposits ae found in.	A. In Karan B. In Saindak C. In Kohistan Namak D. Langrial
165	Which of these is efficient and modern method of watering.	A. Irrigation from conventioneal channels B. Irrigationfrom lined up channels C. Sowing Crop on ridges D. Irrigation from sprinkler and Drip
166	Into how many groups minerals are divided.	A. 2 B. 3 C. 4 D. 5
167	Duration of 2nd Five year development plan is.	A. 1955-60 B. 1960 - 65 C. 1965- 70 D. 1970 - 75
168	Which corporation was established for oil exploriation.	A. Industrial Develoopment Corporation. B. Industrial Financial Corporation C. Minerals Development Corporation D. Oil andGas Development corporation
169	In Pakistan Natural Gas was discovered in.	A. 1952 B. 1956 C. 1958 D. 1960
170	In 1952, which place natural gas was discovered in Pakistan.	A. UCH B. Sui C. Khair pur D. Chaghi
171	The production of Iran ore started in Pakistan .	A. 1953 B. 1955 C. 1957 D. 1959
172	How many types of canals are in Pakistan.	A. 2 B. 3 C. 4 D. 5
173	The canal supply water through hout the year.	A. Seasonal B. Perennial C. Link Canals D. Flood Canals
		A. Link Canals B. Perennial Canals

1/4	Upper Chenab, Lower Chenab, Upper Jhelum, Lower Jehlum and lower BarıDoab are.	C. Flood canals D. Seasonal Canals
175	The canals flow only during Monsoon or summer seasons.	A. Perennial Canals B. Seasonal Canals C. Flood Canals D. Link Canals
176	Baloki Sulaimanki Link Canal number 1,2 and Lower Bari Doab, are the important canals of.	A. River Ravi B. River Chenab C. River Indus D. River Sutlej
177	Jinnah Barage is located on the River.	A. Jhelum B. Ravi C. Sindh D. Chenab
178	How many canals emerging from Sukkur Barrage irrigate areas of Sindh.	A. 5 B. 7 C. 9 D. 11
179	Number of Canals emerging from Gaddoo Barrage.	A. 2 B. 4 C. 5 D. 7
180	Number of canals emerging from Kotri Barrage.	A. 4 B. 5 C. 3 D. 2
181	Under theindus -Water Treaty three western rivers were given to.	A. Pakistan B. Afghanistan C. India D. China
182	Under the Indus -Water treaty, three estern rivers were given to.	A. Afghanistan B. Pakistan C. India D. China
183	Under Indus water treaty, the deficiency of water from estern river is made up from the western rivers through.	A. Seasonal streams B. Perennial Canals C. Link Canals D. Non perennial canals
184	Terbela Dam has been built on the river.	A. Indus B. Jehlum C. Kabul D. Ravi
185	Mangla Dam has been built on the river.	A. Indus B. Jehlum C. Kabul D. Ravi
186	Lazer Land levelling technology is a way of cultivation in Pakistan.	A. Modern B. Old C. Traditional D. Common
187	Teh modern and economical methods of Drip and Sprinkles are used in.	A. Mineral search     B. Irrigation     C. Harvesting     D. Research
188	Share of Cottage industry in the export is.	A. 30% B. 40% C. 35% D. 45%
189	Electricity is a major source of.	A. Development B. Trade C. Energy D. Economy
190	The Electricity produce gas , oil nad coal is called.	A. Hydro Electricity B. Thermal Electricity C. Solar Electricity D. Nuclear Electricity
191	Besides domestic use, it is used in urea, rayon plastic and many other industries as raw material.	A. Natural Gas B. Hydro Electricity C. Thermal Electricity D. Solar energy
		Λ 220/

