

ECAT Pre General Science Physics Chapter 2 Vectors and Equilibrium Online Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	The vector is space has:	A. One Component B. Two Components C. Three Components D. Non of these
2	Two forces of 10N and 8N are applied simultaneously to a body. The maximum value of their resultant is:	A. 20 N B2 N C. 18 N D. 36 N
3	All trigonometric functions (since, cosine tangent etc.) are positive in:	A. 1st Quadrant B. 2nd Quadrant C. 3rd Quadrant D. 4th Quadrant
4	The sum of two or more vectors is equal to a single vector which is called:	A. Component vector B. Resultant vector C. Product vector D. None of these
5	The driection of vector si space is specified by:	A. br>One angle B. Two angles C. Three angles D. None of above
6	Unit vector is used to specify:	A. Magnitude of a vector B. Dimensions of a vector C. Direction of a vector D. Position of a vector
7	Two vectors having different magnitudes:	A. Have their directions opposite B. May have their resultant zero C. Cannot have their resultant zero D. None of these
8	The change of order of vectors in a dot product of two vectors:	A. Changes its value B. Doesn't change it's value C. Changes the direction product quantity D. None of these
9	Scalar product is also called:	A. Cross product B. Dot product C. Product scalar D. <div>Product vector</div>
10	For measuring the angle between two vectors graphically, we join:	A. Tails of both the vectors B. Tail of one vector with the head of other C. Heads of both the vectors D. None of these
11	Tick the correct answer:	A. Torque is a vector quantity B. Torque is the turning effect of a force C. Torque is called moment of a force D. All of above
12	By convention, torques producing clockwise rotation are taken as:	A. Positive B. Nagative C. Zero D. None of these
13	Torque is also called:	A. Momentum B. Linear inertia C. Moment of a force D. Mass
14	The perpendicular distance from the axis of rotation to the line of action of force is called:	A. Moment arm B. Moment of a force C. Torque D. Non of these

15	Choose the set of physical quantities, which have both numerical and directional properties:	A. Velocity, mass B. Speed, acceleration C. acceleration weight D. Distance, force
16	The direction of a vector in space requires:	A. X-axis B. X and Y-axes C. XYZ axes D. Y and Z-axes
17	The direction of vector in space is specified by:	A. One angle B. Two angles C. Three angles D. None of these
18	Parallel vectors of same magnitudes:	A. Are equal B. Are unequal C. When added give the some equal to zero D. Give the answer equal to zero
19	If a vector lies in second quadrant, than B _x and B _y are:	A,+ B. +,- C. +,+ D,-
20	When the magnitude of two component vectors are equal to that of their resultant, then the angle between the components is:	A. 60 ° B. 90 <span 10.5pt;="" 107%;="" arial,="" background-attachment:="" background-clip:="" background-image:="" background-origin:="" background-position:="" background-size:="" font-family:="" font-size:="" initial;="" initial;"="" line-height:="" sans-serif;="" style="font-size: 10.5pt; line-height: 107%; font-family: Arial, sans-serif; background-image: initial; background-position: initial; background-grepeat: initial; background-repeat: initial; background-origin: initial; background-origin: initial; background-origin: initial; background-origin: initial; background-origin: initial; background-origin: initial; background-lip: initial; background-size: initial; background-repeat: initial; background-repeat: initial; background-origin: initial;</td></tr><tr><td>21</td><td>The rectangular components of a vector are equal in magnitude when the vector makes and anglewith their x-component:</td><td>A. 0° B. 30 °

A. Velocity, mass

		D. 60 °
22	If the vector 5 N lies along with x-axis, then its component along y-axis will be:	A. Zero B. 5 N C. 7 N D. 10 N
23	A vector of magnitude 5 N is added to a vector of magnitude 8 N while the orientations are changeable. Range of their possible sum will be very from:	A. Zero to 3 N B. 1 N to 13 N C. 13 N to 3 N D. None of these
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25	Two vectors to be combined have magnitudes of 60 N and 35 N. Pick the possible answer:	A. 100 N B. 70 N C. 20 N D. Zero
26	A person starts his journey from a point 0, travels 4 Km SW, then 4 Km NW, and finally 4 Km north-east. At what distance is he now from point 0?	A. 0 Km B. 4 Km C. 8 Km D. 12 Km
27	A vector which has magnitude 'one' is called:	A. Resultant vector B. A unit vector C. Position vector D. None of these
28	An vector of 10 N makes an angle of 45° with x-axis. Angle between its rectangular components with be:	A. 45 <span 10.5pt;="" 107%;="" arial,="" background-attachment:="" background-clip:="" background-image:="" background-mage:="" background-origin:="" background-position:="" background-repeat:="" background-size:="" font-family:="" font-size:="" init<="" initial;="" line-height:="" sans-serif;="" style="font-size: 10.5pt; line-height: 107%; font-family: Arial, sans-serif; background-image: initial; background-position: initial; background-size: initial; background-attachment: initial; background-origin: initial; background-clip: initial; background-origin: initial; background-clip: initial; background-style=" th="">
29	When a vector is multiplied by a negative number, its direction:	A. Remains the same B. Changes C. Changes by 180

	resultant is:	C. 18 N D. 36 N
32	Two forces each of the magnitude F act perpendicular to each other. The angle made by the resultant force with the horizontal will be:	A. 30 ° B. 45

If x-component of a vector is -3 N and y-component is 3 N, then angle of resultant vector will x-axis is:

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B. 315°

C. 135°

D. 225°