A 33%

192	According to the facts and figures of 2019 -20 , the share of petroleum in electricity productions is.	B. 34% C. 35% D. 40%
193	The largest coal reserves in Pakistan are found in the area of Sindh.	A. Sarang B. Jhimpir C. Lakhra D. Thar
194	Duraton of 3rd Five Year Development plan is	A. 1955-60 B. 1960-65 C. 1965-70 D. 1970-75
195	Duraton of 4th Five Year Development plan is.	A. 1955-60 B. 1960-65 C. 1965-70 D. 1970-75
196	Duraton of 5th Five Year Development plan is.	A. 1978-83 B. 1985-90 C. 1990-95 D. 1970-75
197	Duraton of 6th Five Year Development plan is.	A. 1978-83 B. 1983-88 C. 1990-95 D. 1970-75
198	Duraton of 8th Five Year Development plan is.	A. 1978-83 B. 1983-88 C. 1993-98 D. 1970-75
199	The oldest sea-port in Pakistan is	A. Pasni B. Bin Qasim C. Gwadar D. Karachi
200	Gwader sea-poart has been built with the help of.	A. America B. Russia C. France D. China
201	The first dry port of Pakistan was constructed in.	A. 1973 B. 1974 C. 1985 D. 1986
202	Pakistan currently has a work force of about people.	A. 65.5 million B. 65.6 million C. 65.7 million D. 65.8million
203	Paksitan has approximaetly of coal reserves.	A. 183 billion B. 184 billion C. 185 billion D. 186 billion
204	Narlay about work force is engaged in agriculture.	A. 40% B. 45% C. 30% D. 35%
205	About of our rural population is directly or indirectly involved int he agricultural sector.	A. 35% B. 40% C. 55% D. 60%
206	About of our rural population is directly or indirectly involved int he agricultural sector.	A. 35% B. 40% C. 55% D. 60%
207	About of our rural population is directly or indirectly involved int he agricultural sector.	A. 35% B. 40% C. 55% D. 60%
208	The share of agriculture sector in the GDP is.	A. 18% B. 19% C. 20% D. 25%
209	Agricultural and its products contribute in the country's export.	A. 35% B. 60% C. 40% D. 45%

210	At persent, the country has about of cultivable land.	A. 6 billion hectares B. 7 billion hectares C. 8 billion hectares D. 9 billon hectares
211	In 90% of Pakistan, the average annual rainfall is less tha.	A. 200 mm B. 250 mm C. 300mm D. 350 mm
212	About of agriculturla land contains rain fed cultivation.	A. 3 million hectares B. 4 million hectares C. 5 million hectares D. 9 million hectares
213	The Ghazi Brotha hydro power project has a generating capacity of.	A. 1450 MW B. 1451 MW C. 1452 WM D. 1453 WM
214	Khanpur dam about away from Islamabad.	A. 40 km B. 45 km C. 50 km D. 55 km
215	Hub Dam is about from Karachi and situated in the Sindh and Baluchistan provicnes border.	A. 53 km B. 54 km C. 55 km D. 56 km
216	District of kech of Baluchistan in Turbate Mirani Dam far away situted toward that west.	A. 43 km B. 45 km C. 50 km D. 55 km
217	In 2019-20 the area under cultivatin was around.	A. 3 million hectores B. 4 million hectares C. 5 million hectares D. 6 million hectares
218	In 2019-20 cotton was cultivated on of land in Pakistan.	A. 2227000 hectares B. 2327000 hectares C. 2427000 hectares D. 2527000 hectares
219	In Pakistan sugarcane approximately cultivated of land.	A. One millin hectares B. Two millin hectares C. Three millin hectares D. Four millin hectares
220	The average annual production of maize in Pakistan is.	A. 3 milion tons B. 4 milion tons C. 6 milion tons D. 8 milion tons
221	In 2019-20 Pakistan prouced about fish.	A. 4 lac ton B. 5 lac ton C. 6 lac ton D. 7 lac ton
222	The average daily production of natural gas in Pakistan is.	A. 4 billion cubic feet B. 5 billion cubic feet C. 6 billion cubic feet D. 7 billion cubic feet
223	To search oil and gas in Pakistan, oil nad gas company limited was set up in.	A. 1973 B. 1961 C. 1984 D. 1986
224	Mineral oil was discovered in.	A. 1973 B. 1968 C. 1984 D. 1986
225	About of the world's energy needs are currently met by coal.	A. 20% B. 26% C. 23% D. 25%
226	Famous poet of Pashto is.	A. Hazrat Khawaja Ghulam Farid B. Ghulam Ahmad Mahjoor C. Khushaal khan Khattak D. Baba Bulhe shah
227	Serve as teh judge of Supreme Court.	A. Peter Christe B. Dr. Routh Pfau

		С. vviiiiam D наrvey D. Badi uz Zaman kakaous
228	The fact and figures of observing population is called.	A. Migration B. Mutation C. Census D. Consolidation
229	The Islamic events is celebrated on 12 Rabi ul Awa.	A. Meraj un Nabi B. Jashn -e-mila -un -Nabi C. Eid ul fitr D. Shab e Barat
230	The number s of Pakistani toured in Pakistan in 2019 was.	A. About 40 million B. About 50 million C. About 60 million D. About 70 million
231	According to the census of 2017 , Pakitan 's population was.	A. 204 million B. 205 million C. 206 millon D. 207 million
232	The total populationof Pakistan according to Economic Survey of Paksitan 2019-20 is.	A. 214 million B. 231 millon C. 211 millon D. 212 millon
233	The annual rate of increase in Pakistan population is.	A. 1.92% B. 1.92% C. 1.93% D. 1.94%
234	According to the facts and figures of 2019-20 Pakistan ' Urban Population is.	A. 76 million B. 77 million C. 78 million D. 79 million
235	When was the first census conducted in subcontinent.	A. 1851 B. 1861 C. 1871 D. 1881
236	Density of populatin per square kilometer in Pakistan according to the census 2017	A. 260 Persons per square kilometer B. 261 Persons per square kilometer C. 262 Persons per square kilometer D. 263 Persons per square kilometer
237	Average people per square kilometer live in Punjab.	A. 299 B. 300 C. 535 D. 500
238	People per square kilometer live in Baluchistan.	A. 26 B. 35 C. 30 D. 32
239	People per square kilometer live in Sindh.	A. 321 B. 320 C. 319 D. 339
240	People per square kilometer live in KPK.	A. 233 B. 234 C. 235 D. 300
241	People pwr square kilometer live in Islambad	A. 211 B. 212 C. 213 D. 214
242	The rate of population livieng in Punjab is.	A. 51% B. 52% C. 53% D. 55%
243	FATA, which has been integrated into khyber Pakhtunkhwa, has a population of approximately.	A. 5 million B. 6 million C. 7 million D. 8 million
244	According to Economic Survey 2019-20 the rural population of Pakistan is.	A. 131 million B. 132 million C. 133 million D. 134 million
		A 1054

245	When was the first census conducted in Pakistan.	B. 1952 C. 1953 D. 1951
246	According to Economics Survey 2019-20 , the women population in Pakistan is approximetly.	A. 40% B. 50% C. 51% D. 52%
247	According to 1961 census the total populatin of Pakisan was.	A. 42.7 milloin B. 42.8 million C. 42.9 million D. 42.10 million
248	According to 1972 census the totla population of Pakistan was.	A. 65.2 million B. 65.3 million C. 65.4 million D. 65.5 million
249	According to 1981 census the total populatin of Pakistan was.	A. 84.0 million B. 84.1 million C. 84.2 million D. 84.3 million
250	According to the census of 1998, Pakistan 's population was.	A. 132.1 million B. 132.2 million C. 132.2 million D. 132.4 million
251	Pakistan is a country.	A. Highly Literated B. Sparsly Populated C. Densely Populated D. Average Populated
252	The population of Paksitan is deprived of about basic education.	A. 39% B. 40% C. 41% D. 42%
253	Division of Population on the basis of being male and female is known as.	A. Social Division     B. Legal Division     C. Political division     D. Gender -wise distribution
254	According to economic servay of Pakistan 2019-20 , the literacy rate in Pakistan was.	A. 53% B. 60% C. 61% D. 63%
255	Teh education begfore class one is called.	A. Prep B. Primary C. Middle D. Secondary
256	The primary education is from class 1 to class.	A. Two B. Three C. Four D. Five
257	Elementary education is from class 6th to class.	A. 7th B. 8th C. 9th D. 10th
258	Education from class 9 to 10 in Pakistanis known as.	A. Primary B. Secondary C. Middle D. Higher Secondary
259	Education from class 11 to 12 in Pakistan is known as.	A. Primary B. Middle C. Secondary D. Higher Secondary
260	Exam of class 9 to class 12 are held under thesupervision of.	A. PEC B. PEF C. BISE D. PPSC
261	According to Economic Survey of Paksitan 2019-20 a total was spent in the health sector in Pakistan.	A. 421.6 million B. 421.7 million C. 421.8 million D. 421.9 million
262	Pakista, money was spend on the health, sector, which is only about GDP.	A. 1.0 % B. 1.1% C. 1.2% D. 1.3%

263	According to Economic Survery of Pakistna 2019-20 . Aveage age of male is.	A. 58 years B. 60 years C. 66 years D. 65 years
264	According to population Punjab 2019-20, average age of Female.	A. 58 year B. 60 year C. 68 year D. 65 year
265	According topopulation Punjab is province.	A. Smallest B. Less populated C. Largest D. Developed
266	Part of teh populatio of Pakistan lives in the province of Punjab.	A. 52% B. 53% C. 54% D. 55%
267	In developed countries teh average age round about is.	A. 58 year B. 60 year C. 70 year D. 65 year
268	Pakistan's over populatin is living below the poverty line.	A. 36% B. 38% C. 40% D. 41%
269	The tourism sector contributes an average of annual events to the coutnry's economy.	A. 5% B. 10% C. 15% D. 20%
270	The torism sector contributes to Pakistan's economy to an average annual rate	A. 2-3 % B. 3-4 % C. 4-5 % D. 5-6%
271	According to world Atls, 2018 was teh biggest torist destination.	A. Italy B. America C. France D. Turkey
070		A. Italy
272	According to world Atlas, 2018 the second largest tourist destination.	B. America C. Spain D. Turkey
272	According to world Atlas, 2018 the second largest tourist destination.  According to world Atlas, 2018 the third largest tourist destination.	C. Spain
		C. Spain D. Turkey  A. Italy B. America C. Spain
273	According to world Atlas, 2018 the third largest tourist destination.	C. Spain D. Turkey  A. Italy B. America C. Spain D. Turkey  A. Italy B. America C. China
273 274	According to world Atlas, 2018 the third largest tourist destination.  According to world Atlas, 2018 the fourth largest tourist destination.	C. Spain D. Turkey  A. Italy B. America C. Spain D. Turkey  A. Italy B. America C. China D. Turkey  A. Italy B. America C. China C. China C. China C. China
273 274 275	According to world Atlas, 2018 the third largest tourist destination.  According to world Atlas, 2018 the fourth largest tourist destination.  According to world Atlas, 2018 the ffith largest tourist destination.	C. Spain D. Turkey  A. Italy B. America C. Spain D. Turkey  A. Italy B. America C. China C. China C. China D. Turkey
273 274 275 276	According to world Atlas, 2018 the third largest tourist destination.  According to world Atlas, 2018 the fourth largest tourist destination.  According to world Atlas, 2018 the ffith largest tourist destination.  According to world Atlas, 2018 the sixth largest tourist destination.	C. Spain D. Turkey  A. Italy B. America C. Spain D. Turkey  A. Italy B. America C. China D. Turkey  A. 80 million B. 89 million C. 83 million
273 274 275 276	According to world Atlas, 2018 the fourth largest tourist destination.  According to world Atlas, 2018 the fourth largest tourist destination.  According to world Atlas, 2018 the ffith largest tourist destination.  According to world Atlas, 2018 the sixth largest tourist destination.  According to world Atlas, 2018 the sixth largest tourist destination.	C. Spain D. Turkey  A. Italy B. America C. Spain D. Turkey  A. Italy B. America C. China D. Turkey  A. 80 million B. 89 million C. 83 million

		D. 63 millon
281	According to world Atlas, 2018, international tourist came to Italy in one year.	A. 80 million B. 89 million C. 83 million D. 62 millon
282	According to world Atlas, 2018, international tourist came to Turkey in one year.	A. 48 million B. 46 million C. 83 million D. 62 millon
283	In 2019, the number of Pakistani tourist in Pakistan was almost.	A. 50 million B. 46 million C. 51 million D. 48 millon
284	A nation is recognized by .	A. Law B. Culture C. Dress D. Food
285	Teh exremely popular sports in Gilgit Baltistan and Chitral is.	A. Cricket B. Hockey C. Polo D. Squash
286	Badshahi Mosque is located in .	A. Karachi B. Islamabad C. Lahore D. Peshawar
287	Faisal mosque is located in .	A. Lahore B. Karachi C. Islamabd D. Peshawar
288	Which province Hazrat Sultan Bahoo belongs is	A. Sindh B. Baluchistan C. Punjab D. KPK
289	Which Province Baba Bulley Shah belongs to.	A. Sindh B. Baluchistan C. KPK D. Punjab
290	Which provice Waris Shah belong to.	A. KPK B. Sindh C. Punjab D. Baluchistan
291	Which province Shah Abdul Latif Bhitai belongs to.	A. Punjab B. Sindh C. KPK D. Baluchistan
292	Which province Sachal Sarmast belongs to.	A. Punjab B. Sindh C. KPK D. Baluchistan
293	According to world Tourism Oganization in 1997, the number of people traveling from one country to another was million.	A. 629 million B. 630 million C. 631 millon D. 632 million
294	According to world tourism organization in 2020, the numebr of people travelling from one country to another was exceeded.	A. Four billion B. One billion C. Two billion D. Three billion
295	The word 'Urdu' belong to.	A. Persion B. Arabic C. Abrani D. Turkish
296	The word urdu mean.	A. Written B. Army C. Literature D. Ethics
297	The ancient language of Punjab is.	A. Brahvi B. Siraiki C. Punjabi D. Hindko
298	How many ancent of Puniabi languag are.	A. 2 B. 4

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299	The most standardized accent of Punjabi Language is.	A. Chachi B. Majhi C. Dhanni D. Saraiki
300	the famous poet of Punjabi is.	A. Miza Ghalib B. Rehman Baba C. Baba Bulleh Shah D. Mast Tawakali
301	Who wrote Qissa Heer Waris Shah.	A. Waris shah B. Hashim shah C. Hafiz Barkhrdar D. Fazal shah
302	Who wrote Qissa Mirza Sahiba	A. Waris shah B. Hashim shah C. Hafiz Barkhurdar D. Fazal shah
303	Who wrote Qissa Sohni Mahiwal	A. Waris shah B. Hashim shah C. Hafiz Barkhurdar D. Fazal shah
304	Who wrote Qissa Saiful muluk.	A. Waris shah B. Mian Muhammad Bakhsh C. Hafiz Barkhurdar D. Fazal shah
305	Sindhi Langugue is spoken in the Province of.	A. KPK B. Punjab C. Sindh D. Baluchistan
306	Vicholi is the accent of language.	A. Pashto B. Punjabi C. Balochi D. Sindhi
307	Sindhi language is written in which script.	A. Nagri B. Nustaleeq C. Arabic D. Koifi
308	Urdu language is written in which script.	A. Nagri B. Koffi C. Arabic D. Nustaleeq
309	Which langauge was the Holy Quraan was translatd First time into the local language of the entire Muslim world.	A. Punjabi B. Sindhi C. Balochi D. Pashto
310	It is called Sindhi dialect spoken in southern Sindh.	A. Lasi B. Lari C. Vicholi D. Laari
311	It isspoken in Lasbela distric of Baluchistan.	A. Lasi B. Lari C. Vicholi D. Laari
312	sindhi is spoken in the desert of Thar.	A. Lasi B. Thari C. Vicholi D. Laari
313	Sindhi is becoming a popular language of education and teching from the fourteen century to the eighteen century.	A. Pashto B. Balochi C. Punjabi D. Sindhi
314	Holy Quran was translated first time in whihc local language of Pakistan.	A. Sindhi B. Punjabi C. Pashto D. Balochi
315	It become the second langauge after Arabic.	A. Punjabi B. Balochi C. Sindhi D. Pashto
		A. Geet sangeet

316	The pashto book written in the second half of the 8th century.	B. Pata Khazana C. Astagree D. Al binnat
317	How many accent of Pashto language.	A. 2 B. 3 C. 4 D. 5
318	The first poet of Pashto.	A. Ameer krore B. Hazrat Khawaja Ghulam Fareed C. Khushal khan khattak D. Akhwand zaiz ullah
319	The pashto language was first introduced into Arabic script.	A. Hidayatullah B. Abdullah C. Habib ullah D. Saifullah
320	Before the arrival of Muslims in the subcontinent, it was written in Pashto script.	A. Naagri B. Kharushi C. Arabic D. Khatkoofi
321	Khushal khan khattak belongs to which language.	A. Balochi B. Sindhi C. Punjabi D. Pashto
322	A great poet of Pushto is.	A. Mast Tawakli B. Hazrat khawaja Ghulam Fareed C. Rehman Baba D. Shah Abdul Latif Bhattai
323	The baluchistan writers Association was formed.	A. 1948 B. 1944 C. 1950 D. 1951
324	Teh Baloch Academy was established.	A. 1956 B. 1959 C. 1957 D. 1958
325	Which province Gul Khan Naseer Belongs to.	A. Punjab B. Sindh C. KPK D. Balucistan
326	The most standardized account of Kashmiri language is.	A. Gami B. Hindi C. Gandoro D. Musalmanki
327	Liala Mor is the famous story of which language is.	A. Saraiki B. Brahvi C. Pashto D. Hindko
328	Which book is considered to be first precious standard literatur in Brahvi language.	A. Pata khazana B. Farogh C. Tohfa tul ajaib D. Tazkara tul Aulia
329	Which minority justics played a major role in compiling the 1973 constitution.	A. AR Cornelius B. Badi uz zaman C. Ruth Pfau D. Rana Bhagwan Das
330	A.R.Cornelius, Badi uz zaman kakaos and Rana BhagwanDas have been working in the supremencourt of Paksitan as.	A. Lawyer B. Chief Justice C. Registrar D. None
331	In Whihc subject Doctor Abdus Salam rendered iportant services.	A. Chemistry B. Biology C. Physics D. Philosophy
332	Paksitan Army the firs Sikh office was.	A. Harcharan singh B. Hari Singh C. Ghulab Singh D. Partab singh
333	In the field of Health, Doctor Ruth Pfau worked for the patients til her death.	A. T.B B. Cancer C. Leprosy D. Smallpox

